

## Report of Development Application

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

	Application Number	DA23/0231	Applicant	M Mcauliffe 8 Lloyd Road Springvale 2650	
Application	Date of Lodgement	16/05/2023		b Lloyd Nodd Ophnigvale 2000	
Details	Proposal	Outbuilding (Shed)	Description of Mod.	N/A	
	Development Cost	\$73000	Other Approvals	Nil	
Site Details	Subject Land	8 Lloyd Rd SPRINGVALE NSW 2650 Lot 2 DP 870056	Owner	ML McAuliffe	

**Recommendation:** The application be approved subject to conditions of consent as detailed in the draft Notice of Determination.

**Delegation to Determine Application: - Officer Delegation 7.39** 

Report Prepared & approved by:

Hayden Bousfield Town Planner

M. Bous Pull

Date: 08/06/2023

- Section 4.55 Modification of Consent
- Section 4.15(1) Matters for consideration general

<b>Descri</b>	nti	on
DCSCII	Pu	OI.

The Development Application seeks consent for the construction of an outbuilding (shed) ancillary to an existing dwelling at 8 Lloyd Rd, Springvale.

Mat	Matters for consideration						
GIS & System Check	Section 4.15(1) EP&A Act 1979	Issue	Legislative Provisions	Not Relevant	Satisfactory	Comment	
<b>✓</b>	(b) (c) (e)	DA History		O NR	Sat		

	(a)(i)	Zoning	LEP			Zoning (cl.2.2): P5 Large Lot Residential
	(b) (c) (e)	Zoning	2.2 Zoning of land to which Plan applies 2.3 Zone objectives and Land Use Table	NR	Sat	<ul> <li>Zoning (cl 2.2): R5 Large Lot Residential</li> <li>The development is located with the R5 zoning where the development is permissible with consent (cl. 2.3(1)) and is consistent with the following zone objectives (cl. 2.3(2)):</li> <li>To provide residential housing in a rural setting while preserving, and minimising impacts on, environmentally sensitive</li> </ul>
LEP 2010 Zones						<ul> <li>Impacts on, environmentally sensitive locations and scenic quality.</li> <li>To ensure that large residential lots do not hinder the proper and orderly development of urban areas in the future.</li> <li>To ensure that development in the area does not unreasonably increase the demand for public services or public facilities.</li> <li>To minimise conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within adjoining zones.</li> <li>To ensure that the clearing of native vegetation is avoided or minimised as far as is practicable.</li> </ul>

	(b)		T			T
	(c)	Land Title		$\circ$		The subject site is Lot 2 in DP 870056
Land Parcels & DP	(c) (e)	Correct legal description and ownership  Easements & Building Envelopes  Open Deposited Plan (including 88b)  Registered title (deferred commencement)		NR	Sat	LLOYD  LLOYD  LLOYD  ROAD  RO
						transmission lines and does not require referral
						to the asset owner.
ם ב	(a)(i) (a)(iii)	Heritage			$\circ$	
1010 3m a 7atio	(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Conservation Area		NR	Sat	
EP 2 d ite	(e)	Listed item	LEP 5.10 Heritage		0	
LEP 2010 Listed item and Conservation		DCP 3 Heritage Conservation	conservation	NR	Sat	
) Urban ; Area	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Urban Release Area	LEP 6.2 Public utility infrastructure	NR NR	O Sat	
LEP 2010 Urban release Area			LEP 6.3 Development control plan	NR NR	O Sat	

	( ) (1)			_		
	(a)(i) (a)(iii)	Natural Resource Sensitivity	LEP 7.3 Biodiversity			
>-	(b)			NR	Sat	
itivit	(e)	DCP 5.4 Environmentally sensitive	LEP 7.4 Vulnerable land		0	
ens		land	EEI 7.4 Valliciable land		_	
S S				NR	Sat	
onic			<b>LEP</b> 7.5 Riparian lands	$\circ$		
res			and waterways	NR	Sat	
Natural resource Sensitivity						
Nati			LEP 7.6 Groundwater		0	
					_	
			vulnerability	NR	Sat	
	(a)(i) (a)(iii)	Flooding			$\circ$	
ĘŠ.	(b) (c)			NR	Sat	
P. J.	(e)	Overland flow				
Flooding (including MOFFS)			LED 5 04 Flood Blooming			
E Fig		DCP 4.2 Flooding	<b>LEP</b> 5.21 Flood Planning		$\circ$	
(inc				NR	Sat	
Φ	(a)(iii)	Bushfire		$\circ$		The site is mapped as bush fire prone land and
ron	(b)			NR	Sat	a site inspection has confirmed that the site or
Bushfire Prone Land	(e)	DCP 4.1 Bushfire		IVI	Sal	surrounding area is a bush fire risk. Refer to
shfii La						Section 4.1 below for further assessment.
Bu						Coulon III bolow for farmer acceptingna.
73	(a)(i)	Contaminated Land	SEPP (Resilience and	0		There is no indication that the site has
al - -anc	(b)	PFAS Study Area	Hazards) 2021	_		previously been occupied by any use that could
enta ed L	(e)	Site observations	11424143/2021	NR	Sat	have led to contamination of the site.
nnm inat PF/		Site observations				
tam &						Furthermore, the land is not identified on
Environmental - Contaminated Land & PFAS						Councils register of contaminated sites.
	(a)(i)	Airmont Constraints	LED 7.44 Aireness			
Airpo rt Cons	(a)(i) (b)	Airport Constraints	LEP 7.11 Airspace	$\cup$		
( C)	(c)		operations	NR	Sat	

	(e)				
			LEP 7.12 Development in	0	
			areas subject to aircraft	_	
				NR	Sat
			noise		
	(b)	Services/Utilities		$\bigcirc$	
	(e)			NR	Sat
		(Septic area? Health referral))		1 1 1 1	Oat
		(0.0)			
₼		Sewer/stormwater infrastructure			
vate					
ma		(Build over, encroachment,			
Stor		earthwork impacts)			
Sewer and Stormawater		_			
ä		Stormwater issues – overland			
ewe		flow			
1					
Assets		Electricity infrastructure			
Ass		(including setbacks to			
_		substations)			
		(Transport/infrastructure SEPP			
		referral)			

Aerial Imagery (*Topographic – Hydrology)	(b) (c) (e)	Existing site conditions  Buildings on site Retaining walls Cut and fill Deposited fill Boundary fencing and walls Private open space Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations	O NR	Sat	Site visit undertaken on:	24/05/2023
Aerial Imagery (*Topographic – Hydrology)	(b) (c) (e)	Offsite observations  Buildings Window locations Private open space Retaining walls Cut and fill Boundary fencing and walls Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations	O NR	Sat		
	(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Traffic, access, and parking  Manoeuvring  Site Distance Issues  Driveway grade	O NR	Sat		

	Check Driveway location and grade  Side entry pit Service lids/pits Poles/turrets/substations Street Trees  DCP  2.1 Vehicle access and movements 9.3.6 Front setbacks			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Context, setting and streetscape	O NR	Sat	
	DCP 9.2.2 Streetscape 9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades 9.2.4 Sloping Sites 9.3.1 Site area per dwelling 9.3.2 Site cover 9.3.6 Front setbacks 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.2 Materials and finishes 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways 9.4.5 Site facilities			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Public Domain  Impact on street or adjoining public place	O NR	Sat	
	Condition/Dilapidation			

	Construction access  DCP 2.7 Development adjoining open space 9.4.5 Site facilities			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Safety, security, and crime prevention  DCP 2.5 Safety and security	O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	DCP 9.2.1 Site layout 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways	O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	DCP 9.3.4 Solar access 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks	O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Visual Privacy Private open space Boundary fencing and screening  DCP 9.3.5 Private open space	O NR	Sat	

	9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.3 Privacy				
(a)(i) (b) (c)	Noise and Vibration		0		
(e)	Acoustic privacy conflicts		NR	Sat	
	Impacting nearby land uses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)				
(a)(i) (b) (c)	Air and microclimate		0		
(e)	Impacting nearby land uses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)		NR	Sat	
(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b)	Earthworks and Soils		0		
(c) (e)	Cut and fill Stability and erosion control Stormwater quality		NR	Sat	
	DCP 9.4.6 Changing the landform – cut and fill	LEP 7.1A Earthworks	O NR	Sat	
(b) (c) (e)	Landscaping		NR NR	O Sat	
(b) (c) (e)	Waste		0		

	T -				
	Construction waste		NR	Sat	
	management				
	Asbestos				
(a)(iii) (b)	Energy & Water		$\circ$		
(c)			NR	Sat	
(e)	DCP			0	
	9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks				
	9.4.1 Building elements				
	9.4.2 Materials and finishes				
(a)(i)	BASIX	BASIX SEPP 2004			
(b)	(Use assessment checklist)	BASIX SELL 2004		0	
(e)	(Ose assessment checklist)		NR	Sat	
(b)	Other hazards		0		
(c) (e)	Natural		_		
(-)	Technological		NR	Sat	
(a)(iii)	Flora and Fauna				
(b)			0		
(c) (e)	(on and off-site)		NR	Sat	
	Charle fam native was				
	Check for native veg				
	requirements (R5 and RU4			_	
	Land)	Section 5AA and Part 7	$\circ$		Section 5AA and Part 7 of the Biodiversity
		of the Biodiversity	NR	Sat	Conservation Act 2016 (Test for determining
	DCP	<b>Conservation Act 2016</b>			whether proposed development or activity
	5.2 Preservation of trees				likely to significantly affect threatened species
	5.3 Native Vegetation Cover	Test for determining whether			or ecological communities, or their habitats)
		proposed development or			,
		activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or			There are a number of tests to determine
		ecological communities, or their			whether the proposal triggers the NSW
		habitats)			Biodiversity Offset Scheme under the NSW
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Diodivorsity Offset Ochlettic under the NOVV

	Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 and results in the need for further assessments or offsets.
	in the need for further assessments of onsets.
	1. Is the subject site identified as an area
	of outstanding biodiversity value on the biodiversity values map?
	No No
	2. Does the amount of native vegetation
	being removed exceed the biodiversity offsets scheme threshold.
	onsets scheme uneshold.
	No native vegetation is proposed to be removed.
	Terrioved.
	3. Test of Significance - the test to
	determine whether the proposed development or activity is likely to
	significantly affect threatened species or
	ecological communities, or their habitats.
	Given that no native vegetation is being
	removed and in the absence of any recorded endangered flora or fauna on the site of the
	proposed development, it is not anticipated
	that the development will significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities
	or their habitats.

					Based on the above assessment it is satisfied that the development will not trigger the Biodiversity Offset Scheme.
(b) (c) (e)	oociai ana economic impacts		O NR	Sat	
(b) (c) (e)	r acilitation of Ecologically		O NR	Sat	
(a) (b) (c) (e)		LEP 2.7 Demolition requires development consent	NR NR	O Sat	
		LEP 4.3 Height of buildings	O NR	Sat	
		LEP 7.9 Primacy of Zone B3 Commercial Core	O NR	Sat	
		LEP 4.2A Erection of dwelling houses and dual occupancies on land in certain residential, rural and environmental protection zones	NR	Sat	
		LEP 5.16 Subdivision of, or dwellings on, land in certain rural, residential or	• NR	O Sat	

		environment protection zones			
		Other Clauses	NR	O Sat	
(a) (b) (c) (e)	Other Er is	SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021	NR NR	O Sat	
		SEPP (Precincts - Regional) 2021	NR	O Sat	
		Other SEPPs	NR	O Sat	
(a) (b) (c) (e)			NR NR	Sat	There are a number of state environmental planning policies currently subject to review, including some which have involved consultation and notification. None of these are applicable to this application.
(a) (e)	Planning agreements		NR NR	O Sat	No related planning agreement has been entered into under section 7.4.
(d) (e)	Submissions		O NR	Sat	Nil
(e)	Section 68 Application made as part of DA	Local Government Act 1993	NR NR	O Sat	
(e)	Section 7.11 Contributions (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 - 2034)	EP&A Act 1979	NR NR	O Sat	

	T				
(e)	Section 7.12 Contributions (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan	EP&A Act 1979	● NR	O Sat	
	2019 - 2034)		NR	Sat	
(e)	Section 64 sewer	s64 <i>LG Act 1993</i> & s306		0	
	(Development Servicing Plan –	Water Management Act		_	
	Sewerage Services – July 2013)	2000	NR	Sat	
	, ,				
(e)	Section 64 stormwater	s64 <i>LG Act 1993</i> & s306		$\circ$	The lot was created post 12/9/84 and therefore
	(Development Servicing Plan –	Water Management Act	NR	Sat	no contribution is required.
	Stormwater – November 2007)	2000	IVIX	Sat	'
(a)(iv)	The Population Prescribed				
(e) (	The Regulation – Prescribed		0		
	Matters		NR	Sat	
	EP&A Regulation 2021	cl.61(1) - Demolition of a		$\bigcirc$	
		building, the provisions of	NR	Sat	
		AS 2601	IVI	Sal	
		(ensure condition included			
		requiring compliance with			
		standard)			
		cl.61(7) - Consideration of		0	
		Special Activation Precinct	110	_	
		Master Plan	NR	Sat	
		cl.64 - require existing		$\circ$	
		building to be brought into	NR	Sat	
		total or partial conformity	IVIX	Sat	
		with BCA			
		(check with Building Surveyor			
		for development proposing the			
		rebuilding, alteration,			
		enlargement or extension of an			
		existing building)			
		onding building)			

(a)(iv) (e)	The Regulation – Prescribed Conditions (ensure conditions of consent included)	EP&A Regulation 2021	O NR	Sat	
(e)	Other regulation matters	EP&A Regulation 2021	O NR	Sat	
(e)	Council Policies		O NR	Sat	Policy 046 - Processing Development Applications lodged by Councillors, staff and individuals of which a conflict of interest may arise, or on Council owned land.  No declaration has been made that would require action under this policy.
(e)	Other public interest matters		O NR	Sat	It is considered that this application will not have a detrimental effect on the public interest.

Development Control Plan 2010 Section 4.15(1)(a)(iii) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979			
DCP Section (Objectives and Controls)  (Section not relevant)	Not Relevant	Satisfactory	Comment

1.10 Notification of a Development Application

Compliance with the advertising and notification procedures detailed in this section of the DCP

NR

In accordance with the Council's advertising and notification provisions outlined in Section 1.10 of the WWDCP the application was not required to be notified.

- 1.11 Complying with the Wagga Wagga Development Control Plan 2010
- 2.1 Vehicle access and movements
- 2.2 Off-street parking
- 2.3 Landscaping

## 2.5 Safety and security

O1 Incorporate crime prevention strategies in new developments.	C1 Use good site planning to clearly define public, semi-public, and private areas.	O NR	Sat	
O2 Encourage active, pedestrian oriented environments where developments are designed to integrate into the public	C2 Entries are to be clearly visible and identifiable from the street, and are to give the resident/occupier a sense of personal address and shelter. For non-residential uses, administration offices or showroom are to be located at the front of the building.	NR NR	Sat	
domain.  O3 Maximise opportunities	C3 Minimise blank walls along street frontages.	• NR	O Sat	
for natural surveillance of public spaces and building or site entrances.	C4 Avoid areas of potential concealment and 'blind' corners.	O NR	Sat	
	C5 Provide lighting to external entry areas, driveways, and car parks in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards. The lighting is to be designed and sited to minimise spill and potential nuisance to adjoining properties.	NR	Sat	
	C6 Planting and fencing is not to reduce the safety of users or compromise areas of natural surveillance.	NR NR	O Sat	
	C7 Where a site provides a pedestrian through route the access path is to be clearly defined and sign posted, appropriately lit, and have satisfactory visibility.	NR NR	O Sat	
	C8 Locate public toilets and rest areas to promote their use, and maximise public surveillance without creating visual intrusion.	NR NR	O Sat	

## 2.6 Erosion and sediment control

Of Protect the environment against soil erosion and loss of soil from construction sites.	DCP.	NR NR	Sat	
O2 Prevent the degradation of drainage systems, waterways and aquatic environments from deposition of soil and foreign material from construction sites.				
O3 Prevent flood damage of individual properties caused by sediment reducing the flow capacity of the stormwater drainage system.				
O4 Promote the implementation of erosion and sediment control measures by persons undertaking construction and earthworks activities to prevent the loss of soil from the site.				

- 2.7 Development adjoining open space
- 3 Heritage Conservation

## 4.1 Bushfire

O1 Minimise risk to life, property and the environment from bush fire.  O2 Ensure compliance with statutory obligations for development in bush fire prone areas.	C1 Applications are to satisfy the relevant provisions of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2006 (or any later versions) and Australian Standard: 3959 Construction of Buildings in Bush Fire Prone Areas.	O <sub>NR</sub>	Sat	The subject site is mapped as Bush Fire Prone land and the site adjoins vegetation to the south that would be considered grassland. Therefore, a bushfire assessment is required.  Development in bush fire prone areas is subject to Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019 (or any later versions) and Australian Standard: 3959 Construction of Buildings in Bush Fire Prone Areas (AS: 3959).  Given the proposal is for an outbuilding that would be considered Class 10 in the NCC, Section 8 'Other Development' of PBP 2019 applies and has been summarised below:  8.3.2 Class 10 structuresThere is no bush fire protection requirements for Class 10a buildings located more than 6m from a dwelling in bush fire prone areas  Given the outbuilding is located more than 6m from the dwelling there are no bush fire requirements.
	C2 Where required, a clear separation is to be provided between buildings and bushfire hazards in the form of a fuel-reduced Asset Protection Zone (APZ). In all cases the APZ is to be located wholly within the land zoned Residential. Refer to the requirements of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2006	O NR	Sat	

- 4.2 Flooding
- **5.1** Development on ridges and prominent hills
- **5.2 Preservation of trees**
- **5.3 Native Vegetation Cover**
- 5.4 Environmentally sensitive land

O1 To support the controls	C1 Development is to be consistent with any		$\circ$	
and objective for both the E2	Conservation Management Plan prepared for land in	^ / D	0-1	
and E4 Zone and	the E2 zone.	NR	Sat	
environmentally sensitive				
land provisions in Clauses	Charles and all a consisting land this discounity (Outside			
•	Environmentally sensitive land – biodiversity (Outside			
7.3 to and inclusive of Clause	"biocertified area")	ND	0-1	
7.6 of the LEP.		NR	Sat	
O2 Protect, maintain or	Natural Resources Sensitivity - land			
improve the diversity of the	Tratarar resources constitutely land		$\cup$	
native flora and fauna.		NR	Sat	
	Natural Resources Sensitivity - waterways			
O3 Protect the ecological	Natural Nesources Sensitivity - waterways	$\cup$		
processes necessary for their		NR	Sat	
continued existence.	Notural Descurace Considiuity, groundwater	7777	001	
O4 Encourage the recovery	Natural Resources Sensitivity - groundwater		$\bigcirc$	
of threatened species,		NR	Sat	
communities or populations		1 41 4	Out	
and their habitats.				
O5 Protect, maintain or				
improve the diversity and				
stability of landscapes.				
diability of laridscapes.				

X	6	Village	S
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- **8** Rural Development
- 9.1.5 R3 Zone Staunton Estate
- 9.2.1 Site layout

O1 Encourage site	C1 Use site characteristics such as trees, changes in	$\bigcirc$		
responsive development that	level or rock outcrops as features within the site layout.	NR	Sat	
is compatible with existing or		IVI	Sal	
desired built form.	C2 Integrate access, landscaping, and services in the site layout, avoiding underutilised spaces.	0		
O2 Facilitate sustainable	one ray out, avoiding under united opaces.	NR	Sat	
development through passive solar design.	C3 Orient living spaces to maximise solar access.		0	
solal design.		NR	Sat	
O3 Integrate landscaping	C4 Facilitate natural cross ventilation within dwellings		0	
and built form.	through the location of windows and doors.	NR	Sat	
O4 Encourage designs which respond to the physical context and characteristics of the particular site.				
O5 Encourage design that maximises the opportunity for passive surveillance of communal spaces from private living areas.				

9.2.2 Streetscape

9.2.4 Sloping sites	and secondary facades			
O1 Encourage site responsive development.  O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.  O3 If an alternate design is possible, avoid development that would require cutting into the site.	C1 Use pier, split level or suspended floor designs on sloping sites.	O NR	Sat	The building design is appropriate to the site and generally meets the objectives.
9.3.1 Site area per 9.3.2 Site cover 9.3.4 Solar access				
O1 Ensure that the amenity of the occupants of dwellings is achieved by designing so that they receive adequate daylight and natural ventilation to habitable rooms and sunlight to private open space areas.	C1 Locate garages, laundries, and bathrooms to provide insulation from western sun.	● NR	O Sat	
	C2 Locate living areas and private open space to ensure orientation to the north and northeast where possible.	● NR	O Sat	
	C3 Building design and site layout is to ensure adequate sunlight access to the internal living spaces and private open space of the proposed development.	O NR	Sat	

O2 Ensure non-habitable rooms such as garages, laundries and bathrooms are positioned so that living areas, open space and	C4 Variations can be considered to C1, C2 and C3 where it can be demonstrated that site constraints, existing built form and good design practices limit the ability of the proposal to comply with these controls.	NR NR	O Sat		
habitable rooms receive maximum winter solar access and ventilation.  O3 Maintain reasonable	C6 For any adjacent dwellings that have north facing living areas, maintain 3 hours sunlight access to the windows of the living areas between 9am and 3pm in mid-winter (June 22).	O NR	Sat		
sunlight access to adjoining properties.	C7 Variations to C6 above can be considered where it can be demonstrated that any form of reasonable development on the lot would cause non-compliance with C6. In this instance the impacts are to be minimised where possible.	NR NR	Sat		
	C8 Proposed development design should take into account the location of any adjacent private open space and avoid excess overshadowing of that space.	O NR	Sat		
9.3.5 Private open space					
O1 Provide quality, useable private open space.  O2 Ensure adequate areas for recreation and outdoor	C1 At least 24m2 of private open space is required per dwelling. The private open space is to be directly accessible to the main living area and have a minimum dimension of 4m.	O NR	Sat		
living.  O3 Encourage good connection between dwellings and private open space.	C2 Enclosure of approved private open space will be permitted, however at least one side of the approved private open space is to remain open. Roofing of approved private open space is permitted provided that BASIX requirements are not compromised.	NR NR	O Sat		
	C3 Use screening where necessary to ensure the privacy of private open space areas.	NR NR	O Sat		

9.3.7 Side and rea	r setdacks			
O1 Ensure adequate separation between buildings for landscaping, privacy, natural light and ventilation.	C1 The rear setback for detached secondary dwellings is determined by site conditions and the setbacks of similar structures on adjoining and nearby sites.	NR NR	O Sat	
O2 Ensure new development continues the rhythm or pattern of development in the locality.  O3 Provide access for maintenance.	C2 Any point of a building must have a setback from the side boundary nearest to that point of at least: a) If the lot is in Zone R5 a setback of 2m, or b) If the lot is in Zone RU1, RU2 or RU4 a setback of 10m.	O NR	Sat	
O4 Building setbacks from the side and rear boundaries shall have careful regard to the impact of proposed structures on adjoining landowners.				
9.4.1 Building elements				
9.4.2 Materials and	d finishes			
O1 Encourage the use of external materials and finishes that are suited to their location and support	C1 Select materials for their environmental performance, durability, detail and appearance to achieve quality appearance.	O NR	Sat	

Category 1 Development Assessment Report and Checklist

9.3.6 Front setbacks

consistent quality streetscapes.	C2 Avoid large unbroken expanses of any single material.	0		
		NR	Sat	
O2 Encourage use of	C3 Minimise use of highly reflective or glossy materials	0		
materials that have good thermal performance.	on building exteriors.	NR	Sat	
linermar performance.	C4 Use contrasting materials in combination with	0		
O3 Promote the use of	design elements for features such as corner elements.	_		
materials that are climate		NR	Sat	
responsive and contribute to innovative building design.				
innovative ballaring design.				
O4 Discourage corporate				
colours in building facades.				
O1 Ensure privacy within new developments, and avoid potential impacts to existing properties.  O2 Ensure adequate	C1 Offset windows, balconies and private open space areas between adjoining dwellings.  C3 Screening is required where there is direct line of sight between neighbouring balconies or private open space areas, or between windows and door openings	NR NR	O Sat O Sat	The outbuilding raises no privacy concerns given its use.
acoustic privacy within dwellings.	of habitable rooms.			
9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds, and driveways				
O1 Minimise the visual dominance of garages and driveways in the streetscape.	C1 Where garage doors form part of the facade of a dwelling fronting a public road - the garage door is to be:	NR NR	O Sat	

protecting dwellings from early morning and late afternoon summer sun.	maximum 2.4m high # - double garages are only permitted on lots 12.5m wide or greater* - single fronted tandem garages with one space behind the other are permitted  * - Variations to these controls may be considered for multi storey dwellings # - Variations to these controls may be considered where the setback of the dwelling exceeds 10 metres.			
	C2 Garages, carports and sheds that open up to a laneway must be setback a minimum of 1m from the property boundary.	• NR	O Sat	
	C3 The floor area of an outbuilding on a residential lot must not be more than the following: (a) 8% of the site area if the lot has an area of less than 600m2, (b) 8% of the area or a maximum area of 175m2, whichever is the lesser, if the lot has an area of at least 600m2 but less than 4000m2, (c) Lots greater than 4000m2 will be considered on their merits.	O NR	Sat	
	C4 The total cumulative floor area of all outbuildings on any one property shall not exceed 8% of the site area or a maximum area of 300m2, whichever is the lesser.	O NR	Sat	The total cumulative floor area for all outbuildings (sheds) measures 300m² which complies with the control.  The applicant has requested a variation acknowledging that the site contains an abandoned poultry house located at the rear of the property, 200m from the development site.
				The applicant has justified the variation noting that the poultry house has negligible impact to the total

			cumulative floor area, remarking on its current state of dilapidation and its minimal impact to site coverage.  The variation is considered reasonable in this instance given that the poultry house is 200m from the development site, cannot be used for additional storage and is not of a scale to be visible from adjoining dwellings or public domain.
C5 Sheds may only be erected on residential land where a dwelling house is constructed or under construction and must be used for purposes ancillary to the residential use of the land.	O NR	Sat	
C6 The height of an outbuilding or the alterations and additions to an existing outbuilding on a lot must not be more than 4.8m above ground level (existing). The building shall be single storey construction with a maximum roof pitch of 27 degrees or steeper to match the roof pitch of the house.	O NR	Sat	Shed height = 4.8m
C7 An outbuilding shall not be located in front of the main building line. Variations may be considered for a balcony, deck, patio, pergola, terrace or verandah.	O NR	Sat	

<sup>9.4.5</sup> Site facilities

<sup>9.4.6</sup> Changing the landform – cut and fill

<sup>14</sup> Boorooma Urban Release Area

- 15 Lloyd Urban Release Area
- 16 Gobbagombalin Urban Release Area