

# Report of Development Application

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

	Application Number	DA23/0227	Applicant	Ak & JE Alatalo Family Trust 64 Hammond Ave
Application	Date of Lodgement	15/05/2023		EAST WAGGA WAGGA NSW 2650
Details	Proposal	Dwelling	Description of Mod.	N/A
	Development Cost	\$432300	Other Approvals	AA23/0265 - PartB4 - Sewer / PartB5 Stormwater (Private)
Site Details	Subject Land	98 Paradise Dr GOBBAGOMBALIN NSW 2650 Lot 413 DP 1282107	Owner	K Mathew & L Kurian

**Recommendation:** The application be approved subject to conditions of consent as detailed in the draft Notice of Determination.

**Delegation to Determine Application:-** Officer Delegation 7.39

**Report Prepared by:** 

Victoria Rice

Cadet Town Planner

Date: 14/6/2023

**Report Approved by:** 

Amanda Gray

Senior Town Planner

Date:14.6.2023

- **Section** not relevant
- Section 4.55 Modification of Consent
- ☐ Section 4.15(1) Matters for consideration general

Description
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Mat	Matters for consideration					
GIS & System Check	<b>Section 4.15(1)</b> <i>EP&amp;A Act 1979</i>	Issue	Legislative Provisions	Not Relevant	Satisfactory	Comment
~	(b) (c) (e)	DA History		O NR	Sat	

LEP 2010 Zones	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Zoning	LEP  2.2 Zoning of land to which Plan applies  2.3 Zone objectives and Land Use Table	O NR	Sat	<ul> <li>Zoning of land (cl 2.2): R1</li> <li>The development is permissible in the zone (cl. 2.3(1))</li> <li>The development is consistent with the following objectives of the zone (cl. 2.3(2)):</li> <li>To provide for the housing needs of the community.</li> <li>To provide for a variety of housing types and densities.</li> </ul>
Land Parcels & DP	(b) (c) (e)	Land Title  Correct legal description and ownership  Easements & Building Envelopes  Open Deposited Plan (including 88b)  Registered title (deferred commencement)		O <sub>NR</sub>	Sat	2.5m wide easement to drain sewage and stormwater located along the rear of the site.
LEP 2010 Listed item and Conservation	(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Heritage Conservation Area Listed item  DCP 3 Heritage Conservation	LEP 5.10 Heritage conservation	NR NR	Sat O Sat	

	(a)(i)		1 ED 0 0 D 1 "			
	(a)(i) (b)	Urban Release Area	<b>LEP</b> 6.2 Public utility			
an	(c)		infrastructure	NR	Sat	
Urb	(e)			7 47 4	Out	
10 l						
LEP 2010 Urban release Area			LEP 6.3 Development			
F In			control plan	NR	Sat	
_			·	7 47 4	Out	
	( ) (1)					
	(a)(i) (a)(iii)	Natural Resource Sensitivity	LEP 7.3 Biodiversity		$\circ$	
>	(b)			NR	Sat	
Natural resource Sensitivity	(c) (e)	DCP 5.4 Environmentally sensitive	LEP 7.4 Vulnerable land			
nsi	. ,	land	LEF 7.4 vuinerable land		0	
Se				NR	Sat	
urce			<b>LEP</b> 7.5 Riparian lands		0	
1088			and waterways	A / D	_	
al re			and waterways	NR	Sat	
atura						
Ž			LEP 7.6 Groundwater		0	
			vulnerability	A/D	_	
	(a)(i)		Taniorability	NR	Sat	
	(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b)	Flooding			$\circ$	
S.H.	(b)			NR	Sat	
90 10F	(c) (e)	Overland flow				
Flooding (including MOFFS)						
Jel Pl		DCP 4.2 Flooding	<b>LEP</b> 5.21 Flood Planning		$\circ$	
ncl				NR	Sat	
j.				7 7 7	000	
	(a)(;;;)					
a p	(a)(iii) (b)	Bushfire				The site is not mapped as bush fire prone land
Bushfire Prone Land	(c)			NR	Sat	and a site inspection has confirmed that the
sust	(e)	DCP 4.1 Bushfire			Out	site or surrounding area is not a bush fire risk.
P						No further assessment is required.
						140 Tartifor addeddiffort to required.

Environmental - Contaminated Land & PFAS	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Contaminated Land PFAS Study Area Site observations	SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021	O NR	Sat	There is no indication that the site has previously been occupied by any use that could have led to contamination of the site. Furthermore, the land is not identified on Councils register of contaminated sites.
Airport Constraints	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Airport Constraints	LEP 7.11 Airspace operations  LEP 7.12 Development in	O NR	Sat	
Airpo			areas subject to aircraft noise	NR	Sat	
	(b) (c) (e)	Services/Utilities (Septic area? Health referral))		O NR	Sat	
Sewer and Stormawater		Sewer/stormwater infrastructure (Build over, encroachment, earthwork impacts)				
- Sewer and		Stormwater issues – overland flow				
Assets -		Electricity infrastructure (including setbacks to substations) (Transport/infrastructure SEPP referral)				

Aerial Imagery (*Topographic – Hydrology)	(b) (c) (e)	Existing site conditions  Buildings on site Retaining walls Cut and fill Deposited fill Boundary fencing and walls Private open space Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations	O NR	Sat	Site visit undertaken on: 3 May 2023.
Aerial Imagery (*Topographic – Hydrology)	(b) (c) (e)	Off site observations  Buildings Window locations Private open space Retaining walls Cut and fill Boundary fencing and walls Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations	O NR	Sat	
	(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Traffic, access and parking  Manoeuvring  Site Distance Issues  Driveway grade	O NR	Sat	

	Check Driveway location and grade  Side entry pit Service lids/pits Poles/turrets/substations Street Trees  DCP  2.1 Vehicle access and movements 9.3.6 Front setbacks			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Context, setting and streetscape	O NR	Sat	
	DCP 9.2.2 Streetscape 9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades 9.2.4 Sloping Sites 9.3.1 Site area per dwelling 9.3.2 Site cover 9.3.6 Front setbacks 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.2 Materials and finishes 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways 9.4.5 Site facilities			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Public Domain  Impact on street or adjoining public place	O NR	Sat	
	Condition/Dilapidation			

		<del>,                                      </del>			
	Construction access  DCP 2.7 Development adjoining open space 9.4.5 Site facilities				
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Safety, security and crime prevention  DCP 2.5 Safety and security		O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	DCP 9.2.1 Site layout 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways		O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	DCP 9.3.4 Solar access 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks		O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Visual Privacy  Private open space  Boundary fencing and screening  DCP  9.3.5 Private open space		O NR	Sat	

9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.3 Privacy				
Noise and Vibration		O	Sat	
Acoustic privacy conflicts		NK	Sal	
Impacting nearby landuses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)				
Air and microclimate		O	•	
Impacting nearby landuses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)		NR	Sat	
Earthworks and Soils		0		
Cut and fill Stability and erosion control Stormwater quality		NR	Sat	
DCP 9.4.6 Changing the landform – cut and fill	LEP 7.1A Earthworks	O NR	Sat	
Landscaping		NR NR	O Sat	
Waste		0		
-	Noise and Vibration  Acoustic privacy conflicts  Impacting nearby landuses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)  Air and microclimate  Impacting nearby landuses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)  Earthworks and Soils  Cut and fill Stability and erosion control Stormwater quality  DCP 9.4.6 Changing the landform – cut and fill  Landscaping	Noise and Vibration  Acoustic privacy conflicts Impacting nearby landuses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)  Air and microclimate Impacting nearby landuses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)  Earthworks and Soils Cut and fill Stability and erosion control Stormwater quality  DCP 9.4.6 Changing the landform – cut and fill  Landscaping	Noise and Vibration	Noise and Vibration  Acoustic privacy conflicts Impacting nearby landuses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)  Air and microclimate Impacting nearby landuses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)  Earthworks and Soils Cut and fill Stability and erosion control Stormwater quality  DCP 9.4.6 Changing the landform – cut and fill  Landscaping  LEP 7.1A Earthworks  Sat

			A I D	0 :	
	Construction waste		NR	Sat	
	management				
	Asbestos				
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	DCP 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.1 Building elements		O NR	Sat	
	9.4.2 Materials and finishes				
(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	BASIX (Use assessment checklist)	BASIX SEPP 2004	O NR	Sat	Compliant BASIX Certificate number 1364759S submitted with application.
(b)	Other hazards				
(c) (e)	Natural Technological		O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii)			0		
(b) (c) (e)	(on and off-site)		NR	Sat	
	Check for native veg requirements (R5 and RU4				
	Land)  DCP	Section 5AA and Part 7 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016	O NR	Sat	Section 5AA and Part 7 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (Test for determining whether proposed development or activity
	5.2 Preservation of trees 5.3 Native Vegetation Cover	Test for determining whether proposed development or			likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats)
		activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats)			There are a number of tests to determine whether the proposal triggers the NSW Biodiversity Offset Scheme under the NSW

	Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 and results in the need for further assessments or offsets.  1. Is the subject site identified as an area of outstanding biodiversity value on the biodiversity values map?  No  2. Does the amount of native vegetation being removed exceed the biodiversity offsets scheme threshold.  No native vegetation is proposed to be removed.  3. Test of Significance - the test to
	determine whether the proposed development or activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats.  Given that no native vegetation is being removed and in the absence of any recorded endangered flora or fauna on the site of the proposed development, it is not anticipated that the development will significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities or their habitats.

					Based on the above assessment it is satisfied that the development will not trigger the Biodiversity Offset Scheme.
(b) (c) (e)	Social and economic impacts		O NR	Sat	
(b) (c) (e)	Facilitation of Ecologically Sustainable Development		O NR	Sat	
(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Other LEP Clauses	LEP 2.7 Demolition requires development consent	NR NR	O Sat	
		LEP 4.3 Height of buildings	O NR	Sat	
		LEP 7.9 Primacy of Zone B3 Commercial Core	O NR	Sat	
		LEP 4.2A Erection of dwelling houses and dual occupancies on land in certain residential, rural and environmental protection zones	NR	Sat	
		LEP 5.16 Subdivision of, or dwellings on, land in	NR	O Sat	

		certain rural, residential or environment protection zones			
		Other Clauses	NR	O Sat	
(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Other EPIs	SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021	NR	O Sat	
		SEPP (Precincts - Regional) 2021	NR	O Sat	
		Other SEPPs	NR	O Sat	
(a)(ii) (b) (c) (e)	Draft EPIs		O NR	Sat	There are a number of state environmental planning policies currently subject to review, including some which have involved consultation and notification. None of these are applicable to this application.
(a)(iiia) (e)	Planning agreements		NR NR	O Sat	No related planning agreement has been entered into under section 7.4.
(d) (e)	Submissions		O NR	Sat	Nil
(e)	Section 68 Application made as part of DA	Local Government Act 1993	O NR	Sat	Combined DA & AA application.  AA23/0265 - PartB4 - Sewer / PartB5 Stormwater (Private).
(e)	Section 7.11 Contributions (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 - 2034)	EP&A Act 1979	NR	O Sat	

	(a)					
	(e)	Section 7.12 Contributions	EP&A Act 1979		$\circ$	
		(Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 - 2034)		NR	Sat	
	(e)	Section 64 sewer	s64 <i>LG Act 1993</i> & s306		0	
		(Development Servicing Plan –	Water Management Act	NR	Sat	
		Sewerage Services – July 2013)	2000	IVIX	Jai	
	(e)	Section 64 stormwater	s64 <i>LG Act 1993</i> & s306		0	
		(Development Servicing Plan –	Water Management Act	NR	Sat	
		Stormwater – November 2007)	2000	IVIX	Jai	
cl.	(a)(iv) (e)	The Regulation - Prescribed		0		
		Matters		NR	Sat	
		EP&A Regulation 2021	cl.61(1) - Demolition of a		0	
			building, the provisions of	NR	Sat	
			AS 2601	7 7 7	Out	
			(ensure condition included			
			requiring compliance with			
			standard)			
			cl.61(7) - Consideration of		$\circ$	
			Special Activation Precinct	NR	Sat	
			Master Plan			
			cl.64 - require existing		0	
			building to be brought into	NR	Sat	
			total or partial conformity			
			with BCA			
			(check with Building Surveyor			
			for development proposing the			
			rebuilding, alteration,			
			enlargement or extension of an			
			existing building)			
	(a)(iv) (e)	The Regulation - Prescribed	EP&A Regulation 2021	$\circ$		
	(5)	Conditions		NR	Sat	
			1	7 77 7	000	

	(ensure conditions of consent included)				
(e)	Other regulation matters	EP&A Regulation 2021	O NR	Sat	
(e)	Council Policies		O NR	Sat	Policy 046 - Processing Development Applications lodged by Councillors, staff and individuals of which a conflict of interest may arise, or on Council owned land.  No declaration has been made that would require action under this policy.
(e)	Other public interest matters		O NR	Sat	It is considered that this application will not have a detrimental effect on the public interest.

Development Control Plan 2010 Section 4.15(1)(a)(iii) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979						
DCP Section (Objectives and Controls)  (区 section not relevant)	Not Relevant	Satisfactory	Comment			

1.10 Notification of a Development Application

Compliance with the advertising and notification procedures detailed in this section of the DCP				In accordance with the Council's advertising and notification provisions outlined in Section 1.10 of the WWDCP the application was not required to be notified.
1.11 Complying w 2.1 Vehicle acces	rith the Wagga Wagga Development Co	ontro	l Pla	n 2010
O1 Ensure the safety and efficiency of urban and rural roads.	C3 Vehicles are to enter and leave in a forward direction unless it can be demonstrated that site conditions prevent it.	NR NR	O Sat	
O2 Limit new access points to arterial roads or ensure alternative access is utilised where practical.	C5 Access driveways are to be located in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard at the time of lodgement of an application.	O NR	Sat	
	C6 Ensure adequate sight lines for proposed driveways.	O NR	Sat	
2.2 Off-street park	king			
O2 Ensure the provision of safe and efficient parking for all modes of transport to meet anticipated demands.	C1 Parking is to be provided in accordance with the table below. For uses not listed, similar land uses should be used as a guide in assessing car parking requirements.	O NR	Sat	
O3 Minimise disruptions to existing levels of service and safety as a result of insufficient parking being provided on site.				

Category 1 Development Assessment Report and Checklist

Version 1.0 August 2020

2.3 Landscaping						
2.5 Safety and see	curity					
O1 Incorporate crime prevention strategies in new developments.	C1 Use good site planning to clearly define public, semi-public and private areas.	O NR	Sat			
O2 Encourage active, pedestrian oriented environments where developments are designed to integrate into the public	C2 Entries are to be clearly visible and identifiable from the street, and are to give the resident/occupier a sense of personal address and shelter. For non-residential uses, administration offices or showroom are to be located at the front of the building.	O NR	Sat			
domain.  O3 Maximise opportunities	C3 Minimise blank walls along street frontages.	O NR	Sat			
for natural surveillance of public spaces and building or site entrances.	C4 Avoid areas of potential concealment and 'blind' corners.	O NR	Sat			
Site on a discourse	C5 Provide lighting to external entry areas, driveways and car parks in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards. The lighting is to be designed and sited to minimise spill and potential nuisance to adjoining properties.	NR NR	Sat			
	C6 Planting and fencing is not to reduce the safety of users or compromise areas of natural surveillance.	O NR	Sat			
	C7 Where a site provides a pedestrian through route the access path is to be clearly defined and sign posted, appropriately lit, and have satisfactory visibility.	NR NR	O Sat			

eas to promote their ce without creating	
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#### 2.6 Erosion and sediment control

O1 Protect the environment against soil erosion and loss of soil from construction sites.	Consistent with the objectives of this section of the DCP.	O NR	Sat	
O2 Prevent the degradation of drainage systems, waterways and aquatic environments from deposition of soil and foreign material from construction sites.				
O3 Prevent flood damage of individual properties caused by sediment reducing the flow capacity of the stormwater drainage system.				
O4 Promote the implementation of erosion and sediment control measures by persons undertaking construction and earthworks activities to prevent the loss of soil from the site.				

- 2.7 Development adjoining open space
- **3** Heritage Conservation
- 4.1 Bushfire
- **4.2** Flooding
- **5.1** Development on ridges and prominent hills
- **5.2 Preservation of trees**
- **5.3 Native Vegetation Cover**
- **5.4** Environmentally sensitive land
- **8** 6 Villages
- **8** Rural Development
- 9.1.5 R3 Zone Staunton Estate
- 9.2.1 Site layout

O1 Encourage site	C1 Use site characteristics such as trees, changes in		
responsive development that	level or rock outcrops as features within the site layout.	0	
		NR	Sat

is compatible with existing or				
desired built form.	C2 Integrate access, landscaping and services in the site layout, avoiding underutilised spaces.	0		
O2 Facilitate sustainable		NR	Sat	
development through passive solar design.	C3 Orient living spaces to maximise solar access.	0		
eela. deelg.n		NR	Sat	
O3 Integrate landscaping	C4 Facilitate natural cross ventilation within dwellings through the location of windows and doors.	0		
and built form.	through the location of windows and doors.	NR	Sat	
O4 Encourage designs which respond to the physical context and characteristics of the particular site.				
O5 Encourage design that maximises the opportunity for passive surveillance of communal spaces from private living areas.				

## 9.2.2 Streetscape

O1 Encourage compatibility with existing built form.  O2 Encourage attractive	C1 Provide a street address and front elevation that is consistent with the predominant scale, rhythm and form of the street.	O NR	Sat	
of the street scapes.  Of Ensure a strong street edge with good definition between the public and private domain.	C2 Front fence height forward of the building line is not to exceed 1200mm. However, a side boundary fence forward of the building line may be permitted to taper from the maximum permitted height (1.8 metres) at the building line down to the 1200mm maximum permitted height at the front boundary.	NR NR	Sat	
O4 In locations where front fences are an important	C3 Fence height at and behind the building line is not to exceed 1800mm in height.	O NR	Sat	

feature of the established streetscape, ensure that new fences complement the character of the streetscape.	C4 The majority of windows in dwelling wall which face the street should be windows of habitable rooms.	O NR	Sat	
9.2.3 Corner lots	and secondary facades			
9.2.4 Sloping sites	5			
O1 Encourage site responsive development.	C1 Use pier, split level or suspended floor designs on sloping sites.	● NR	O Sat	The building design is appropriate to the site and generally meets the objectives.
O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.				
O3 If an alternate design is possible, avoid development that would require cutting into the site.				
9.3.1 Site area per				
O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.	C1 The minimum area of any site in an R1 Zone on which development is carried out is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.1a.	O NR	Sat	
O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established	C2 The maximum site of any land in an R3 Zone on which development is carried out is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.1a.	NR NR	O Sat	

character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.	C3 On larger sites the site area per dwelling may be distributed to provide a range of lot sizes, and to respond to site conditions and context.	NR NR	Sat	
9.3.2 Site cover				
O1 Ensure that development sites are of sufficient size for dual occupancy, multi dwelling housing and residential flat developments.  O2 Ensure adequate areas for access, parking, landscaping, useable garden and outdoor areas and natural runoff.  O3 Retain compatibility with site context and avoid over development resulting from excessive site cover.	C1 Maximum site cover is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.2a.	O NR	Sat	
9.3.4 Solar access	<b>S</b>			
O1 Ensure that the amenity of the occupants of dwellings is achieved by designing so	C1 Locate garages, laundries and bathrooms to provide insulation from western sun.	O NR	Sat	
that they receive adequate daylight and natural ventilation to habitable rooms	C2 Locate living areas and private open space to ensure orientation to the north and north east where possible.	O NR	Sat	

and sunlight to private open				
space areas.	C3 Building design and site layout is to ensure	0		
	adequate sunlight access to the internal living spaces	_	Cal	
O2 Ensure non-habitable	and private open space of the proposed development.	NR	Sat	
rooms such as garages,				
laundries and bathrooms are	C4 Variations can be considered to C1, C2 and C3		$\bigcirc$	
positioned so that living	where it can be demonstrated that site constraints,	NR	Sat	
areas, open space and	existing built form and good design practices limit the	1411	Oat	
habitable rooms receive maximum winter solar	ability of the proposal to comply with these controls.			
access and ventilation.	C6 For any adjacent dwellings that have north facing			
access and ventuation.	living areas, maintain 3 hours sunlight access to the	0		
O3 Maintain reasonable	windows of the living areas between 9am and 3pm in	NR	Sat	
sunlight access to adjoining	mid-winter (June 22).			
properties.	(040 ==).			
	C7 Variations to C6 above can be considered where it		0	
	can be demonstrated that any form of reasonable	A / D	_	
	development on the lot would cause non-compliance	NR	Sat	
	with C6. In this instance the impacts are to be			
	minimised where possible.			
	00.0			
	C8 Proposed development design should take into	$\circ$		
	account the location of any adjacent private open space and avoid excess overshadowing of that space.	NR	Sat	
	space and avoid excess oversnadowing or that space.			
<u> </u>	1			
9.3.5 Private open	i space			
O1 Provide quality, useable	C1 At least 24m2 of private open space is required per	0		
private open space.	dwelling. The private open space is to be directly	NR	Sof	
	accessible to the main living area and have a minimum	NR	Sat	
O2 Ensure adequate areas	dimension of 4m.			
for recreation and outdoor	CO Francisco of annual advista and a second second			
living.	C2 Enclosure of approved private open space will be		$\circ$	
	permitted, however at least one side of the approved private open space is to remain open. Roofing of	NR	Sat	
	private open space is to remain open. Rooning of			

O3 Encourage good connection between dwellings and private open	approved private open space is permitted provided that BASIX requirements are not compromised.			
space.	C3 Use screening where necessary to ensure the privacy of private open space areas.	O NR	Sat	

### 9.3.6 Front setbacks

O1 Encourage uniform building lines that correspond to the built setbacks and patterns of neighbouring buildings.  O2 Encourage attractive	C1 Minimum front setbacks for residential development (site area smaller than 2000m2):  Primary frontage to a main or arterial road 9m # Primary street frontage (other roads) 6m # Secondary frontage (corner site) 3m # - For residential accommodation in R3 Zones a	O NR	Sat	The proposed setback doesn't comply. Discussed below under C4.
residential streets and quality public domain.  O3 Ensure that new developments complement the established built patterns . O4 Maintain lines of sight for	minimum setback of 3m may be considered.  C2 In the older areas of Wagga Wagga front setbacks are typically 7.5m. where the setback of existing adjoining buildings is greater than 6m increase the front setback to the setback of the adjoining building closest to the street boundary.	● NR	O Sat	
vehicle safety.	C3 The front elevation of a dwelling as visible from a public road shall include at least one change in plane of the dwelling wall (that encloses a habitable room) of a minimum of 500mm. The front of the garage shall not protrude in front of the face of the forward most wall of the dwelling enclosing a habitable room. In all instances, the garage shall not encroach on the front setback identified under C1. The forward most part of a building/dwelling wall shall not project forward of the building line. Refer to diagrams opposite.	O NR	Sat	
	C4 Variations to the minimum setback can be considered in the following circumstances:	O NR	Sat	The proposed setback is 4.7m which is generally consistent with the adjoining properties. No. 96

Within Urban Release Areas where it can be demonstrated that the reduced setback will be generally consistent with the character of the area or likely or desired future character of the area consistent with those generally allowed under the SEPP (Exempt and Complying Code) 2008 or relevant Code at the time of lodgement of a development application.      Areas where it can be demonstrated that the setback is consistent with neighbouring properties. This situation is typical to older established areas of Central Wagga and large lot residential land.      Corner lots where it can be demonstrated that the reduced setback on either or both frontages provides a more attractive streetscape without impacting unreasonably on the amenity of the neighbouring properties. This is relevant to designs that address both frontages without boundary fencing.	Paradise Drive has a setback of 4.5m and no. 100 Paradise Drive has a setback of 5.5m. It is considered that the proposed setback is acceptable.
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## 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks

O1 Ensure adequate separation between buildings for landscaping, privacy, natural light and ventilation.	C1 The rear setback for detached secondary dwellings is determined by site conditions and the setbacks of similar structures on adjoining and nearby sites.	NR NR	O Sat	Side and rear setbacks comply with the objectives
O2 Ensure new development continues the rhythm or pattern of development in the locality.  O3 Provide access for maintenance.  O4 Building setbacks from the side and rear boundaries	C2 Any point of a building must have a setback from the side boundary nearest to that point of at least: a) If the lot is in Zone R5 a setback of 2m, or b) If the lot is in Zone RU1, RU2 or RU4 a setback of 10m.	NR NR	Sat	

shall have careful regard to the impact of proposed structures on adjoining landowners.				
9.4.1 Building ele	ments			
O1 Encourage quality and visually interesting buildings through the use of building	C1 Use verandahs or pergolas to link internal and external living areas.	O NR	Sat	
elements.  O2 Facilitate passive solar design principles.	C2 Porches are to be integrated into the building design, and are to be used to create a sheltered and clearly visible entry.	O NR	Sat	
	C3 Locate ancillary components such as aerials, satellite dishes, air conditioning units and the like so they are not visible from the street.	O NR	Sat	
	C5 Secondary dwellings are to appear as a single occupancy from the public domain.	NR	O Sat	
9.4.2 Materials an	d finishes			
O1 Encourage the use of external materials and finishes that are suited to their location and support	C1 Select materials for their environmental performance, durability, detail and appearance to achieve quality appearance.	O NR	Sat	
consistent quality streetscapes.	C2 Avoid large unbroken expanses of any single material.	O NR	Sat	
O2 Encourage use of materials that have good thermal performance.	C3 Minimise use of highly reflective or glossy materials on building exteriors.	O NR	Sat	

O3 Promote the use of materials that are climate responsive and contribute to innovative building design.  O4 Discourage corporate colours in building facades.	C4 Use contrasting materials in combination with design elements for features such as corner elements.	O NR	Sat	
9.4.3 Privacy				
O1 Ensure privacy within new developments, and avoid potential impacts to	C1 Offset windows, balconies and private open space areas between adjoining dwellings.	O NR	Sat	
existing properties.  O2 Ensure adequate acoustic privacy within dwellings.	C3 Screening is required where there is direct line of sight between neighbouring balconies or private open space areas, or between windows and door openings of habitable rooms.	NR NR	Sat	
9.4.4 Garages, car	rports, sheds and driveways			
O1 Minimise the visual dominance of garages and driveways in the streetscape.	C1 Where garage doors form part of the facade of a dwelling fronting a public road - the garage door is to be:	O NR	Sat	
O2 Where possible, locate garages so as to assist in protecting dwellings from early morning and late afternoon summer sun.	less than 50% of the width of the house* no wider than 6m # maximum 2.4m high # - double garages are only permitted on lots 12.5m wide or greater* - single fronted tandem garages with one space behind the other are permitted			

* - Variations to these controls may be consider multi-storey dwellings # - Variations to these controls may be considered where the setback of the dwelling exceeds 10	dered dered
C2 Garages, carports and sheds that open up laneway must be setback a minimum of 1m fr property boundary.	
C3 The floor area of an outbuilding on a residence must not be more than the following:  (a) 8% of the site area if the lot has an area of than 600m2,  (b) 8% of the area or a maximum area of 175 whichever is the lesser, if the lot has an area 600m2 but less than 4000m2,  (c) Lots greater than 4000m2 will be consider their merits.	of less Sat Sim2, of at least
C4 The total cumulative floor area of all outbut any one property shall not exceed 8% of the story or a maximum area of 300m2, whichever is the	site area
C5 Sheds may only be erected on residential where a dwelling house is constructed or und construction and must be used for purposes a to the residential use of the land.	der NB Co-C
C6 The height of an outbuilding or the alteration additions to an existing outbuilding on a lot more than 4.8m above ground level (existing) building shall be single storey construction wit maximum roof pitch of 27 degrees or steeper the roof pitch of the house.	oust not be ). The sith a
C7 An outbuilding shall not be located in from main building line. Variations may be conside balcony, deck, patio, pergola, terrace or vera	ered for a

9.4.5 Site facilities				
9.4.5 Site facilities				
O1 Ensure site facilities are	C3 Locate mail boxes so that they are clearly visible	$\circ$		
integrated into site design,	from the street or main entry. The plans are to include	NR	Sat	
and are convenient, visually	details of the location for letter boxes and any	1 41 1	Oat	
discreet and easy to	associated shelter structure.			
maintain.	C4 Garbage areas are to be easily accessible within			
O2 Encourage an attractive	the site, and are to have adequate lighting. The area	$\circ$		
residential setting and quality	should be visually screened from adjoining	NR	Sat	
public domain.	developments and public spaces.			
positive destriction	acrosopcac and passes opaces.			
O3 Minimise duplication of	C5 Provide an external drying area in an area that	0		
trenches for services and the	receives reasonable solar access. The drying area is	_	0-1	
like.	to be screened from the street or adjoining public	NR	Sat	
	spaces.			
9.4.6 Changing the	e landform – cut and fill			
O1 Encourage site	C1 Excavation is not to exceed a maximum depth	$\cap$		
responsive development and	measured from ground level (existing) as follows:	$\circ$		
protect the amenity of	(a) If located no more than 1m from boundary – 1.5m,	NR	Sat	
adjoining land.	and			
	(b) If located more than 1m but not more than 1.5m			
O2 Avoid excessive	from any boundary – 2m, and			
earthworks and minimise	(c) If located more than 1.5m from any boundary – 3m.			
changes to the natural				
landform.	Any depths and/or setbacks outside of the above may			
O2 Engayrage attailerent	only be considered where there is no unreasonable or			
O3 Encourage site layout	unacceptable impact on the amenity of the adjoining			
and building design that is appropriate to the site	properties (direct overlooking and loss of privacy, overshadowing to areas of principal private open			
	OVOIGHAUUWIIIU IU ALEAG ULUHIIUNALUHVALE UUCH			1

split levels, pier foundation or				
suspended floor house	C2 Fill is not to exceed:	$\circ$		
designs.	(a) 1.5m above ground level (existing), and	NR	Sat	
	(b) Must be contained by either:	1411	Oat	
O4 Avoid adverse impacts on	(i) A retaining wall or other form of structural support			
salinity by minimising the	that does not extend more than 1.5m from the closest			
potential for surface water to	external wall of the dwelling house, or			
enter the groundwater in	(ii) An unprotected sloping embankment or batter that			
recharge areas.	does not extend from the dwelling house by more than			
O5 Avoid inappropriate fill	3m, in which case the toe of the embankment or batter must be more than 1m away from a side or rear			
being introduced to sites.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
being introduced to sites.	boundary.			
O6 Ensure adequate	Variations to the above setbacks can be considered			
provision of drainage in	where the applicant can demonstrate that there is an			
relation to cut and fill	acceptable impact on the amenity of the adjoining			
practices.	properties (privacy, overshadowing).			
,	[			
	C3 Retaining walls and support for earthworks that are	0		
	more than 600mm above or below ground (existing)	_		
	and within 1m of the boundary or more than 1m above	NR	Sat	
	the ground level in another location, must take the form			
	of a retaining wall or other form of structural support			
	that:			
	(a) has been certified by a professional engineer, and			
	(b) has adequate drainage lines connected to the			
	existing stormwater drainage system for the site, and			
	(c) does not result in any retaining wall or structural			
	support with a total height measured vertically from the			
	base of the retaining wall or structural support to its			
	uppermost portion is:			
	(i) more than 1.5m in height and within 1m from a side			
	or rear boundary, or (ii) more than 3m in height at any other location.			
	C4 Retaining walls are not to be located within the	0		
	easement. The retaining wall shall be located outside	_		
	the easements zone of influence.	NR	Sat	

C5 No cut or fill to take place within easements.	O NR Sat
C6 To encourage site responsive development, excavation and retaining walls greater than that specified in C1 to C3 above can be considered where the design responds to the slope (or incorporates split levels). The additional retaining wall height is to facilitate basements, garages or the like at the lower level. The excavation is to be adequately retained and drained, in accordance with approved engineering details.	NR Sat
C7 Where achievable, any proposed dwelling is to be designed incorporating retaining walls and fill within the dwelling. Should the provision of retaining walls and fill not be achievable within a proposed dwelling due to demonstrated site constraints they should be located as close to the proposed dwelling as is possible, to minimise the impact on the amenity of the adjoining properties.	
C8 All retained material is to have a gradient of at least 5%.	NR Sat
C9 Fill material is to be substantially from the site only. Imported fill material is not encouraged.	O NR Sat
C10 Cut and fill outside the building envelope is not to exceed 600mm.	NR Sat
C11 Stormwater or surface water runoff is not to be redirected or concentrated onto adjoining properties so as to cause a nuisance. Adequate drainage is to be provided to divert water away from batters.	NR Sat
C12 Earthworks should not be carried out within the angle of repose of adjoining property. Unless such	O NR Sat

works are supported by certified structural engineer		
reports and do not impact on neighbouring property.		

- 14 Boorooma Urban Release Area
- 15 Lloyd Urban Release Area
- ☐ 16 Gobbagombalin Urban Release Area

Site Topography, Landscape Character, views and setting					
O1 To require new development to respond to site features including topography, ridgelines and vegetation.	C8 All native trees within residential lots must be retained, or offset planting carried out at the rate indicated in the Natural Resource Management section (page 15) of this Chapter.	O NR	R Sat		
O2 To avoid adverse impact upon all land with development limitations.	C9 Lots adjoining land zoned E2 should be of sufficient size that a dwelling and other buildings can be located where they will not be at risk of damage from falling trees or limbs from within the E2 zone.	NR NR	Sat Sat		
Heritage Conservation					
O1 To protect Aboriginal cultural heritage values by responding to the archaeological sensitivity of the site.	C5 All other heritage items must comply with the relevant controls in Section 3 of WWDCP 2010.	NR NR	Sat Sat		
Open Space, parks and the public domain					
O2 To provide open space areas with natural surveillance from surrounding dwellings.	C4 Dwellings adjoining an open space (other than those next to Harris Road) must front the open space and shall have the following restrictions enforced by a s88B instrument:	NR NR	Sat		

	<ul> <li>(i) Erect a fence along the boundary shared with the open space having:</li> <li>(a) a height of not greater than 1.5m;</li> <li>(b) not less than 50% of open/see through construction</li> </ul>				
	C5 Lots adjoining Harris Road shall be at least, 1000sqm in size and have the following restrictions enforced by a s88B instrument: (i) Erect a fence along the boundary shared with Harris Road having: (a) a height not greater than 1.5m; (b) not less than 50% of open/see through construction (ii) No dwelling shall be located within 10m of the Harris Road boundary. (iii) All dwellings must have a ground floor verandah, porch, patio, pergola or deck on the side facing Harris Road.	NR NR	Sat		
	C6 Dwellings adjoining Harris Road must have a secondary frontage that: (i) Includes a verandah, porch, patio, pergola or deck no closer than 3m of the Harris Road boundary. (ii) Sheds and garages must not be located in the 10m dwelling setback	NR NR	Sat		
Residential Development Refer to Section 9 of the WWDCP 2010.					