

Report of Development Application

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

Application Date of Lodgement 23/09/2021 Point	Csky Services Pty Ltd Po Box 8058 GRIFFITH NSW 2680			
Details	Proposal Development Cost	Outbuilding \$18000	Description of Mod.Other Approvals	N/A Nil
Site Details	Subject Land	2 Yabtree St WAGGA WAGGA NSW 2650 Lot 8 Sec B DP 13345	Owner	RM Moorfield & KM Moorfield

Recommendation: The application be approved subject to conditions of consent as detailed in the draft Notice of Determination.

Delegation to Determine Application:-

Report Prepared by:

M. Bousfull

Hayden Bousfield Town Planner

Date: 09/11/2021

Report Approved by:

Cameron Collins Development Assessment Coordinator

Date: 9/11/2021

Section not relevant

Section 4.55 Modification of Consent

Section 4.15(1) Matters for consideration - general

Description DA21/0610 – The proposed development is for the demolition of an existing carport and replacement with a 49m² outbuilding garage.

Mat	ters	for consideration				
GIS & System Check	Section 4.15(1) EP&A Act 1979	Issue	Legislative Provisions	Not Relevant	Satisfactory	Comment
>	(b) (c) (e)	DA History		O NR	• Sat	

LEP 2010 Zones	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Zoning	LEP 2.2 Zoning of land to which Plan applies 2.3 Zone objectives and Land Use Table	O NR	Sat	Zoning of land (cl 2.2): R1 The development is permissible in the zone (cl. 2.3(1)) The development is consistent with the following objectives of the zone (cl. 2.3(2)): • To provide for the housing needs of the
Land Parcels & DP	(b) (c) (e)	Land Title Correct legal description and ownership Easements & Building Envelopes Open Deposited Plan (including 88b) Registered title (deferred commencement)		ONR	Sat	 To provide for a variety of housing types and densities. Lot 8 Section B No Section 88B Instrument available
LEP 2010 Listed item and Conservation	(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Heritage Conservation Area Listed item DCP 3 Heritage Conservation	LEP 5.10 Heritage conservation	NR NR	O Sat Sat	

	(a)(i)	Urban Release Area	LEP 6.2 Public utility		0	4
Urban Àrea	(b) (c) (e)		infrastructure	NR	Sat	
LEP 2010 Urban release Area			LEP 6.3 Development control plan	NR	O Sat	
	(a)(i) (a)(iii)	Natural Resource Sensitivity	LEP 7.3 Biodiversity		0	
Sensitivity	(b) (c) (e)	DCP 5.4 Environmentally sensitive land	LEP 7.4 Vulnerable land	NR NR	Sat O Sat	
Natural resource			LEP 7.5 Riparian lands and waterways	NR	O Sat	
Nat			LEP 7.6 Groundwater vulnerability	O NR	• Sat	
ling MOFFS)	(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Flooding Overland flow		O NR	S at	The site is impacted by a 1% major overland flow event. The depth of water is not substantial and requires no further assessment
Flooding (including MOFFS)		DCP 4.2 Flooding	LEP 5.21 Flood Planning	NR	O Sat	or additional conditions of consent. No unreasonable impacts are expected from the development.
Bushfire Prone Land	(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Bushfire DCP 4.1 Bushfire		O NR	Sat	The site is not mapped as bush fire prone land and a site inspection has confirmed that the site or surrounding area is not a bush fire risk. No further assessment is required.

Environmental - Contaminated Land & PFAS	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Contaminated Land PFAS Study Area Site observations	SEPP55	O NR	Sat	There is no indication that the site has previously been occupied by any use that could have led to contamination of the site. Furthermore, the land is not identified on Councils register of contaminated sites.
Airport Constraints	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Airport Constraints	LEP 7.11 Airspace operations LEP 7.12 Development in areas subject to aircraft noise	O NR O NR	Sat	
Assets – Sewer and Stormawater	(b) (c) (e)	Services/Utilities (Septic area? Health referral)) Sewer/stormwater infrastructure (Build over, encroachment, earthwork impacts) Stormwater issues – overland flow Electricity infrastructure (including setbacks to substations) (Infrastructure SEPP referral)		O NR	Sat	

Aerial Imagery (*Topographic – Hydrology)	(b) (c) (e)	Existing site conditions Buildings on site Retaining walls Cut and fill Deposited fill Boundary fencing and walls Private open space Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations	O NR	Sat	Site visit undertaken on: 08/10/2021
Aerial Imagery (*Topographic – Hydrology)	(b) (c) (e)	Offsite observations Buildings Window locations Private open space Retaining walls Cut and fill Boundary fencing and walls Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations	O NR	Sat	
	(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Traffic, access and parking Manoeuvring Site Distance Issues Driveway grade	O NR	• Sat	

	Check Driveway location and grade Side entry pit Service lids/pits Poles/turrets/substations Street Trees DCP 2.1 Vehicle access and movements 9.3.6 Front setbacks				7
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Context, setting and streetscape DCP 9.2.2 Streetscape 9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades 9.2.4 Sloping Sites 9.3.1 Site area per dwelling 9.3.2 Site cover 9.3.6 Front setbacks 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.2 Materials and finishes 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways 9.4.5 Site facilities		O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Public Domain Impact on street or adjoining public place Condition/Dilapidation		O NR	• Sat	

	Construction access			
	DCP 2.7 Development adjoining open space 9.4.5 Site facilities			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Safety, security and crime prevention	O NR	• Sat	
	DCP 2.5 Safety and security			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Site and internal designDCP9.2.1 Site layout9.4.1 Building elements9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways	O NR	• Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	OUVEWAYS Solar impact DCP 9.3.4 Solar access 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks	O NR	• Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Visual Privacy Private open space	O NR	• Sat	
	Boundary fencing and screening			
	DCP 9.3.5 Private open space			

	9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.3 Privacy				
(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Noise and Vibration Acoustic privacy conflicts Impacting nearby land uses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)		O NR	Sat	
(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Air and microclimate Impacting nearby land uses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)		O NR	Sat	
(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Earthworks and Soils Cut and fill Stability and erosion control Stormwater quality		O NR	S at	
	DCP 9.4.6 Changing the landform – cut and fill	LEP 7.1A Earthworks	O NR	• Sat	
(b) (c) (e)	Landscaping		• NR	O Sat	
(b) (c) (e)	Waste		0		

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	Construction waste management		NR	Sat	
	Asbestos				
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Energy & Water DCP 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.2 Materials and finishes		O NR	• Sat	
(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	BASIX (Use assessment checklist)	BASIX SEPP 2004	• NR	O Sat	
(b) (c) (e)	Other hazards Natural Technological		O NR	S at	
a)(iii) b) c) e)	Flora and Fauna (on and off-site)		O NR	S at	
	Check for native veg requirements (R5 and RU4				
	Land) DCP 5.2 Preservation of trees 5.3 Native Vegetation Cover	Section 5AA and Part 7 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 Test for determining whether proposed development or activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats)	O NR	Sat	Section 5AA and Part 7 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (Test for determining whether proposed development or activity likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats) There are a number of tests to determine whether the proposal triggers the NSW Biodiversity Offset Scheme under the NSW

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			Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 and results in the need for further assessments or offsets.
			 Is the subject site identified as an area of outstanding biodiversity value on the biodiversity values map?
			No
			2. Does the amount of native vegetation being removed exceed the biodiversity offsets scheme threshold.
			No native vegetation is proposed to be removed.
			3. Test of Significance - the test to determine whether the proposed development or activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats.
			Given that no native vegetation is being removed and in the absence of any recorded endangered flora or fauna on the site of the proposed development, it is not anticipated that the development will significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities or their habitats.

					Based on the above assessment it is satisfied that the development will not trigger the Biodiversity Offset Scheme.
(b) (c) (e)	Social and economic impacts		O NR	S at	
(b) (c) (e)	Facilitation of Ecologically Sustainable Development		O NR	S at	
(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Other LEP Clauses	LEP 2.7 Demolition requires development consent	O NR	S at	Existing carport to be demolished
		LEP 4.3 Height of buildings	O NR	S at	
		LEP 7.9 Primacy of Zone B3 Commercial Core	O NR	• Sat	
		LEP 4.2A Erection of dwelling houses and dual occupancies on land in certain residential, rural and environmental protection zones	NR	O Sat	
		LEP 5.16 Subdivision of, or dwellings on, land in	• NR	O Sat	

		certain rural, residential or environment protection zones			
		Other Clauses	• NR	O Sat	
(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Other EPIs	SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007	NR NR	O Sat	
(0)		SEPP (Activation Precincts) 2020) NR	O Sat	
		Other SEPPs	● NR	O Sat	
(a)(ii) (b) (c) (e)	Draft EPIs		O NR	Sat	There are a number of state environmental planning policies currently subject to review, including some which have involved consultation and notification. None of these are applicable to this application.
(a)(iiia) (e)	Planning agreements) NR	O Sat	No related planning agreement has been entered into under section 7.4.
(d) (e)	Submissions		O NR	S at	Nil
(e)	Section 68 Application made as part of DA	Local Government Act 1993	NR	O Sat	
(e)	Section 7.11 Contributions (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan	EP&A Act 1979	• NR	O Sat	

(e)	Section 7.12 Contributions (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 - 2034)	EP&A Act 1979	• NR	O Sat	
(e)	Section 64 sewer (Development Servicing Plan – Sewerage Services – July 2013)	s64 LG Act 1993 & s306 Water Management Act 2000	• NR	O Sat	
(e)	Section 64 stormwater (Development Servicing Plan – Stormwater – November 2007)	s64 LG Act 1993 & s306 Water Management Act 2000	O NR	S at	Section 64 stormwater contributions have been charged in accordance with Council's Stormwater contributions Development Servicing Plan (DSP).
(a)(iv) (e)	The Regulation – Prescribed Matters EP&A Regulation 2000	cl.92(1)(b) - Demolition of a building, the provisions of AS 2601	O NR	Sat	
		(ensure condition included requiring compliance with standard)			
		cl.92A - Additional matters that consent authority must consider for Wagga Wagga	• NR	O Sat	
		cl.94 require existing building to be brought into total or partial conformity with BCA	● NR	O Sat	
		(check with Building Surveyor for development proposing the rebuilding, alteration, enlargement or extension of an existing building)			
		EP&A Regulation 2000	O NR	Sat	

(a)(i (e)	The Regulation – Prescribed Conditions (ensure conditions of consent included)	EP&A Regulation 2000	O NR	Sat	
(e)	Other regulation matters		O NR	Sat	Policy 046 - Processing Development Applications lodged by Councillors, staff and individuals of which a conflict of interest may arise, or on Council owned land. No declaration has been made that would require action under this policy.
(e)	Council Policies		O NR	• Sat	It is considered that this application will not have a detrimental effect on the public interest.
(e)	Other public interest matters				

Development Control Plan 2010 Section 4.15(1)(a)(iii) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

DCP Section (Objectives and Controls)			Comment
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	eva	Satisfactory	
	Rel	sfa	
	otF	atis	
(区 section not relevant)	ž	ŝ	

1.10 Notification of a Development Application

Compliance with the advertising and notification procedures detailed in this section of the DCP	O NR	S at	The application has been notified in accordance with the notification provisions outlined in Section 1.10 of the WWDCP.
			Dates: 11/10/2021 -18/10/2021

1.11 Complying with the Wagga Wagga Development Control Plan 2010

Compliance with the procedures, guidelines and delegations detailed in this section of the DCP	O NR	• Sat	The Development Application seeks a variation to Clause 9.4.4 to allow the following:
			 a maximum floor area above 8% of the lot size a minimum 900mm setback from the rear boundary a maximum total cumulative floor area of all outbuildings over 8% of the lot size. The proposed variations are only minor numerical violation to the controls and in this instance still achieve the objectives of Clause 9.4.4. As a result, the proposed variations are considered acceptable. (refer to Section 9.4.4 below for further discussion)

2.1 Vehicle access and movements

O1 Ensure the safety and efficiency of urban and rural roads.	C3 Vehicles are to enter and leave in a forward direction unless it can be demonstrated that site conditions prevent it.	• NR	O Sat	
O2 Limit new access points to arterial roads or ensure alternative access is utilised where practical.	C5 Access driveways are to be located in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard at the time of lodgement of an application.	O NR	• Sat	

C6 Ensure adequate sight lines for proposed driveways.	NR Sat	

2.2 Off-street parking

O2 Ensure the provision of safe and efficient parking for all modes of transport to meet anticipated demands.	C1 Parking is to be provided in accordance with the table below. For uses not listed, similar land uses should be used as a guide in assessing car parking requirements.	O NR	• Sat	
O3 Minimise disruptions to existing levels of service and safety as a result of insufficient parking being provided on site.				

2.3 Landscaping

2.5 Safety and security

O1 Incorporate crime prevention strategies in new developments.	C1 Use good site planning to clearly define public, semi-public and private areas.	O NR	S at	
O2 Encourage active, pedestrian oriented environments where developments are designed to integrate into the public	C2 Entries are to be clearly visible and identifiable from the street, and are to give the resident/occupier a sense of personal address and shelter. For non- residential uses, administration offices or showroom are to be located at the front of the building.	• NR	O Sat	
domain.	C3 Minimise blank walls along street frontages.	• NR	O Sat	

O3 Maximise opportunities for natural surveillance of public spaces and building or	C4 Avoid areas of potential concealment and 'blind' corners.	O NR	• Sat	
site entrances.	C5 Provide lighting to external entry areas, driveways and car parks in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards. The lighting is to be designed and sited to minimise spill and potential nuisance to adjoining properties.	• NR	O Sat	
	C6 Planting and fencing is not to reduce the safety of users or compromise areas of natural surveillance.) NR	O Sat	
	C7 Where a site provides a pedestrian through route the access path is to be clearly defined and sign posted, appropriately lit, and have satisfactory visibility.	• NR	O Sat	
	C8 Locate public toilets and rest areas to promote their use, and maximise public surveillance without creating visual intrusion.) NR	O Sat	

2.6 Erosion and sediment control

O1 Protect the environment against soil erosion and loss of soil from construction sites.	Consistent with the objectives of this section of the DCP.	O NR	• Sat	
O2 Prevent the degradation of drainage systems, waterways and aquatic environments from deposition of soil and foreign material from construction sites.				

	1		
O3 Prevent flood damage of			
individual properties caused			
by sediment reducing the			
flow capacity of the			
stormwater drainage system.			
stornwater urainage system.			
O4 Promote the			
implementation of erosion			
and sediment control			
measures by persons			
undertaking construction and			
earthworks activities to			
prevent the loss of soil from			
the site.			

2.7 Development adjoining open space

3 Heritage Conservation

4.1 Bushfire

4.2 Flooding

5.1 Development on ridges and prominent hills

5.2 Preservation of trees

5.3 Native Vegetation Cover

5.4 Environmentally sensitive land

O1 To support the controls and objective for both the E2 and E4 Zone and environmentally sensitive	C1 Development is to be consistent with any Conservation Management Plan prepared for land in the E2 zone.	• NR	O Sat	
land provisions in Clauses 7.3 to and inclusive of Clause 7.6 of the LEP.	Environmentally sensitive land – biodiversity (Outside "biocertified area")) NR	O Sat	
O2 Protect, maintain or improve the diversity of the native flora and fauna.	Natural Resources Sensitivity - land	• NR	O Sat	
O3 Protect the ecological processes necessary for their continued existence	Natural Resources Sensitivity - waterways	● NR	O Sat	
continued existence. O4 Encourage the recovery of threatened species, communities or populations and their habitats. O5 Protect, maintain or improve the diversity and	Natural Resources Sensitivity - groundwater	O NR	S at	
stability of landscapes.				

E 6 Villages

8 Rural Development

9.1.5 R3 Zone – Staunton Estate

9.2.1 Site layout

O1 Encourage site responsive development that is compatible with existing or	C1 Use site characteristics such as trees, changes in level or rock outcrops as features within the site layout.	O NR	• Sat	
desired built form. 02 Facilitate sustainable	C2 Integrate access, landscaping and services in the site layout, avoiding underutilised spaces.	O NR	Sat	
development through passive solar design.	C3 Orient living spaces to maximise solar access.	• NR	O Sat	
O3 Integrate landscaping and built form.	C4 Facilitate natural cross ventilation within dwellings through the location of windows and doors.	• NR	O Sat	
O4 Encourage designs which respond to the physical context and characteristics of the particular site.				
O5 Encourage design that maximises the opportunity for passive surveillance of communal spaces from private living areas.				

9.2.2 Streetscape

9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades

9.2.4 Sloping sites

O1 Encourage site responsive development.	C1 Use pier, split level or suspended floor designs on sloping sites.		Sat	The building design is appropriate to the site and generally meets the objectives.
· · ·		NR	Sat	,

O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.		
O3 If an alternate design is possible, avoid development that would require cutting into the site.		

9.3.1 Site area per dwelling

9.3.2 Site cover

O1 Ensure that development sites are of sufficient size for dual occupancy, multi dwelling housing and residential flat developments. O2 Ensure adequate areas for access, parking, landscaping, useable garden and outdoor areas and natural runoff.	C1 Maximum site cover is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.2a.	O NR	Sat	Site Area = $537.5m^2$ Maximum permitted site coverage 60% <u>Proposed</u> Dwelling Area = $202m^2$ Shed Area = $35m^2$ Proposed garage area = $49m^2$ Total = $286m^2$ (286 / 537.5) x 100 = 53%
O3 Retain compatibility with site context and avoid over development resulting from excessive site cover.				

9.3.4 Solar access

O1 Ensure that the amenity of the occupants of dwellings is achieved by designing so	C1 Locate garages, laundries and bathrooms to provide insulation from western sun.	• NR	O Sat	
that they receive adequate daylight and natural ventilation to habitable rooms and sunlight to private open	C2 Locate living areas and private open space to ensure orientation to the north and north east where possible.	• NR	O Sat	
space areas. O2 Ensure non-habitable rooms such as garages,	C3 Building design and site layout is to ensure adequate sunlight access to the internal living spaces and private open space of the proposed development.	O NR	• Sat	
laundries and bathrooms are positioned so that living areas, open space and habitable rooms receive maximum winter solar	C4 Variations can be considered to C1, C2 and C3 where it can be demonstrated that site constraints, existing built form and good design practices limit the ability of the proposal to comply with these controls.	NR	O Sat	
access and ventilation. O3 Maintain reasonable sunlight access to adjoining properties.	C6 For any adjacent dwellings that have north facing living areas, maintain 3 hours sunlight access to the windows of the living areas between 9am and 3pm in mid-winter (June 22).	O NR	S at	
	C7 Variations to C6 above can be considered where it can be demonstrated that any form of reasonable development on the lot would cause non-compliance with C6. In this instance the impacts are to be minimised where possible.	• NR	O Sat	
	C8 Proposed development design should take into account the location of any adjacent private open space and avoid excess overshadowing of that space.	O NR	• Sat	

9.3.5 Private open space

O1 Provide quality, useable C1 At least 24m2 of private open space is required per dwelling. The private open space is to be directly private open space.



[accessible to the main living area and have a minimum			
O2 Ensure adequate areas for recreation and outdoor	dimension of 4m.			
living. O3 Encourage good connection between dwellings and private open space.	C2 Enclosure of approved private open space will be permitted, however at least one side of the approved private open space is to remain open. Roofing of approved private open space is permitted provided that BASIX requirements are not compromised.	• NR	O Sat	
	C3 Use screening where necessary to ensure the privacy of private open space areas.	• NR	O Sat	

9.3.6 Front setbacks

9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks

O1 Ensure adequate separation between buildings for landscaping, privacy, natural light and ventilation.	C1 The rear setback for detached secondary dwellings is determined by site conditions and the setbacks of similar structures on adjoining and nearby sites.	O NR	S at	Side and rear setbacks comply with the objectives
 O2 Ensure new development continues the rhythm or pattern of development in the locality. O3 Provide access for maintenance. O4 Building setbacks from the side and rear boundaries shall have careful regard to the impact of proposed structures on adjoining landowners. 	C2 Any point of a building must have a setback from the side boundary nearest to that point of at least: a) If the lot is in Zone R5 a setback of 2m, or b) If the lot is in Zone RU1, RU2 or RU4 a setback of 10m.	• NR	O Sat	

9.4.1 Building elements

9.4.2 Materials and finishes

O1 Encourage the use of external materials and finishes that are suited to their location and support	C1 Select materials for their environmental performance, durability, detail and appearance to achieve quality appearance.	O NR	• Sat	
consistent quality streetscapes.	C2 Avoid large unbroken expanses of any single material.	O NR	• Sat	
O2 Encourage use of materials that have good thermal performance.	C3 Minimise use of highly reflective or glossy materials on building exteriors.	O NR	• Sat	
O3 Promote the use of materials that are climate responsive and contribute to innovative building design. O4 Discourage corporate	C4 Use contrasting materials in combination with design elements for features such as corner elements.	O NR	• Sat	
colours in building facades.				

9.4.3 Privacy

O1 Ensure privacy within new developments, and avoid potential impacts to	C1 Offset windows, balconies and private open space areas between adjoining dwellings.	● NR	O Sat	The outbuilding raises no privacy concerns given its use.
existing properties. O2 Ensure adequate acoustic privacy within dwellings.	C3 Screening is required where there is direct line of sight between neighbouring balconies or private open space areas, or between windows and door openings of habitable rooms.	• NR	O Sat	

9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways

O1 Minimise the visual dominance of garages and driveways in the streetscape. O2 Where possible, locate garages so as to assist in protecting dwellings from early morning and late afternoon summer sun.	C1 Where garage doors form part of the facade of a dwelling fronting a public road - the garage door is to be: less than 50% of the width of the house* no wider than 6m # maximum 2.4m high # - double garages are only permitted on lots 12.5m wide or greater* - single fronted tandem garages with one space behind the other are permitted * - Variations to these controls may be considered for multi storey dwellings # - Variations to these controls may be considered where the setback of the dwelling exceeds 10 metres.	• NR	O Sat	
	C2 Garages, carports and sheds that open up to a laneway must be setback a minimum of 1m from the property boundary.	O NR	Sat	 The proposal is for a minimum 900mm setback to Yathong Lane, resulting in a variation of 100mm. The applicant has provided the following justification: <i>"The landowner requires these exceedances to satisfy his vehicle and domestic storage requirements and to maintain his private open space between the dwelling and outbuildings."</i> The proposed development does not comply with the C2; however, the proposal is considered acceptable in this instance as it will not result in an unreasonable amenity impact to the laneway. Additionally, the 900mm setback is not considered to result in unreasonable traffic impacts. The laneway is an approx. 6m wide, which allows for sufficient area for the turning of vehicles in an out of the garage. The proposal was reviewed by Councils Engineers who have raised no objection to the setback.

	C3 The floor area of an outbuilding on a residential lot must not be more than the following: (a) 8% of the site area if the lot has an area of less than 600m2, (b) 8% of the area or a maximum area of 175m2, whichever is the lesser, if the lot has an area of at least 600m2 but less than 4000m2, (c) Lots greater than 4000m2 will be considered on their merits.	O NR	Sat	The proposal is for a maximum floor area of 49m ² which does not comply with the maximum 8% (43m ²) of the lot size requirement. The proposal therefore results in a variation of 6m ² or an additional 1.1% of the site area. The applicant has provided the following justification: <i>"The land owner requires these exceedances to satisfy his vehicle and domestic storage requirements and to maintain his private open space between the dwelling and outbuildings. "</i> The proposed development does not comply with the controls of control C3; however, the proposed variation is minor and does not result is an unreasonable amenity impact to the site or adjoining sites. Additionally, the proposal will still achieve the objectives under Clause 9.4.4 despite the numerical variation.
	C4 The total cumulative floor area of all outbuildings on any one property shall not exceed 8% of the site area or a maximum area of 300m2, whichever is the lesser.	O NR	Sat	The subject site contains an existing shed that is $35m^2$. The proposal is to add an additional $49m^2$ outbuilding which will result in a total cumulative floor area of $84m^2$ or 15.2% of the site area. The proposal thus results in a variation of $41m^2$ or 7.2% of the site area.
				The applicant has provided the following justification:
				"The land owner requires these exceedances to satisfy his vehicle and domestic storage requirements and to maintain his private open space between the dwelling and outbuildings. "
				The proposal does not comply with control C4. However, in this instance the proposal does not result is in an unreasonable amenity impact to streetscape or adjoining sites and maintains an appropriate area of useable POS.
				Additionally, the proposal is consistent with other similar developments in the locality, including the adjoining sites at 3 and 4 Yathong Street, where DA15/0711 and DA04/1341 were approved for outbuilding in exceedance of the 8% total floor area. Accordingly, the proposal at 2 Yabtree considered development consistent with the locality.

	C5 Sheds may only be erected on residential land where a dwelling house is constructed or under construction and must be used for purposes ancillary to the residential use of the land.	O NR	• Sat	
	C6 The height of an outbuilding or the alterations and additions to an existing outbuilding on a lot must not be more than 4.8m above ground level (existing). The building shall be single storey construction with a maximum roof pitch of 27 degrees or steeper to match the roof pitch of the house.	O NR	• Sat	
	C7 An outbuilding shall not be located in front of the main building line. Variations may be considered for a balcony, deck, patio, pergola, terrace or verandah.	O NR	• Sat	

9.4.5 Site facilities

- 9.4.6 Changing the landform cut and fill
- **14** Boorooma Urban Release Area
- **15** Lloyd Urban Release Area
- **16** Gobbagombalin Urban Release Area