

Report of Development Application

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

	Application Number	Application Number DA23/0250 Date of Lodgement 22/05/2023		TK Flood 31 Walana Cres	
Application	Date of Lodgement			KOORINGAL NSW 2650	
Details	Proposal	In-ground Swimming Pool	Description of Mod.	N/A	
	Development Cost	lopment Cost \$55900		Nil	
Site Details	Subject Land	335 Hammond Ave EAST WAGGA WAGGA NSW 2650 Lot 1 DP 164653	Owner	MJ Howard	

Recommendation: The application be approved subject to conditions of consent as detailed in the draft Notice of Determination.

Delegation to Determine Application: - Officer Delegation 7.39

Report Prepared & approved by:

Hayden Bousfield Town Planner

M. Bous Fell

Date: 07/07/2023

- Section 4.55 Modification of Consent
- ☐ Section 4.15(1) Matters for consideration general

Description

The Development Application seeks consent for the construction of an in-ground swimming pool ancillary to an existing dwelling.

Mat	Matters for consideration					
GIS & System Check	Section 4.15(1) EP&A Act 1979	Issue	Legislative Provisions	Not Relevant	Satisfactory	Comment
~	(b) (c) (e)	DA History		O NR	Sat	 LEP11/0004 – Re zoned from RU1 Rural to IN2 Light Industry (i.e., E4 General Industry). DA14/0349 – Alterations and Additions to Dwelling – approved 08/09/2014.

	(a)(i)	Zoning	LEP	\bigcirc		Zoning of land (cl 2.2): E4 General Industry
LEP 2010 Zones	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Zoning	LEP 2.2 Zoning of land to which Plan applies 2.3 Zone objectives and Land Use Table	O NR	Sat	 To provide a range of industrial, warehouse, logistics and related land uses. To ensure the efficient and viable use of land for industrial uses. To minimise any adverse effect of industry on other land uses. To encourage employment opportunities. To enable limited non-industrial land uses that provide facilities and services to meet the needs of businesses and workers.
						Whilst the development does not contribute to the industrial zone objectives it is consistent with the existing and established use of the site that has the benefit of existing use rights.

Land Parcels & DP	(b) (c) (e)	Land Title Correct legal description and ownership Easements & Building Envelopes Open Deposited Plan (including 88b) Registered title (deferred commencement)		O _{NR}	Sat	The subject site is Lot 1 in DP 164653. Furrumbidgee Sa. Or O/2 p. O.A. + 32 per. HIGHWAY. No Section 88B Instrument is associated with
Listed item and Conservation	(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Heritage Conservation Area Listed item DCP 3 Heritage Conservation	LEP 5.10 Heritage conservation	NR NR	Sat O Sat	the DP.
LEP 2010 Urban release Area	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Urban Release Area	LEP 6.2 Public utility infrastructure LEP 6.3 Development control plan	NR NR	O Sat	
Natur al resou	(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b)	Natural Resource Sensitivity	LEP 7.3 Biodiversity	NR	O Sat	

			,			
	(c) (e)	DCP 5.4 Environmentally sensitive land	LEP 7.4 Vulnerable land		0	
		laria		NR	Sat	
			LEP 7.5 Riparian lands	0		The proposed development is ancillary to an
			and waterways	_		existing dwelling and therefore is exempt from
			and waterways	NR	Sat	requiring controlled activity approval as noted
						under Clause 29, Sch 4 of the Water
						Management Regulation 2018. The works are
						not within the bed or bank of the waterway and
						there are no anticipated impacts upon the
						waterway or associated habitats.
			LEP 7.6 Groundwater	\circ		
			vulnerability	NR	Sat	
	(a)(i) (a)(iii)	Flooding		0		The land is mapped as being flood prone land.
	(b)			NR	Sat	The site is bound by the Murrumbidgee River to
	(c) (e)	Overland flow		1 1 1 1	Jai	the north and is therefore impacted by riverine
	(-7					flooding.
Flooding (including MOFFS)		DCP 4.2 Flooding	LEP 5.21 Flood Planning			
g DFF		S .		NR	Sat	The proposed development is for a swimming
n di M						pool which is a class 10a structure under the
Floc						NCC. The development is unlikely to cause a
nclı						greater flood affection to the site or increase the
i)						
						habitation of the site. Accordingly, the proposed
						development is considered reasonable for the
						site and no further assessment is required.
75	(a)(iii)	Bushfire		0		See discussion below.
Bushfire Prone Land	(b)			NR NR	Sof	200 3.003.00011 2010111
ushi ne I	(e)	DCP 4.1 Bushfire		IVR	Sat	
P G						

Environmental -Contaminated Land & PFAS	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Contaminated Land PFAS Study Area Site observations	SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021	O NR	Sat	Industrial land is considered potentially contaminated land. However, there was no indication from the site visit that the location of the pool was on a part of the site that had been used for an activity that would be considered potentially contaminating such as fuel storage. Furthermore, the land is not identified on Councils register of contaminated sites. Accordingly, it is not considered necessary to request any investigation reports on the subject site. Note, the land has historically been in rural use. Agricultural land is also considered potentially contaminated land. However, there was no indication from the site visit that the location of the development was on a part of the site that had been used for an activity that would be considered potentially contaminating such as sheep dips or fuel storage.
Airport Constraints	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Airport Constraints	LEP 7.11 Airspace operations	O NR	Sat	
Airport			LEP 7.12 Development in areas subject to aircraft noise	O NR	Sat	

	L (1)	T =	1		_	
	(b)	Services/Utilities		\circ		
	(e)	(Septic area? Health referral))		NR	Sat	
Sewer and Stormawater		Sewer/stormwater infrastructure (Build over, encroachment, earthwork impacts)				
Sewer and		Stormwater issues – overland flow				
Assets -		Electricity infrastructure (including setbacks to substations) (Transport/infrastructure SEPP referral)				
	(b) (c)	Existing site conditions		0		Site visit undertaken on: 30/06/2023
	(e)			NR	Sat	
Aerial Imagery (*Topographic – Hydrology)		Buildings on site Retaining walls Cut and fill Deposited fill Boundary fencing and walls Private open space Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations		7//	Sat	

		T	,			
	(b) (c) (e)	Offsite observations		0		
Aerial Imagery (*Topographic – Hydrology)	(6)	Buildings Window locations Private open space Retaining walls Cut and fill Boundary fencing and walls Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations		NR	Sat	
	(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Traffic, access and parking Manoeuvring Site Distance Issues Driveway grade Check Driveway location and grade Side entry pit Service lids/pits Poles/turrets/substations Street Trees DCP 2.1 Vehicle access and movements 9.3.6 Front setbacks		O NR	Sat	

(a)(iii)	Context, setting and	\cap		
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	streetscape	0	0(
(e)	Streetsbape	NR	Sat	
	DCP 9.2.2 Streetscape 9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades 9.2.4 Sloping Sites 9.3.1 Site area per dwelling 9.3.2 Site cover 9.3.6 Front setbacks 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.2 Materials and finishes 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways 9.4.5 Site facilities			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Public Domain Impact on street or adjoining public place	O NR	Sat	
	Condition/Dilapidation Construction access			
(2)(;;;)	DCP 2.7 Development adjoining open space 9.4.5 Site facilities			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Safety, security and crime prevention	O NR	Sat	
	DCP 2.5 Safety and security			

(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	DCP 9.2.1 Site layout 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways	O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Solar impact DCP 9.3.4 Solar access 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks	O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Visual Privacy Private open space Boundary fencing and screening DCP 9.3.5 Private open space 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.3 Privacy	O NR	Sat	
(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Noise and Vibration Acoustic privacy conflicts Impacting nearby land uses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)	O NR	Sat	

(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Air and microclimate		0		
(e)	Impacting nearby land uses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)		NR	Sat	
(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b)	Earthworks and Soils		0		
(b) (c) (e)	Cut and fill Stability and erosion control Stormwater quality		NR	Sat	
	505	LEP 7.1A Earthworks	0		
	DCP 9.4.6 Changing the landform – cut and	EEI 7.174 Larawond	NR	Sat	
	fill			_	
(b)	Landscaping			\circ	
(e)			NR	Sat	
(b) (c)	Waste		0		
(e)			NR	Sat	
	Construction waste management				
	management				
	Asbestos				
(a)(iii) (b)	Energy & Water		0		
(c) (e)			NR	Sat	
	DCP 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks				
	9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.1 Building elements				
	9.4.2 Materials and finishes				

(a)(i) (b) (c)	BASIX (Use assessment checklist)	BASIX SEPP 2004		0	
(e)	(Ose assessment checklist)		NR	Sat	
(b) (c) (e)	Other hazards Natural Technological		O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Flora and Fauna (on and off-site) Check for native veg requirements (R5 and RU4		O NR	Sat	
	DCP 5.2 Preservation of trees 5.3 Native Vegetation Cover	Section 5AA and Part 7 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 Test for determining whether proposed development or activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats)	O NR	Sat	Section 5AA and Part 7 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (Test for determining whether proposed development or activity likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats) There are a number of tests to determine whether the proposal triggers the NSW Biodiversity Offset Scheme under the NSW Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 and results in the need for further assessments or offsets. 1. Is the subject site identified as an area of outstanding biodiversity value on the biodiversity values map? No

				 Does the amount of native vegetation being removed exceed the biodiversity offsets scheme threshold. No native vegetation is proposed to be removed. Test of Significance - the test to determine whether the proposed development or activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats. Given that no native vegetation is being
				removed and in the absence of any recorded endangered flora or fauna on the site of the proposed development, it is not anticipated that the development will significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities or their habitats.
				Based on the above assessment it is satisfied that the development will not trigger the Biodiversity Offset Scheme.
(b) (c) (e)	Social and economic impacts	O NR	Sat	
(b) (c) (e)	Facilitation of Ecologically Sustainable Development	O NR	Sat	

(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Other LEP Clauses	LEP 2.7 Demolition requires development consent	NR	Sat	
		LEP 4.3 Height of buildings	NR NR	Sat	
		LEP 7.9 Primacy of Zone B3 Commercial Core	O NR	Sat	
		LEP 4.2A Erection of dwelling houses and dual occupancies on land in certain residential, rural and environmental protection zones	NR	Sat	
		LEP 5.16 Subdivision of, or dwellings on, land in certain rural, residential or environment protection zones	NR NR	O Sat	
		Other Clauses	NR	O Sat	
(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Other EPIs	SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021	NR	O Sat	
(5)		SEPP (Precincts - Regional) 2021	NR	O Sat	

		Other SEPPs		0	
			NR	Sat	
(a)(ii) (b) (c) (e)	Draft EPIs		O NR	Sat	There are a number of state environmental planning policies currently subject to review, including some which have involved consultation and notification. None of these are applicable to this application.
(a)(iiia) (e)	Planning agreements		● NR	O Sat	No related planning agreement has been entered into under section 7.4.
(d) (e)	Submissions		O NR	Sat	Nil
(e)	Section 68 Application made as part of DA	Local Government Act 1993	NR NR	O Sat	
(e)	Section 7.11 Contributions (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 - 2034).	EP&A Act 1979	NR	O Sat	
(e)	Section 7.12 Contributions (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 - 2034)	EP&A Act 1979	NR NR	O Sat	
(e)	Section 64 sewer (Development Servicing Plan – Sewerage Services – July 2013)	s64 LG Act 1993 & s306 Water Management Act 2000	● NR	O Sat	
(e)	Section 64 stormwater (Development Servicing Plan – Stormwater – November 2007)	s64 LG Act 1993 & s306 Water Management Act 2000	NR NR	O Sat	

(a)(iv) (e)	The Regulation – Prescribed Matters		O NR	Sat	
	EP&A Regulation 2021	cl.61(1) - Demolition of a building, the provisions of AS 2601	NR NR	Sat	
		(ensure condition included requiring compliance with standard)			
		cl.61(7) - Consideration of Special Activation Precinct Master Plan	NR NR	O Sat	
		cl.64 - require existing building to be brought into total or partial conformity with BCA	NR NR	O Sat	
		(check with Building Surveyor for development proposing the rebuilding, alteration,			
		enlargement or extension of an existing building)			
(a)(iv) (e)	The Regulation – Prescribed Conditions (ensure conditions of consent included)	EP&A Regulation 2021	O NR	Sat	
(e)	Other regulation matters	EP&A Regulation 2021	O NR	Sat	The development relies on existing use rights. Under clause 4.65 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 existing use is defined as follows: (a) the use of a building, work, or land for a lawful purpose immediately before the coming into force of an environmental planning

instrument which would, but for this Division, have the effect of prohibiting that use, and (b) the use of a building, work, or land: (i) for which development consent was granted before the commencement of a provision of an environmental planning instrument having the effect of prohibiting the use, and (ii)that has been carried out, within one year after the date on which that provision commenced, in accordance with the terms of the consent and to such an extent as to ensure (apart from that provision) that the development consent would not lapse.

Clause 4.66 states:

(1) Except where expressly provided in this Act, nothing in this Act or an environmental planning instrument prevents the continuance of an existing use.

The application is for a swimming pool addition four-bedroom existing dwelling constructed circa 1960s. The land was rezoned from RU1 - Rural (land use table lists dwellings listed as permitted with consent) to IN2 - Light Industrial (land use table lists residential accommodation as prohibited) on 03/05/2013 under LEP Amendment 6. Under this section the applicant is continuing the existing use rights. It is clear from a site inspection that the dwelling is habitable, maintained and retains the use.

		Clause 4.67 refers to the regulations to
		acceptable works and changes of uses to an
		existing use.
		Clause 163 of the Regulations states:
		(1) An existing use may, subject to this Part:
		(a) be enlarged, expanded, or intensified, or (b) be altered or extended, or
		(c) be rebuilt, or
		(d) be changed to another use, but only if the
		other use is a use that may be carried out with or without development consent under the Act,
		or
		(e) if it is a commercial use—be changed to another commercial use, including a
		commercial use that would otherwise be
		prohibited under the Act, or
		(f) if it is a light industrial use—be changed to another light industrial use or a commercial
		use, including a light industrial use or
		commercial use that would otherwise be
		prohibited under the Act.
		The ancillary development (swimming pool)
		would be considered a minor intensification.
		Clause 164 of the Regulations states:
		(1) Development consent is required for any
		enlargement, expansion, or intensification of
		an existing use.

				 (2) The enlargement, expansion or intensification must be— (a) for the existing use and for no other use, and (b) carried out only on the land on which the existing use was carried out immediately before the relevant day. The proposed development is for an ancillary structure (i.e., swimming pool) and is on the land on which the use is being carried out. By lodging this application, the applicant complies with this clause. The proposal has demonstrated that it meets the relevant sections of the act and regulations regarding existing use rights and therefore can be considered.
(e)	Council Policies	N	O Sat	Policy 046 - Processing Development Applications lodged by Councillors, staff and individuals of which a conflict of interest may arise, or on Council owned land. No declaration has been made that would require action under this policy.
(e)	Other public interest matters	\(\text{\chi}\)	O Sat	It is considered that this application will not have a detrimental effect on the public interest.

Development Control Plan 2010 Section 4.15(1)(a)(iii) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979						
DCP Section (Objectives and Controls) (⊠ section not relevant)	Not Relevant	Satisfactory	Comment			

1.10 Notification of a Development Application

Compliance with the advertising and notification procedures detailed in this section of the DCP

NR

Sat

The application has been notified in accordance with the notification provisions outlined in Section 1.10 of the WWDCP.

Dates: 28/06/2023 – 05/07/2023

- 1.11 Complying with the Wagga Wagga Development Control Plan 2010
- 2.1 Vehicle access and movements
- 2.2 Off-street parking
- **2.3** Landscaping

2.5 Safety and security

O1 Incorporate crime prevention strategies in new developments.	C1 Use good site planning to clearly define public, semi-public and private areas.	O RR	Sat	
O2 Encourage active, pedestrian oriented environments where developments are designed to integrate into the public	C2 Entries are to be clearly visible and identifiable from the street, and are to give the resident/occupier a sense of personal address and shelter. For non-residential uses, administration offices or showroom are to be located at the front of the building.	NR NR	O Sat	
domain.	C3 Minimise blank walls along street frontages.	NR	O Sat	
O3 Maximise opportunities for natural surveillance of public spaces and building or site entrances.	C4 Avoid areas of potential concealment and 'blind' corners.	O NR	Sat	
	C5 Provide lighting to external entry areas, driveways and car parks in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards. The lighting is to be designed and sited to minimise spill and potential nuisance to adjoining properties.	NR	Sat	
	C6 Planting and fencing is not to reduce the safety of users or compromise areas of natural surveillance.	O NR	Sat	
	C7 Where a site provides a pedestrian through route the access path is to be clearly defined and sign posted, appropriately lit, and have satisfactory visibility.	NR NR	O Sat	
	C8 Locate public toilets and rest areas to promote their use, and maximise public surveillance without creating visual intrusion.	NR NR	O Sat	

2.6 Erosion and sediment control

O1 Protect the environment against soil erosion and loss of soil from construction sites.	Consistent with the objectives of this section of the DCP.	NR NR	Sat	
O2 Prevent the degradation of drainage systems, waterways and aquatic environments from deposition of soil and foreign material from construction sites.				
O3 Prevent flood damage of individual properties caused by sediment reducing the flow capacity of the stormwater drainage system.				
O4 Promote the implementation of erosion and sediment control measures by persons undertaking construction and earthworks activities to prevent the loss of soil from the site.				

- 2.7 Development adjoining open space
- **3** Heritage Conservation

4.1 Bushfire

O1 Minimise risk to life, property and the environment from bush fire. O2 Ensure compliance with statutory obligations for development in bush fire prone areas.	C1 Applications are to satisfy the relevant provisions of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2006 (or any later versions) and Australian Standard: 3959 Construction of Buildings in Bush Fire Prone Areas.	O NR	Sat	The land is mapped as Bush Fire Prone land, the immediately surrounding land contains vegetation that has been assessed as Grassland. Development in bush fire prone areas is subject to Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019 (or any later versions) and Australian Standard: 3959 Construction of Buildings in Bush Fire Prone Areas (AS: 3959). Given the proposal is for a pool that would be considered Class 10 in the NCC, Section 8 'Other Development' of PBP 2019 applies and has been summarised below: 8.3.2 Class 10 structuresThere is no bush fire protection requirements for Class 10a buildings located more than 6m from a dwelling in bush fire prone areas Whilst the pool is a class 10b not 10a the section is clear with its intent that no bush fire requirements should apply.
	C2 Where required, a clear separation is to be provided between buildings and bushfire hazards in the form of a fuel-reduced Asset Protection Zone (APZ). In all cases the APZ is to be located wholly within the land zoned Residential. Refer to the requirements of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2006	O NR	Sat	



Refer to this section of the DCP.	O NR	Sat	The proposed development is for a swimming pool which is a class 10a structure under the NCC. The development is unlikely to cause a greater flood affection to the site or increase the habitation of the site. Accordingly, the proposed development is considered reasonable for the site and no further assessment is required.
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- **5.1** Development on ridges and prominent hills
- **5.2** Preservation of trees
- **5.3 Native Vegetation Cover**
- **5.4** Environmentally sensitive land
- **6** Villages
- **8** Rural Development
- 9.1.5 R3 Zone Staunton Estate
- 9.2.1 Site layout

O1 Encourage site	C1 Use site characteristics such as trees, changes in	0		
responsive development that	level or rock outcrops as features within the site layout.	NR	Sat	
is compatible with existing or			- Out	
desired built form.	C2 Integrate access, landscaping and services in the	\circ		
O2 Facilitate avetainable	site layout, avoiding underutilised spaces.	NR	Sat	
O2 Facilitate sustainable			-	
development through passive	C3 Orient living spaces to maximise solar access.		\bigcirc	
solar design.		NR	Sat	
O3 Integrate landscaping	C4 Facilitate natural cross ventilation within dwellings		\bigcap	
and built form.	through the location of windows and doors.		\circ	
		NR	Sat	
O4 Encourage designs which				
respond to the physical				
context and characteristics of				
the particular site.				
,				
O5 Encourage design that				
maximises the opportunity for				
passive surveillance of				
communal spaces from				
private living areas.				

- 9.2.2 Streetscape
- 9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades
- 9.2.4 Sloping sites
- 9.3.1 Site area per dwelling
- 9.3.2 Site cover

- 9.3.4 Solar access
- 9.3.5 Private open space

O1 Provide quality, useable private open space. O2 Ensure adequate areas for recreation and outdoor	C1 At least 24m2 of private open space is required per dwelling. The private open space is to be directly accessible to the main living area and have a minimum dimension of 4m.	O NR	Sat	
living. O3 Encourage good connection between dwellings and private open space.	C2 Enclosure of approved private open space will be permitted, however at least one side of the approved private open space is to remain open. Roofing of approved private open space is permitted provided that BASIX requirements are not compromised.	NR NR	Sat	
	C3 Use screening where necessary to ensure the privacy of private open space areas.	NR	O Sat	

- 9.3.6 Front setbacks
- 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks
- 9.4.1 Building elements
- 9.4.2 Materials and finishes
- **9.4.3 Privacy**
- 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways

9.4.5 Site facilities

9.4.6 Changing the landform – cut and fill

O1 Encourage site	C1 Excavation is not to exceed a maximum depth	\bigcirc		
responsive development and	measured from ground level (existing) as follows:	•		
protect the amenity of	(a) If located no more than 1m from boundary – 1.5m,	NR	Sat	
adjoining land.	and			
, ,	(b) If located more than 1m but not more than 1.5m			
O2 Avoid excessive	from any boundary – 2m, and			
earthworks and minimise	(c) If located more than 1.5m from any boundary – 3m.			
changes to the natural				
landform.	Any depths and/or setbacks outside of the above may			
	only be considered where there is no unreasonable or			
O3 Encourage site layout	unacceptable impact on the amenity of the adjoining			
and building design that is	properties (direct overlooking and loss of privacy,			
appropriate to the site	overshadowing to areas of principal private open			
conditions, including use of	space and living areas).			
split levels, pier foundation or				
suspended floor house	C2 Fill is not to exceed:	$\overline{}$		
designs.	(a) 1.5m above ground level (existing), and	\bigcirc		
3	(b) Must be contained by either:	NR	Sat	
O4 Avoid adverse impacts on	(i) A retaining wall or other form of structural support			
salinity by minimising the	that does not extend more than 1.5m from the closest			
potential for surface water to	external wall of the dwelling house, or			
enter the groundwater in	(ii) An unprotected sloping embankment or batter that			
recharge areas.	does not extend from the dwelling house by more than			
3	3m, in which case the toe of the embankment or batter			
O5 Avoid inappropriate fill	must be more than 1m away from a side or rear			
being introduced to sites.	boundary.			
	,			
06 Ensure adequate	Variations to the above setbacks can be considered			
provision of drainage in	where the applicant can demonstrate that there is an			
relation to cut and fill	acceptable impact on the amenity of the adjoining			
practices.	properties (privacy, overshadowing).			
P	p. spss (p ss), s . s . s . s . s . s . s . s . s . s			

	C3 Retaining walls and support for earthworks that are	0		
	more than 600mm above or below ground (existing)	_		
	and within 1m of the boundary or more than 1m above	NR	Sat	
	the ground level in another location, must take the form			
	of a retaining wall or other form of structural support			
	that:			
	(a) has been certified by a professional engineer, and			
	(b) has adequate drainage lines connected to the			
	existing stormwater drainage system for the site, and			
	(c) does not result in any retaining wall or structural			
	support with a total height measured vertically from the			
	base of the retaining wall or structural support to its			
	uppermost portion is:			
	(i) more than 1.5m in height and within 1m from a side			
	or rear boundary, or (ii) more than 3m in height at any other location.			
	(ii) more than 3in in height at any other location.			
-	C4 Detaining walls are not to be leasted within the			
	C4 Retaining walls are not to be located within the	\circ		
	easement. The retaining wall shall be located outside	NR	Sat	
	the easements zone of influence.			
-	C5 No cut or fill to take place within easements.			
	C3 NO cut of fill to take place within easements.	\circ		
		NR	Sat	
	C6 To encourage site responsive development,		0	
	excavation and retaining walls greater than that	A 1/D	_	
	specified in C1 to C3 above can be considered where	NR	Sat	
	the design responds to the slope (or incorporates split			
	levels). The additional retaining wall height is to			
	facilitate basements, garages or the like at the lower			
	level. The excavation is to be adequately retained and			
	drained, in accordance with approved engineering			
	details.			
	C7 Where achievable, any proposed dwelling is to be		0	
	designed incorporating retaining walls and fill within the	A UD	_	
	dwelling. Should the provision of retaining walls and fill	NR	Sat	
	not be achievable within a proposed dwelling due to			
	demonstrated site constraints they should be located			
	as close to the proposed dwelling as is possible, to			

	minimise the impact on the amenity of the adjoining properties.			
	C8 All retained material is to have a gradient of at least 5%.	O NR	Sat	
	C9 Fill material is to be substantially from the site only. Imported fill material is not encouraged.	O NR	Sat	
	C10 Cut and fill outside the building envelope is not to exceed 600mm.	NR	O Sat	
	C11 Stormwater or surface water runoff is not to be redirected or concentrated onto adjoining properties so as to cause a nuisance. Adequate drainage is to be provided to divert water away from batters.	O NR	Sat	
	C12 Earthworks should not be carried out within the angle of repose of adjoining property. Unless such works are supported by certified structural engineer reports and do not impact on neighbouring property.	O NR	Sat	`
Section 11 – Industrial Land				

The subject site is in the E4 General Industrial zone and therefore Section 11 – Industrial Development applies to the subject site. However, in this instance the proposed development is consistent with the existing and established residential use of the site that has the benefit of existing use rights and therefore the control of Section 11 are not applicable in this instance.

- 14 Boorooma Urban Release Area
- 15 Lloyd Urban Release Area
- 16 Gobbagombalin Urban Release Area