

Report of Development Application

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

| Application | Application Number Date of Lodgement | DA22/0471 11/08/2022 | Applicant | J Nielsen PO Box 8634 KOORINGAL NSW 2650 | |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------|--|--|
| Details | Proposal | Dwelling with attached garage, in-ground swimming pool, shed and water tank | | N/A | |
| | Development Cost | \$977000 | Other Approvals | Nil | |
| Site Details | Subject Land | 165 Butterbush Rd GREGADOO NSW 2650 Lot 7 DP 1262880 | Owner | LS Rainbird | |

Recommendation: The application be approved subject to conditions of consent as detailed in the draft Notice of Determination.

Delegation to Determine Application:- Officer Delegation 7.39

Report Prepared & Approved by:

Bikash Pokharel

Town Planner

Date: 14/12/2022

- **Section not relevant**
- Section 4.55 Modification of Consent
- Section 4.15(1) Matters for consideration general

Description Dwelling with attached garage, in-ground swimming pool, shed and water tank

| Mat | Matters for consideration | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|--|--|
| GIS & System Check | Section 4.15(1) EP&A Act 1979 | Issue | Legislative Provisions | Not Relevant | Satisfactory | Comment | | |
| ~ | (b) (c) (e) | DA History | | O NR | Sat | | | |

| | (a)(i) (b) | Zoning | LEP | 0 | | Zoning of land (cl 2.2): RU4 |
|----------------|---------------|--------|---|----|-----|--|
| LEP 2010 Zones | (c) (e) | | 2.2 Zoning of land to which Plan applies2.3 Zone objectives and Land Use Table | NR | Sat | The development is permissible in the zone (cl. 2.3(1)) The development is not inconsistent with the objectives of the zone (cl. 2.3(2)): To enable sustainable primary industry and other compatible land uses. To encourage and promote diversity and employment opportunities in relation to primary industry enterprises, particularly those that require smaller lots or that are more intensive in nature. To minimise conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within adjoining zones. |

| | <u> </u> | - | | |
|------------------------------------|--|-------|-----|---|
| Land Parcels & DP (a) (b) (c) (d) | Correct legal description and ownership Easements & Building Envelopes Open Deposited Plan (including 88b) Registered title (deferred commencement) | NR NR | Sat | There are terms of restriction on the use of land under Section 88B of the Conveyancing Act 1919 for this lot. Terms of restrictions that are most relevance are discussed as follows: • 88B requires that the whole property be maintained as an inner protection area. Relevant condition has been included in the development consent. • 88B sets out native vegetation requirements, including location and number of plantings - Native vegetation planting plan supplied meets the requirement. Relevant condition has been included in the development consent. • 88B requires a tank of 15,000 litres capacity with inlet no higher than 250m AHD and pressure pump systems to be installed where a residential development is proposed over an elevation of 240m - the proposed development meets these requirements as the applicant proposes a 15,000 litres rainwater tank and its inlet will be below 250m AHD. In addition to 15,000 litres to meet the terms of positive covenant, the applicant is required to install a minimum capacity of 8,000 litres on site to meet the |

| | | | | | | requirements of the BASIX Certificate. Relevant condition has been included in the development consent. 88B requires the building to be within the designated building envelope – proposed development meets this requirement given all the buildings including swimming pool are located within the designated building envelope. |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|---------|---|
| 밀드 | (a)(i) (a)(iii) | Heritage | | | \circ | |
| 010 m a atio | (b) | Conservation Area | | NR | Sat | |
| Lep 2010 Listed item and Conservation | (e) | Listed item | LEP 5.10 Heritage | | 0 | |
| LE Ste | | | conservation | NR | Sat | |
| | (a)(i) | DCP 3 Heritage Conservation | | 7/// | | |
| | (a)(i) (b) | Urban Release Area | LEP 6.2 Public utility | | \circ | |
| ban | (c) (e) | | infrastructure | NR | Sat | |
| A A | | | | | | |
| LEP 2010 Urban release Area | | | LEP 6.3 Development | | 0 | |
| 면 ja | | | control plan | NR | Sat | |
| _ | | | | 7 07 0 | Out | |
| | (a)(i) | Natural Resource Sensitivity | LEP 7.3 Biodiversity | | 0 | |
| | (a)(iii) (b) | Tratara Resource Sensitivity | LET 7.0 Diodivorsity | N/D | _ | |
| ivity | (c) (e) | DCP 5.4 Environmentally sensitive | 1.ED 7.43/1 | NR | Sat | |
| ensit | (-) | land | LEP 7.4 Vulnerable land | | \circ | |
| e Š | | | | NR | Sat | |
| onic | | | LEP 7.5 Riparian lands | | \circ | |
| res | | | and waterways | NR | Sat | |
| Natural resource Sensitivity | | | | | | |
| Z | | | LEP 7.6 Groundwater | | 0 | |
| | | | vulnerability | NR | Sat | |
| | | | , | IVIX | Oat | |

| Flooding (including MOFFS) | (a)(i) (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e) | Flooding Overland flow DCP 4.2 Flooding | LEP 5.21 Flood Planning | NR NR | Sat | |
|---|---|---|------------------------------------|---------------|------------|--|
| Bushfire Prone Land (inc | (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e) | Bushfire DCP 4.1 Bushfire | | NR O NR | Sat Sat | See section 4.1 for further discussion. |
| Environmental -Contaminated Land & PFAS | (a)(i) (b) (c) (e) | Contaminated Land PFAS Study Area Site observations | SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 | O NR | Sat | Agricultural land is considered potentially contaminated land. Potential contamination and suitability of the site was considered in the assessment of the subdivision. There was no indication from the site visit that the location of the dwelling, swimming pool and shed was on a part of the site that had been used for an activity that would be considered potentially contaminating such as sheep dips or fuel storage. Furthermore, the land is not identified on Councils register of contaminated sites. Accordingly, it is not considered necessary to request any investigation reports on the subject |
| Airport Constraints | (a)(i) (b) (c) (e) | Airport Constraints | LEP 7.11 Airspace operations | O NR | Sat | site. |

| | | | LEP 7.12 Development in areas subject to aircraft noise | O NR | Sat | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---|--|---------|-----|--|
| | (b) (c) (e) | Services/Utilities | | O NR | Sat | |
| | | (Septic area? Health referral)) | | IVIX | Sat | |
| Sewer and Stormawater | | Sewer/stormwater infrastructure (Build over, encroachment, earthwork impacts) | | | | |
| Sewer and | | Stormwater issues – overland flow | | | | |
| Assets – | | Electricity infrastructure (including setbacks to substations) (Transport/infrastructure SEPP referral) | | | | |

| | (b) | Existing site conditions | 0 | | Site visit undertaken on:19/08/2022 |
|--|------------------------|---|----|-----|--|
| Aerial Imagery (*Topographic – Hydrology) | (e) | Buildings on site Retaining walls Cut and fill Deposited fill Boundary fencing and walls Private open space Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations | NR | Sat | The subject site is currently vacant with no significant vegetation present on the site. An overhead electricity powerline runs east to west along the southern (front) boundary and a power pole is located along the south-western corner of the subject site. Proposed development is clear of the electricity power pole and powerline. Given the proximity of overhead electricity powerline from the proposed development the application was referred to Essential Energy for comments. |
| | (b) (c) (e) | Off site observations | 0 | | |
| Aerial Imagery (*Topographic – Hydrology) | | Buildings Window locations Private open space Retaining walls Cut and fill Boundary fencing and walls Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations | NR | Sat | |
| | (a)(iii) (b) (c) | Traffic, access and parking | 0 | | |
| | (e) | Manoeuvring | NR | Sat | |

| | Site Distance Issues Driveway grade Check Driveway location and grade Side entry pit Service lids/pits Poles/turrets/substations Street Trees DCP 2.1 Vehicle access and movements 9.3.6 Front setbacks | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---------|-----|---|
| (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e) | Context, setting and streetscape DCP 9.2.2 Streetscape 9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades 9.2.4 Sloping Sites 9.3.1 Site area per dwelling 9.3.2 Site cover 9.3.6 Front setbacks 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.1 Building elements | O NR | Sat | See section 9.3.6 below for further discussion. |
| (a)(iii) (b) | 9.4.2 Materials and finishes 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways 9.4.5 Site facilities Public Domain | 0 | • | |

| (c) (e) | Impact on street or adjoining public place | NR | Sat | |
|-------------------------------|--|---------|-----|--|
| | Condition/Dilapidation | | | |
| | Construction access | | | |
| | DCP 2.7 Development adjoining open space 9.4.5 Site facilities | | | |
| (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e) | Safety, security and crime prevention | O NR | Sat | |
| | DCP 2.5 Safety and security | | | |
| (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e) | DCP 9.2.1 Site layout 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways | O NR | Sat | |
| (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e) | DCP 9.3.4 Solar access 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks | O NR | Sat | |
| (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e) | Visual Privacy Private open space | O NR | Sat | |

| | Boundary fencing and screening DCP 9.3.5 Private open space 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.3 Privacy | | | | |
|---|--|---------------------|---------|-----|--|
| (a)(i) (b) (c) (e) | Noise and Vibration Acoustic privacy conflicts Impacting nearby landuses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals) | | O NR | Sat | |
| (a)(i) (b) (c) (e) | Air and microclimate Impacting nearby landuses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals) | | O NR | Sat | |
| (a)(i) (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e) | Earthworks and Soils Cut and fill Stability and erosion control Stormwater quality | | O NR | Sat | |
| | DCP 9.4.6 Changing the landform – cut and fill | LEP 7.1A Earthworks | O NR | Sat | |

| (b) (c) (e) | Landscaping | | ● NR | O Sat | |
|-------------------------------|---|-----------------|---------|----------|---|
| (b) (c) (e) | Waste | | 0 | 0 | |
| | Construction waste management | | NR | Sat | |
| | Asbestos | | | | |
| (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e) | DCP 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.2 Materials and finishes | | O NR | Sat | |
| (a)(i) (b) (c) (e) | BASIX (Use assessment checklist) | BASIX SEPP 2004 | O NR | Sat | A valid BASIX Certificate (Certificate No. 1320411S) is received and assessed as being compliant. |
| (b) (c) (e) | Other hazards Natural Technological | | O NR | Sat | |
| (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e) | Flora and Fauna (on and off-site) | | O NR | Sat | |

| Check for native veg |
|--------------------------|
| requirements (R5 and RU4 |
| Land) |

DCP

5.2 Preservation of trees

5.3 Native Vegetation Cover

Section 5AA and Part 7 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016

Test for determining whether proposed development or activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats)





Section 5AA and Part 7 of the Biodiversity
Conservation Act 2016 (Test for determining
whether proposed development or activity
likely to significantly affect threatened species
or ecological communities, or their habitats)

There are a number of tests to determine whether the proposal triggers the NSW Biodiversity Offset Scheme under the NSW Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 and results in the need for further assessments or offsets.

1. Is the subject site identified as an area of outstanding biodiversity value on the biodiversity values map?

No

2. Does the amount of native vegetation being removed exceed the biodiversity offsets scheme threshold?

No native vegetation is proposed to be removed.

3. Test of Significance - the test to determine whether the proposed development or activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats.

| | | | | | Given that no native vegetation is being removed and in the absence of any recorded endangered flora or fauna on the site of the proposed development, it is not anticipated that the development will significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities or their habitats. Based on the above assessment it is satisfied that the development will not trigger the Biodiversity Offset Scheme. |
|-----------------------------|--|--|---------|----------|--|
| (b) (c) (e) | Social and economic impacts | | O NR | Sat | |
| (b) (c) (e) | Facilitation of Ecologically Sustainable Development | | O NR | Sat | |
| (a)(i) (b) (c) (e) | Other LEP Clauses | LEP 2.7 Demolition requires development consent | NR NR | O Sat | |
| | | LEP 4.3 Height of buildings | O NR | Sat | |
| | | LEP 7.9 Primacy of Zone B3 Commercial Core | O NR | Sat | |
| | | LEP 4.2A Erection of dwelling houses and dual occupancies on land in certain residential, rural | O NR | Sat | The dwelling has been proposed on a lot that meets the required minimum lot size. |

| | | and environmental | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--|---------|----------|--|
| | | protection zones | | | |
| | | LEP 5.16 Subdivision of, or dwellings on, land in | O NR | Sat | Proposed development is consistent with the prevailing land uses in the locality, of small lot |
| | | certain rural, residential or environment protection zones | | | rural-residential living. |
| | | Other Clauses | • NR | O Sat | |
| (a)(i) (b) (c) (e) | Other EPIs | SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 | O NR | Sat | Proposed development was referred to Essential Energy given the proximity of proposed development from an overhead electricity powerline. Essential Energy raised no objection and comments should be imposed as conditions of consent where relevant. |
| | | SEPP (Precincts - Regional) 2021 | NR | O Sat | |
| | | Other SEPPs | NR | O Sat | |
| (a)(ii) (b) (c) (e) | Draft EPIs | | O NR | Sat | There are a number of state environmental planning policies currently subject to review, including some which have involved consultation and notification. None of these are applicable to this application. |
| (a)(iiia) (e) | Planning agreements | | NR NR | O Sat | No related planning agreement has been entered into under section 7.4. |

| | (4) | | T | | | NP1 |
|-----|------------|---|-------------------------------|---------|-----|---|
| | (d) (e) | Submissions | | \circ | | Nil |
| | | | | NR | Sat | |
| | (e) | Section 68 Application made | Local Government Act | | 0 | |
| | | as part of DA | 1993 | NR | Sat | |
| | | , and part of 250 | | IVIX | Sal | |
| | (e) | Section 7.11 Contributions | EP&A Act 1979 | | 0 | Contribution paid at subdivision stage. |
| | | (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 - 2034) | | NR | Sat | |
| | (e) | Section 7.12 Contributions | EP&A Act 1979 | | 0 | |
| | | (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 - 2034) | | NR | Sat | |
| | (e) | Section 64 sewer | s64 <i>LG Act 1993</i> & s306 | | 0 | Subject site is outside the DSP area. |
| | | (Development Servicing Plan – Sewerage Services – July 2013) | Water Management Act 2000 | NR | Sat | |
| | (e) | Section 64 stormwater | s64 <i>LG Act 1993</i> & s306 | | 0 | Contribution paid at subdivision stage. |
| | | (Development Servicing Plan – Stormwater – November 2007) | Water Management Act 2000 | NR | Sat | |
| cl. | (a)(iv) | The Regulation – Prescribed | | 0 | | |
| | (e) | Matters | | NR | Sat | |
| | | EP&A Regulation 2021 | cl.61(1) - Demolition of a | IVIX | O | |
| | | 3 | building, the provisions of | | _ | |
| | | | AS 2601 | NR | Sat | |
| | | | (ensure condition included | | | |
| | | | requiring compliance with | | | |
| | | | standard) | | | |
| | | | cl.61(7) - Consideration of | | 0 | |
| | | | Special Activation Precinct | NR | Sat | |
| | | | Master Plan | NR | Sal | |
| | | | cl.64 - require existing | | 0 | |
| | | | building to be brought into | NR | Sat | |

| | | total or partial conformity with BCA (check with Building Surveyor for development proposing the rebuilding, alteration, enlargement or extension of an existing building) | | | |
|----------------|--|--|---------|-----|---|
| (a)(iv) (e) | The Regulation – Prescribed | EP&A Regulation 2021 | 0 | | |
| (-) | Conditions (ensure conditions of consent included) | | NR | Sat | |
| (e) | Other regulation matters | EP&A Regulation 2021 | O NR | Sat | |
| (e) | Council Policies | | O NR | Sat | Policy 046 - Processing Development Applications lodged by Councillors, staff and individuals of which a conflict of interest may arise, or on Council owned land. No declaration has been made that would require action under this policy. |
| (e) | Other public interest matters | | O NR | Sat | It is considered that this application will not have a detrimental effect on the public interest. |

Development Control Plan 2010

Section 4.15(1)(a)(iii) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

| DCP Section (Objectives and Controls) | | | Comment | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|--|
| | ant | 7 | | |
| | e X e | cto | | |
| | Releva | fac | | |
| | | Satisfa | | |
| (⊠ section not relevant) | Not | Se | | |
| (El dedicti flot folovant) | | | | |
| | | | | |

1.10 Notification of a Development Application

| Compliance with the advertising and notification procedures detailed in this section of the DCP | O NR | Sat | The application has been notified in accordance with the notification provisions outlined in Section 1.10 of the WWDCP. |
|---|---------|-----|---|
| | | | Dates: 21/11/2022 to 28/11/2022 |

☐ 1.11 Complying with the Wagga Wagga Development Control Plan 2010

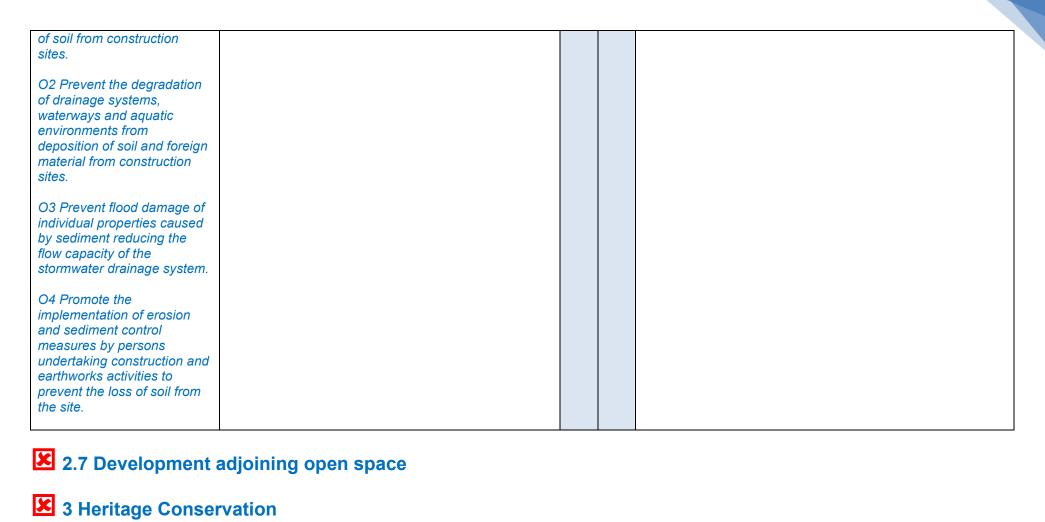
| Compliance with the procedures, guidelines and delegations detailed in this section of the DCP | O NR | Sat | Proposed development does not comply with C3 of 9.3.6 of the DCP that relates to garage protruding in front of the face of the forward most wall of the dwelling enclosing a habitable room. |
|--|---------|-----|--|
| | | | The applicant seeks variation to the control and have provided written justification. Issues surrounding variation request will be discussed under Section 9.3.6 below. |

| ■ 2.1 Vehicle acces | s and movements | | | |
|--|--|---------|----------|--|
| O1 Ensure the safety and efficiency of urban and rural roads. | C3 Vehicles are to enter and leave in a forward direction unless it can be demonstrated that site conditions prevent it. | NR NR | O Sat | |
| O2 Limit new access points to arterial roads or ensure alternative access is utilised where practical. | C5 Access driveways are to be located in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard at the time of lodgement of an application. | O NR | Sat | |
| , | C6 Ensure adequate sight lines for proposed driveways. | O NR | Sat | |
| 2.2 Off-street par | king | | | |
| O2 Ensure the provision of safe and efficient parking for all modes of transport to meet anticipated demands. | C1 Parking is to be provided in accordance with the table below. For uses not listed, similar land uses should be used as a guide in assessing car parking requirements. | O NR | Sat | |
| O3 Minimise disruptions to existing levels of service and safety as a result of insufficient parking being provided on site. | | | | |
| 2.3 Landscaping | | | | |
| 2.5 Safety and se | curity | | | |
| | C1 Use good site planning to clearly define public, semi-public and private areas. | 0 | | |

| O1 Incorporate crime | | NR | Sat | |
|-------------------------------|--|------------|---------|--|
| prevention strategies in new | C2 Entries are to be clearly visible and identifiable from | \bigcirc | | |
| developments. | the street, and are to give the resident/occupier a | _ | | |
| , | sense of personal address and shelter. For non- | NR | Sat | |
| O2 Encourage active, | residential uses, administration offices or showroom | | | |
| pedestrian oriented | are to be located at the front of the building. | | | |
| environments where | 9 | | | |
| developments are designed | C3 Minimise blank walls along street frontages. | 0 | | |
| to integrate into the public | or manner mann mann arring our cormonnages. | _ | | |
| domain. | | NR | Sat | |
| | C4 Avoid areas of potential concealment and 'blind' | \circ | | |
| O3 Maximise opportunities | corners. | _ | Co4 | |
| for natural surveillance of | | NR | Sat | |
| public spaces and building or | C5 Provide lighting to external entry areas, driveways | | \circ | |
| site entrances. | and car parks in accordance with the relevant | ND | _ | |
| | Australian Standards. The lighting is to be designed | NR | Sat | |
| | and sited to minimise spill and potential nuisance to | | | |
| | adjoining properties. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | C6 Planting and fencing is not to reduce the safety of | \bigcirc | | |
| | users or | _ | 0 (| |
| | compromise areas of natural surveillance. | NR | Sat | |
| | | | | |
| | C7 Where a site provides a pedestrian through route | | 0 | |
| | the access path is to be clearly defined and sign | | _ | |
| | posted, appropriately lit, and have satisfactory visibility. | NR | Sat | |
| | | | | |
| | C8 Locate public toilets and rest areas to promote their | | 0 | |
| | use, and maximise public surveillance without creating | | _ | |
| | visual intrusion. | NR | Sat | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| — | | | | |
| 2.6 Erosion and se | ediment control | | | |
| | | | | |
| O1 Protect the environment | Consistent with the objectives of this section of the | | | |
| against soil erosion and loss | DCP. | \circ | | |
| -3 con or color aria 1000 | | | | |

Category 1 Development Assessment Report and Checklist

Version 1.0 August 2020



4.1 Bushfire

C1 Applications are to satisfy the relevant provisions of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2006 (or any later NR Sat Development in bush fire prone areas is subject to Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019 (or any later

| O1 Minimise risk to life, property and the environment from bush fire. O2 Ensure compliance with statutory obligations for development in bush fire prone areas. | versions) and Australian Standard: 3959 Construction of Buildings in Bush Fire Prone Areas. | | | versions) and Australian Standard: 3959 Construction of Buildings in Bush Fire Prone Areas (AS: 3959). The proposal is on small rural block. If unmanaged the site and adjoining land could develop into a grassland hazard. The 88B, however, has a requirement that the whole site, and adjoining properties are maintained as an inner protection area including native vegetation plantings required for the lot. Therefore, the subject site and adjoining land within 100m is considered to be managed land and not considered to be a bushfire threat. Therefore, no further bushfire protection measures are required. A condition of consent will ensure the site is maintained as an inner protection area. |
|---|---|---------|-----|---|
| | C2 Where required, a clear separation is to be provided between buildings and bushfire hazards in the form of a fuel-reduced Asset Protection Zone (APZ). In all cases the APZ is to be located wholly within the land zoned Residential. Refer to the requirements of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2006 | O NR | Sat | |

4.2 Flooding

5.1 Development on ridges and prominent hills

5.2 Preservation of trees

Category 1 Development Assessment Report and Checklist

| 5.3 Native Vegetation Cover | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------|-----|--|--|--|
| Refer to this section of the DCF |). | O NR | Sat | Native vegetation requirements for each lot are set out on the 88B instrument. A plan showing planting consistent with this plan has been received. Relevant condition will be imposed on the development consent. | | |
| 5.4 Environmental | ly sensitive land | | | | | |
| 6 Villages | | | | | | |
| 8 Rural Developm | ent | | | | | |
| 9.1.5 R3 Zone – St | aunton Estate | | | | | |
| 9.2.1 Site layout | | | | | | |
| O1 Encourage site responsive development that is compatible with existing or | C1 Use site characteristics such as trees, changes in level or rock outcrops as features within the site layout. | O NR | Sat | | | |
| desired built form. O2 Facilitate sustainable | C2 Integrate access, landscaping and services in the site layout, avoiding underutilised spaces. | O NR | Sat | | | |
| development through passive solar design. | C3 Orient living spaces to maximise solar access. | O NR | Sat | | | |
| O3 Integrate landscaping and built form. | C4 Facilitate natural cross ventilation within dwellings through the location of windows and doors. | O NR | Sat | | | |

| O4 Encourage designs which respond to the physical context and characteristics of the particular site. O5 Encourage design that maximises the opportunity for passive surveillance of communal spaces from private living areas. | | | | |
|---|--|---------|----------|--|
| 9.2.2 Streetscape | | | | |
| O1 Encourage compatibility with existing built form. O2 Encourage attractive | C1 Provide a street address and front elevation that is consistent with the predominant scale, rhythm and form of the street. | O NR | Sat | |
| streetscapes. O3 Ensure a strong street edge with good definition between the public and private domain. | C2 Front fence height forward of the building line is not to exceed 1200mm. However, a side boundary fence forward of the building line may be permitted to taper from the maximum permitted height (1.8 metres) at the building line down to the 1200mm maximum permitted height at the front boundary. | NR NR | Sat | |
| O4 In locations where front fences are an important feature of the established | C3 Fence height at and behind the building line is not to exceed 1800mm in height. | NR NR | O Sat | |
| streetscape, ensure that new fences complement the character of the streetscape. | C4 The majority of windows in dwelling wall which face the street should be windows of habitable rooms. | O NR | Sat | |

9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades

| O1 Encourage site responsive development. | C1 Use pier, split level or suspended floor designs on sloping sites. | NR | O Sat | The building design is appropriate to the site and generally meets the objectives. |
|--|---|----|----------|--|
| O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions. | | | | |
| O3 If an alternate design is possible, avoid development that would require cutting into the site. | | | | |

- 9.3.1 Site area per dwelling
- 9.3.2 Site cover
- 9.3.4 Solar access

| O1 Ensure that the amenity of the occupants of dwellings is achieved by designing so | C1 Locate garages, laundries and bathrooms to provide insulation from western sun. | O NR | Sat | |
|--|--|---------|-----|--|
| that they receive adequate daylight and natural ventilation to habitable rooms and sunlight to private open | C2 Locate living areas and private open space to ensure orientation to the north and north east where possible. | O NR | Sat | |
| space areas. O2 Ensure non-habitable rooms such as garages, | C3 Building design and site layout is to ensure adequate sunlight access to the internal living spaces and private open space of the proposed development. | O NR | Sat | |
| laundries and bathrooms are positioned so that living | C4 Variations can be considered to C1, C2 and C3 where it can be demonstrated that site constraints, | | 0 | |

| areas, open space and habitable rooms receive maximum winter solar access and ventilation. O3 Maintain reasonable sunlight access to adjoining properties. | existing built form and good design practices limit the ability of the proposal to comply with these controls. C6 For any adjacent dwellings that have north facing living areas, maintain 3 hours sunlight access to the windows of the living areas between 9am and 3pm in mid-winter (June 22). | NR O NR | Sat Sat | |
|---|---|---------------|------------|--|
| | C7 Variations to C6 above can be considered where it can be demonstrated that any form of reasonable development on the lot would cause non-compliance with C6. In this instance the impacts are to be minimised where possible. | NR NR | O Sat | |
| | C8 Proposed development design should take into account the location of any adjacent private open space and avoid excess overshadowing of that space. | O NR | Sat | |
| 9.3.5 Private oper | n space | | | |
| O1 Provide quality, useable private open space. O2 Ensure adequate areas for recreation and outdoor | C1 At least 24m2 of private open space is required per dwelling. The private open space is to be directly accessible to the main living area and have a minimum dimension of 4m. | O NR | Sat | |
| living. O3 Encourage good connection between dwellings and private open space. | C2 Enclosure of approved private open space will be permitted, however at least one side of the approved private open space is to remain open. Roofing of approved private open space is permitted provided that BASIX requirements are not compromised. | NR NR | O Sat | |
| | C3 Use screening where necessary to ensure the privacy of private open space areas. | NR | O Sat | |

9.3.6 Front setbacks

| O1 Encourage uniform building lines that correspond to the built setbacks and patterns of neighbouring buildings. O2 Encourage attractive residential streets and quality public domain. | C1 Minimum front setbacks for residential development (site area smaller than 2000m2): Primary frontage to a main or arterial road 9m # Primary street frontage (other roads) 6m # Secondary frontage (corner site) 3m # - For residential accommodation in R3 Zones a minimum setback of 3m may be considered. | O NR | Sat | |
|---|---|---------|----------|--|
| O3 Ensure that new developments complement the established built patterns O4 Maintain lines of sight for | C2 In the older areas of Wagga Wagga front setbacks are typically 7.5m. where the setback of existing adjoining buildings is greater than 6m increase the front setback to the setback of the adjoining building closest to the street boundary. | NR NR | O Sat | |
| vehicle safety. | C3 The front elevation of a dwelling as visible from a public road shall include at least one change in plane of the dwelling wall (that encloses a habitable room) of a minimum of 500mm. The front of the garage shall not protrude in front of the face of the forward most wall of the dwelling enclosing a habitable room. In all instances, the garage shall not encroach on the front setback identified under C1. The forward most part of a building/dwelling wall shall not project forward of the building line. Refer to diagrams opposite. | O NR | Sat | The proposal does not comply with C3 of Section 9.3.6 of the DCP as the front of the garage protrudes in front of the face of the forward most wall of the dwelling enclosing a habitable room. The applicant has provided written justification in the SEE report seeking variation to this control. Summary of justification provided as follows: - Whilst the garage is set forward 4.4m from the front bedroom wall, it is not only practical to meet the occupants need but also visually appealing on a larger block. - The garage is setback 20m from road therefore no impact on the streetscape. - There is no impact on adjoining properties given adequate setback (over 70m) is |

- maintained from eastern and western boundary.
 There are similar developments within
- There are similar developments within the vicinity and within large lot residential subdivision like Governors Hill therefore the proposal will have minimal impact as opposed to smaller lot sizes which will have greater impact.
- Typical landscaping will also soften the bulk of the dwelling.
- The subject site is on a rural style lot and

Having undertaken a merits assessment of the requested variation, it is considered that the proposal be supported given the following reasons:

- The subject block is within RU4 zone (Primary Production Small Lots) with an area of 4 Ha. Whilst garage protrudes forward of the forward most wall of habitable room, the front façade of the dwelling is well presented in the street from a design perspective. The roof form, articulation and inclusion of porch/entry within the front façade helps to minimise potential visual impact on the streetscape.
- The dwelling maintains reasonable setback from the front boundary and the encroachment of garage forward of the forward most wall of habitable room will not be hugely noticeable due to the inclusion of

| proposed d - There are s within the v blocks with | ment, attractive roof form and listance from the boundary. similar examples of development ricinity and large lot residential garages forward of the front wall |
|--|--|
| shapes and | e room of the dwelling in different d forms. As such, the proposal out of character or detrimental to e. |
| separation therefore the | development maintains adequate from respective boundaries ne proposal is unlikely to cause e impact on adjoining properties. |
| C4 Variations to the minimum setback can be considered in the following circumstances: | |
| Within Urban Release Areas where it can be | |
| demonstrated that the reduced setback will be generally consistent with the character of the area or | |
| likely or desired future character of the area consistent | |
| with those generally allowed under the SEPP (Exempt and Complying Code) 2008 or relevant Code at the | |
| time of lodgement of a development application. | |
| Areas where it can be demonstrated that the setback is consistent with neighbouring properties. This | |
| situation is typical to older established areas of Central Wagga and large lot residential land. | |
| Corner lots where it can be demonstrated that the | |
| reduced setback on either or both frontages provides a | |
| more attractive streetscape without impacting unreasonably on the amenity of the neighbouring | |

| | properties. This is relevant to designs that address both frontages without boundary fencing. | | | |
|---|---|---------|-----|--|
| 9.3.7 Side and rea | er setbacks | | | |
| O1 Ensure adequate separation between buildings for landscaping, privacy, natural light and ventilation. | C1 The rear setback for detached secondary dwellings is determined by site conditions and the setbacks of similar structures on adjoining and nearby sites. | NR NR | Sat | |
| O2 Ensure new development continues the rhythm or pattern of development in the locality. | C2 Any point of a building must have a setback from the side boundary nearest to that point of at least: a) If the lot is in Zone R5 a setback of 2m, or b) If the lot is in Zone RU1, RU2 or RU4 a setback of 10m. | NR | Sat | |
| O3 Provide access for maintenance. | | | | |
| O4 Building setbacks from the side and rear boundaries shall have careful regard to the impact of proposed structures on adjoining landowners. | | | | |
| 9.4.1 Building elements | | | | |
| O1 Encourage quality and visually interesting buildings through the use of building | C1 Use verandahs or pergolas to link internal and external living areas. | O NR | Sat | |
| elements. O2 Facilitate passive solar design principles. | C2 Porches are to be integrated into the building design, and are to be used to create a sheltered and clearly visible entry. | O NR | Sat | |

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| | C3 Locate ancillary components such as aerials, satellite dishes, air conditioning units and the like so they are not visible from the street. | O NR | Sat | |
|---|--|---------|----------|--|
| | C5 Secondary dwellings are to appear as a single occupancy from the public domain. | NR | O Sat | |
| 9.4.2 Materials an | d finishes | | | |
| O1 Encourage the use of external materials and finishes that are suited to their location and support | C1 Select materials for their environmental performance, durability, detail and appearance to achieve quality appearance. | O NR | Sat | |
| consistent quality streetscapes. | C2 Avoid large unbroken expanses of any single material. | O NR | Sat | |
| O2 Encourage use of materials that have good thermal performance. | C3 Minimise use of highly reflective or glossy materials on building exteriors. | O NR | Sat | |
| O3 Promote the use of materials that are climate responsive and contribute to innovative building design. | C4 Use contrasting materials in combination with design elements for features such as corner elements. | O NR | Sat | |
| O4 Discourage corporate colours in building facades. | | | | |
| 9.4.3 Privacy | | | | |
| O1 Ensure privacy within new developments, and | C1 Offset windows, balconies and private open space areas between adjoining dwellings. | O NR | Sat | |

| existing properties. Sight between neighbouring balconies or private open space areas, or between windows and door openings of habitable rooms. Sat NR Sat |
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9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways

| O1 Minimise the visual dominance of garages and driveways in the streetscape. | C1 Where garage doors form part of the facade of a dwelling fronting a public road - the garage door is to be: | O NR | Sat | |
|---|---|---------|----------|--|
| O2 Where possible, locate garages so as to assist in protecting dwellings from early morning and late afternoon summer sun. | less than 50% of the width of the house* no wider than 6m # maximum 2.4m high # - double garages are only permitted on lots 12.5m wide or greater* - single fronted tandem garages with one space behind the other are permitted * - Variations to these controls may be considered for multi storey dwellings # - Variations to these controls may be considered where the setback of the dwelling exceeds 10 metres. | | | |
| | C2 Garages, carports and sheds that open up to a laneway must be setback a minimum of 1m from the property boundary. | NR NR | O Sat | |
| | C3 The floor area of an outbuilding on a residential lot must not be more than the following: (a) 8% of the site area if the lot has an area of less than 600m2, | NR NR | O Sat | |

| | (b) 8% of the area or a maximum area of 175m2, whichever is the lesser, if the lot has an area of at least 600m2 but less than 4000m2, (c) Lots greater than 4000m2 will be considered on their merits. | | | |
|--|--|---------|-----|---|
| | C4 The total cumulative floor area of all outbuildings on any one property shall not exceed 8% of the site area or a maximum area of 300m2, whichever is the lesser. | O NR | Sat | Proposed shed is 54m ² which is 0.13%. The proposed shed is the only outbuilding on the property therefore complies. |
| | C5 Sheds may only be erected on residential land where a dwelling house is constructed or under construction and must be used for purposes ancillary to the residential use of the land. | O NR | Sat | |
| | C6 The height of an outbuilding or the alterations and additions to an existing outbuilding on a lot must not be more than 4.8m above ground level (existing). The building shall be single storey construction with a maximum roof pitch of 27 degrees or steeper to match the roof pitch of the house. | O NR | Sat | Maximum height of proposed outbuilding is 4.732m. Complies. |
| | C7 An outbuilding shall not be located in front of the main building line. Variations may be considered for a balcony, deck, patio, pergola, terrace or verandah. | O NR | Sat | |
| 9.4.5 Site facilities | 8 | | | |
| O1 Ensure site facilities are integrated into site design, and are convenient, visually discreet and easy to maintain. | C3 Locate mail boxes so that they are clearly visible from the street or main entry. The plans are to include details of the location for letter boxes and any associated shelter structure. | O NR | Sat | |
| | C4 Garbage areas are to be easily accessible within the site, and are to have adequate lighting. The area | 0 | | |

| | T | | | |
|---|--|---------|-----|------|
| O2 Encourage an attractive residential setting and quality public domain. | should be visually screened from adjoining developments and public spaces. | | | |
| O3 Minimise duplication of trenches for services and the like. | C5 Provide an external drying area in an area that receives reasonable solar access. The drying area is to be screened from the street or adjoining public spaces. | O NR | Sat | |
| O1 Encourage site responsive development and protect the amenity of | C1 Excavation is not to exceed a maximum depth measured from ground level (existing) as follows: (a) If located no more than 1m from boundary – 1.5m, | O NR | Sat | |
| adjoining land. O2 Avoid excessive | (a) it located no more than 1m from boundary = 1.5m, and (b) If located more than 1m but not more than 1.5m | | | |
| earthworks and minimise changes to the natural | from any boundary – 2m, and (c) If located more than 1.5m from any boundary – 3m. | | | |

O3 Encourage site layout and building design that is appropriate to the site conditions, including use of split levels, pier foundation or suspended floor house designs.

O4 Avoid adverse impacts on salinity by minimising the potential for surface water to enter the groundwater in recharge areas.

O5 Avoid inappropriate fill being introduced to sites.

Any depths and/or setbacks outside of the above may only be considered where there is no unreasonable or unacceptable impact on the amenity of the adjoining properties (direct overlooking and loss of privacy, overshadowing to areas of principal private open space and living areas).

C2 Fill is not to exceed:

(a) 1.5m above ground level (existing), and
(b) Must be contained by either:

(i) A retaining wall or other form of structural support that does not extend more than 1.5m from the closest external wall of the dwelling house, or
(ii) An unprotected sloping embankment or batter that does not extend from the dwelling house by more than 3m, in which case the toe of the embankment or batter must be more than 1m away from a side or rear boundary.

| O6 Ensure adequate provision of drainage in relation to cut and fill practices. | Variations to the above setbacks can be considered where the applicant can demonstrate that there is an acceptable impact on the amenity of the adjoining properties (privacy, overshadowing). | | | |
|---|---|----------|----------|--|
| | C3 Retaining walls and support for earthworks that are more than 600mm above or below ground (existing) and within 1m of the boundary or more than 1m above the ground level in another location, must take the form of a retaining wall or other form of structural support that: (a) has been certified by a professional engineer, and (b) has adequate drainage lines connected to the existing stormwater drainage system for the site, and (c) does not result in any retaining wall or structural support with a total height measured vertically from the base of the retaining wall or structural support to its uppermost portion is: (i) more than 1.5m in height and within 1m from a side or rear boundary, or (ii) more than 3m in height at any other location. | NR | O Sat | |
| | C4 Retaining walls are not to be located within the easement. The retaining wall shall be located outside the easements zone of influence. | NR NR | Sat | |
| | C5 No cut or fill to take place within easements. | NR | O Sat | |
| | C6 To encourage site responsive development, excavation and retaining walls greater than that specified in C1 to C3 above can be considered where the design responds to the slope (or incorporates split levels). The additional retaining wall height is to facilitate basements, garages or the like at the lower level. The excavation is to be adequately retained and drained, in accordance with approved engineering details. | NR NR | Sat | |

| | C7 Where achievable, any proposed dwelling is to be designed incorporating retaining walls and fill within the dwelling. Should the provision of retaining walls and fill not be achievable within a proposed dwelling due to demonstrated site constraints they should be located as close to the proposed dwelling as is possible, to minimise the impact on the amenity of the adjoining properties. | O NR | Sat | |
|--|---|---------|------------|--|
| | C8 All retained material is to have a gradient of at least | \cap | | |
| | 5%. | · · | 0-1 | |
| | | NR | Sat | |
| | C9 Fill material is to be substantially from the site only. Imported fill material is not encouraged. | \circ | | |
| | | NR | Sat | |
| | C10 Cut and fill outside the building envelope is not to exceed 600mm. | | \bigcirc | |
| | | NR | Sat | |
| | C11 Stormwater or surface water runoff is not to be | \circ | | |
| | redirected or concentrated onto adjoining properties so | NR | Sat | |
| | as to cause a nuisance. Adequate drainage is to be provided to divert water away from batters. | | | |
| | provided to divert water away from batters. | | | |
| | C12 Earthworks should not be carried out within the angle of repose of adjoining property. Unless such | \cap | | |
| | | NR NR | Sat | |
| | works are supported by certified structural engineer reports and do not impact on neighbouring property. | 747 | Jul | |
| | reports and do not impact on neighbouring property. | | | |
| | I. | | | |

- 14 Boorooma Urban Release Area
- 15 Lloyd Urban Release Area
- 16 Gobbagombalin Urban Release Area