

# Report of Development Application

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

Application	Application Number  Date of Lodgement	DA21/0617 24/09/2021	Applicant	Lifestyle Patios 42 Nagle St EAST WAGGA WAGGA NSW 2650
Details	Proposal	Patio	Description of Mod.	N/A
	Development Cost \$13880		Other Approvals	Nil
Site Details	Subject Land	19 Deakin Ave LLOYD NSW 2650 Lot 2 DP 286069	Owner	LM Hackett & AP Hackett

**Recommendation:** The application be approved subject to conditions of consent as detailed in the draft Notice of Determination.

**Delegation to Determine Application:-** Officer Delegation 7.39

**Report Prepared by:** 

Joshua Brockbank Cadet Building Surveyor

Date: 22/10/2021

**Report Approved by:** 

Sam Robins

Senior Town Planner

Date: 22/10/21

- **Section not relevant**
- Section 4.55 Modification of Consent
- ☐ Section 4.15(1) Matters for consideration general

Description	Patio

Mat	Matters for consideration						
_		Issue	Legislative Provisions			Comment	
GIS & System Check	Section 4.15(1 EP&A Act 1979			Not Relevant	Satisfactory		
~	(b)	DA History		0		DA06/0366 – 2x 3 bedroom units	
	(e)			NR	Sat		

		<del>-</del>	<u> </u>			
LEP 2010 Zones	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Zoning	LEP  2.2 Zoning of land to which Plan applies  2.3 Zone objectives and Land Use Table	O NR	Sat	Zoning of land (cl 2.2): R1  The development is permissible in the zone (cl. 2.3(1))  The development is consistent with the following objectives of the zone (cl. 2.3(2)):  • To provide for the housing needs of the community.  • To provide for a variety of housing types and densities.
Land Parcels & DP	(b) (c) (e)	Land Title  Correct legal description and ownership  Easements & Building Envelopes  Open Deposited Plan (including 88b)  Registered title (deferred commencement)		O NR	Sat	Easement on north and eastern boundary
Listed item and Conservation	(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Heritage Conservation Area Listed item  DCP 3 Heritage Conservation	LEP 5.10 Heritage conservation	NR NR	Sat O Sat	

rban	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Urban Release Area	<b>LEP</b> 6.2 Public utility infrastructure	NR NR	O Sat	
LEP 2010 Urban release Area			LEP 6.3 Development control plan	• NR	O Sat	
	(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b)	Natural Resource Sensitivity	LEP 7.3 Biodiversity		0	
Sensitivity	(c) (e)	DCP 5.4 Environmentally sensitive land	LEP 7.4 Vulnerable land	NR NR	Sat O Sat	
Natural resource S			LEP 7.5 Riparian lands and waterways	NR NR	Sat	
Natur			LEP 7.6 Groundwater vulnerability	O NR	Sat	
FS)	(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b)	Flooding		NR	O Sat	
ding	(c) (e)	Overland flow				
Flooding (including MOFFS)		DCP 4.2 Flooding	LEP 5.21 Flood Planning	NR NR	O Sat	
lire Land	(a)(iii) (b) (c)	Bushfire		O NR	Sat	The site is not mapped as bush fire prone land and a site inspection has confirmed that the
Bushfire Prone Land	(e)	DCP 4.1 Bushfire		NIX	Sal	site or surrounding area is not a bush fire risk. No further assessment is required.

Environmental - Contaminated Land & PFAS	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Contaminated Land PFAS Study Area Site observations	SEPP55	O NR	Sat	There is no indication that the site has previously been occupied by any use that could have led to contamination of the site. Furthermore, the land is not identified on Councils register of contaminated sites.
Airport Constraints	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Airport Constraints	LEP 7.11 Airspace operations	O NR	Sat	
Airport			<b>LEP</b> 7.12 Development in areas subject to aircraft noise	O NR	Sat	
	(b) (c) (e)	Services/Utilities		O NR	Sat	
Sewer and Stormawater		(Septic area? Health referral))  Sewer/stormwater infrastructure (Build over, encroachment, earthwork impacts)				
		Stormwater issues – overland flow				
Assets		Electricity infrastructure (including setbacks to substations) (Infrastructure SEPP referral)				

Aerial Imagery (*Topographic – Hydrology)	(b) (c) (e)	Existing site conditions  Buildings on site Retaining walls Cut and fill Deposited fill Boundary fencing and walls Private open space Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations	O NR	Sat	Site visit undertaken on:	20/10/2021
Aerial Imagery (*Topographic – Hydrology)	(b) (c) (e)	Off site observations  Buildings Window locations Private open space Retaining walls Cut and fill Boundary fencing and walls Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations	O NR	Sat		
	(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Traffic, access and parking  Manoeuvring  Site Distance Issues  Driveway grade	O NR	Sat		

	Check Driveway location and grade			
	2.1 Vehicle access and movements 9.3.6 Front setbacks			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Context, setting and streetscape	O NR	Sat	
	DCP 9.2.2 Streetscape 9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades 9.2.4 Sloping Sites 9.3.1 Site area per dwelling 9.3.2 Site cover 9.3.6 Front setbacks 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.2 Materials and finishes 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways 9.4.5 Site facilities			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Public Domain  Impact on street or adjoining public place	O NR	Sat	
	Condition/Dilapidation			

	Construction access  DCP 2.7 Development adjoining open space 9.4.5 Site facilities			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Safety, security and crime prevention  DCP 2.5 Safety and security	O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	DCP 9.2.1 Site layout 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways	O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Solar impact  DCP 9.3.4 Solar access 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks	O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Visual Privacy Private open space Boundary fencing and screening  DCP 9.3.5 Private open space	O NR	Sat	

	9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.3 Privacy				
(a) (b) (c)	Noise and Vibration		O NR	Sat	
(e)	Acoustic privacy conflicts		7 7 7	Out	
	Impacting nearby land uses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPF referrals)				
(a) (b) (c)	Air and microclimate		0	•	
(e)	Impacting nearby land uses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPF referrals)		NR	Sat	
(a) (a) (b)	a)(i) Earthworks and Soils		0		
(c) (e)	Cut and fill Stability and erosion control Stormwater quality		NR	Sat	
	DCP 9.4.6 Changing the landform – cut and fill	LEP 7.1A Earthworks	O NR	Sat	
(b) (c) (e)	c) Lanascaping		NR NR	O Sat	
(b) (c) (e)	c) waste		0		

	Construction waste management		NR	Sat	
	Asbestos				
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Energy & Water  DCP 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.2 Materials and finishes		O NR	Sat	
(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	BASIX (Use assessment checklist)	BASIX SEPP 2004	NR NR	O Sat	
(b) (c) (e)	Other hazards Natural Technological		O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Flora and Fauna (on and off-site)  Check for native veg requirements (R5 and RU4		O NR	Sat	
	Land)  DCP 5.2 Preservation of trees 5.3 Native Vegetation Cover	Section 5AA and Part 7 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016  Test for determining whether proposed development or activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats)	O NR	Sat	Section 5AA and Part 7 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (Test for determining whether proposed development or activity likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats)  There are a number of tests to determine whether the proposal triggers the NSW Biodiversity Offset Scheme under the NSW

	Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 and results in the need for further assessments or offsets.
	1. Is the subject site identified as an
	area of outstanding biodiversity value on the biodiversity values map?
	No
	2. Does the amount of native vegetation being removed exceed the biodiversity offsets scheme threshold.
	No native vegetation is proposed to be removed.
	3. Test of Significance - the test to determine whether the proposed development or activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats.
	Given that no native vegetation is being removed and in the absence of any recorded endangered flora or fauna on the site of the proposed development, it is not anticipated that the development will significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities
	or their habitats.

					Based on the above assessment it is satisfied that the development will not trigger the Biodiversity Offset Scheme.
(b) (c) (e)	Social and economic impacts		O NR	Sat	
(b) (c) (e)	Facilitation of Ecologically Sustainable Development		O NR	Sat	
(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Other LEP Clauses	LEP 2.7 Demolition requires development consent	NR NR	O Sat	
		LEP 4.3 Height of buildings	O NR	Sat	
		<b>LEP</b> 7.9 Primacy of Zone B3 Commercial Core	O NR	Sat	
		LEP 4.2A Erection of dwelling houses and dual occupancies on land in certain residential, rural and environmental protection zones	NR NR	Sat	
		LEP 5.16 Subdivision of, or dwellings on, land in	NR	O Sat	

		certain rural, residential or environment protection			
		zones			
		Other Clauses		0	
(a)(i) (b) (c)	Other EPIs	SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007	NR	Sat	
(e)		SEPP (Activation	NR	Sat	
		Precincts) 2020	NR	Sat	
		Other SEPPs	NR	Sat	
(a)(ii) (b) (c) (e)	Draft EPIs		O NR	Sat	There are a number of state environmental planning policies currently subject to review, including some which have involved
					consultation and notification. None of these are applicable to this application.
(a)(iiia) (e)	Planning agreements		NR NR	O Sat	No related planning agreement has been entered into under section 7.4.
(d) (e)	Submissions		O NR	Sat	Nil
(e)	Section 68 Application made as part of DA	Local Government Act 1993	NR NR	Sat	
(e)	Section 7.11 Contributions (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 - 2034)	EP&A Act 1979	NR NR	Sat	

(e)	Section 7.12 Contributions (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 - 2034)	EP&A Act 1979	NR	O Sat	
(e)	Section 64 sewer (Development Servicing Plan – Sewerage Services – July 2013)	s64 LG Act 1993 & s306 Water Management Act 2000	NR NR	O Sat	
(e)	Section 64 stormwater (Development Servicing Plan – Stormwater – November 2007)	s64 LG Act 1993 & s306 Water Management Act 2000	NR NR	O Sat	The lot was created post 12/9/84 and therefore no contribution is required.
(a)(iv) (e)	The Regulation – Prescribed Matters		O NR	Sat	
	EP&A Regulation 2000	cl.92(1)(b) - Demolition of a building, the provisions of AS 2601	NR NR	O Sat	
		(ensure condition included requiring compliance with standard)			
		cl.92A - Additional matters that consent authority must consider for Wagga Wagga	NR NR	Sat	
		cl.94 require existing building to be brought into total or partial conformity with BCA	NR NR	O Sat	
		(check with Building Surveyor for development proposing the rebuilding, alteration,			
		enlargement or extension of an existing building)			

(a)(iv) (e)	The Regulation – Prescribed Conditions (ensure conditions of consent included)	EP&A Regulation 2000	O NR	Sat	
(e)	Other regulation matters	EP&A Regulation 2000	O NR	Sat	
(e)	Council Policies		O NR	Sat	Policy 046 - Processing Development Applications lodged by Councillors, staff and individuals of which a conflict of interest may arise, or on Council owned land.  No declaration has been made that would require action under this policy.
(e)	Other public interest matters		O NR	Sat	It is considered that this application will not have a detrimental effect on the public interest.

Development Control Plan 2010 Section 4.15(1)(a)(iii) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979					
DCP Section (Objectives and Controls)  ( section not relevant)	Not Relevant	Satisfactory	Comment		

1.10 Notification	of a Development Application						
Compliance with the advertising the DCP	ng and notification procedures detailed in this section of	O NR	Sat	In accordance with the Council's advertising and notification provisions outlined in Section 1.10 of the WWDCP the application was not required to be notified.			
1.11 Complying w	1.11 Complying with the Wagga Wagga Development Control Plan 2010						
2.1 Vehicle acces	s and movements						
2.2 Off-street par	king						
2.3 Landscaping							
2.5 Safety and se	curity						
O1 Incorporate crime prevention strategies in new developments.	C1 Use good site planning to clearly define public, semi-public and private areas.	O NR	Sat				
O2 Encourage active, pedestrian oriented environments where developments are designed to integrate into the public	C2 Entries are to be clearly visible and identifiable from the street, and are to give the resident/occupier a sense of personal address and shelter. For non-residential uses, administration offices or showroom are to be located at the front of the building.	NR NR	O Sat				
domain.	C3 Minimise blank walls along street frontages.	NR NR	O Sat				

O3 Maximise opportunities for natural surveillance of public spaces and building or	C4 Avoid areas of potential concealment and 'blind' corners.	O NR	Sat	
site entrances.	C5 Provide lighting to external entry areas, driveways and car parks in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards. The lighting is to be designed and sited to minimise spill and potential nuisance to adjoining properties.	NR NR	Sat	
	C6 Planting and fencing is not to reduce the safety of users or compromise areas of natural surveillance.	NR NR	O Sat	
	C7 Where a site provides a pedestrian through route the access path is to be clearly defined and sign posted, appropriately lit, and have satisfactory visibility.	NR NR	O Sat	
	C8 Locate public toilets and rest areas to promote their use, and maximise public surveillance without creating visual intrusion.	NR NR	O Sat	
2.6 Erosion and s	ediment control			
O1 Protect the environment against soil erosion and loss of soil from construction sites.	Consistent with the objectives of this section of the DCP.	O NR	Sat	
O2 Prevent the degradation of drainage systems, waterways and aquatic environments from				

sites.

deposition of soil and foreign material from construction



- 2.7 Development adjoining open space
- **3** Heritage Conservation
- 4.1 Bushfire
- **4.2** Flooding
- **5.1** Development on ridges and prominent hills
- **5.2 Preservation of trees**
- **5.3 Native Vegetation Cover**

### 5.4 Environmentally sensitive land

O1 To support the controls and objective for both the E2 and E4 Zone and environmentally sensitive	C1 Development is to be consistent with any Conservation Management Plan prepared for land in the E2 zone.	NR NR	O Sat	
land provisions in Clauses 7.3 to and inclusive of Clause 7.6 of the LEP.	Environmentally sensitive land – biodiversity (Outside "biocertified area")	• NR	O Sat	
O2 Protect, maintain or improve the diversity of the native flora and fauna.	Natural Resources Sensitivity - land	NR	O Sat	
O3 Protect the ecological processes necessary for their continued existence.	Natural Resources Sensitivity - waterways	NR	O Sat	
O4 Encourage the recovery of threatened species, communities or populations and their habitats.  O5 Protect, maintain or improve the diversity and stability of landscapes.	Natural Resources Sensitivity - groundwater	O NR	Sat	

- **E** 6 Villages
- **8** Rural Development
- 9.1.5 R3 Zone Staunton Estate
- 9.2.1 Site layout

O1 Encourage site responsive development that is compatible with existing or	C1 Use site characteristics such as trees, changes in level or rock outcrops as features within the site layout.	O NR	Sat	
desired built form.	C2 Integrate access, landscaping and services in the site layout, avoiding underutilised spaces.	0	Cot	
O2 Facilitate sustainable		NR	Sat	
development through passive solar design.	C3 Orient living spaces to maximise solar access.		0	
3		NR	Sat	
O3 Integrate landscaping	C4 Facilitate natural cross ventilation within dwellings through the location of windows and doors.		0	
and built form.	through the location of whiteowe and decre.	NR	Sat	
O4 Encourage designs which respond to the physical context and characteristics of the particular site.				
O5 Encourage design that maximises the opportunity for passive surveillance of communal spaces from private living areas.				

# 9.2.2 Streetscape

O1 Encourage compatibility with existing built form.  O2 Encourage attractive	C1 Provide a street address and front elevation that is consistent with the predominant scale, rhythm and form of the street.	O NR	Sat	
of the street street street street with good definition between the public and private domain.	C2 Front fence height forward of the building line is not to exceed 1200mm. However, a side boundary fence forward of the building line may be permitted to taper from the maximum permitted height (1.8 metres) at the building line down to the 1200mm maximum permitted height at the front boundary.	NR NR	Sat	

O4 In locations where front fences are an important feature of the established streetscape, ensure that new	C3 Fence height at and behind the building line is not to exceed 1800mm in height.	NR NR	Sat						
fences complement the character of the streetscape.	C4 The majority of windows in dwelling wall which face the street should be windows of habitable rooms.	NR	Sat						
9.2.3 Corner lots a	9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades								
9.2.4 Sloping sites	5								
O1 Encourage site responsive development.	C1 Use pier, split level or suspended floor designs on sloping sites.	O NR	Sat	The building design is appropriate to the site and generally meets the objectives.					
O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.									
O3 If an alternate design is possible, avoid development that would require cutting into the site.									
9.3.1 Site area per dwelling									
9.3.2 Site cover									
O1 Ensure that development sites are of sufficient size for dual occupancy, multi dwelling housing and residential flat developments.	C1 Maximum site cover is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.2a.	O NR	Sat						

O2 Ensure adequate areas for access, parking, landscaping, useable garden and outdoor areas and natural runoff.  O3 Retain compatibility with site context and avoid over development resulting from excessive site cover.				
9.3.4 Solar access	<b>S</b>			
O1 Ensure that the amenity of the occupants of dwellings is achieved by designing so	C1 Locate garages, laundries and bathrooms to provide insulation from western sun.	NR NR	O Sat	
that they receive adequate daylight and natural ventilation to habitable rooms and sunlight to private open	C2 Locate living areas and private open space to ensure orientation to the north and north east where possible.	NR NR	Sat	
space areas.  O2 Ensure non-habitable rooms such as garages,	C3 Building design and site layout is to ensure adequate sunlight access to the internal living spaces and private open space of the proposed development.	O NR	Sat	
laundries and bathrooms are positioned so that living areas, open space and habitable rooms receive maximum winter solar	C4 Variations can be considered to C1, C2 and C3 where it can be demonstrated that site constraints, existing built form and good design practices limit the ability of the proposal to comply with these controls.	NR NR	Sat	
access and ventilation.  O3 Maintain reasonable sunlight access to adjoining properties.	C6 For any adjacent dwellings that have north facing living areas, maintain 3 hours sunlight access to the windows of the living areas between 9am and 3pm in mid-winter (June 22).	O NR	Sat	

	C7 Variations to C6 above can be considered where it can be demonstrated that any form of reasonable development on the lot would cause non-compliance with C6. In this instance the impacts are to be minimised where possible.	NR NR	Sat	
	C8 Proposed development design should take into account the location of any adjacent private open space and avoid excess overshadowing of that space.	O NR	Sat	
9.3.5 Private oper	n space			
O1 Provide quality, useable private open space.  O2 Ensure adequate areas for recreation and outdoor	C1 At least 24m2 of private open space is required per dwelling. The private open space is to be directly accessible to the main living area and have a minimum dimension of 4m.	O NR	Sat	
living.  O3 Encourage good connection between dwellings and private open space.	C2 Enclosure of approved private open space will be permitted, however at least one side of the approved private open space is to remain open. Roofing of approved private open space is permitted provided that BASIX requirements are not compromised.	NR NR	Sat	
,	C3 Use screening where necessary to ensure the privacy of private open space areas.	NR NR	O Sat	
9.3.6 Front setbac				
O1 Ensure adequate separation between buildings	C1 The rear setback for detached secondary dwellings is determined by site conditions and the setbacks of similar structures on adjoining and nearby sites.	NR NR	O Sat	Side and rear setbacks comply with the objectives

Category 1 Development Assessment Report and Checklist

Version 1.0 August 2020

for landscaping, privacy,				
natural light and ventilation.	C2 Any point of a building must have a setback from		$\bigcirc$	
	the side boundary nearest to that point of at least:	MD	_	
02 Ensure new development	a) If the lot is in Zone R5 a setback of 2m, or	NR	Sat	
ontinues the rhythm or	b) If the lot is in Zone RU1, RU2 or RU4 a setback of			
pattern of development in the	10m.			
locality.				
O3 Provide access for				
maintenance.				
O4 Building setbacks from				
he side and rear boundaries				
shall have careful regard to				
he impact of proposed				
structures on adjoining				
andowners.				

## 9.4.1 Building elements

#### 9.4.2 Materials and finishes

O1 Encourage the use of external materials and finishes that are suited to their location and support	C1 Select materials for their environmental performance, durability, detail and appearance to achieve quality appearance.	O NR	Sat	
consistent quality streetscapes.	C2 Avoid large unbroken expanses of any single material.	O NR	Sat	
O2 Encourage use of materials that have good thermal performance.	C3 Minimise use of highly reflective or glossy materials on building exteriors.	O NR	Sat	
O3 Promote the use of materials that are climate	C4 Use contrasting materials in combination with design elements for features such as corner elements.	O NR	Sat	

responsive and contribute to innovative building design.  O4 Discourage corporate colours in building facades.				
9.4.3 Privacy				
O1 Ensure privacy within new developments, and avoid potential impacts to	C1 Offset windows, balconies and private open space areas between adjoining dwellings.	NR	O Sat	The building raises no privacy concerns given its use.
existing properties.  O2 Ensure adequate acoustic privacy within dwellings.	C3 Screening is required where there is direct line of sight between neighbouring balconies or private open space areas, or between windows and door openings of habitable rooms.	NR NR	Sat	
9.4.4 Garages, car	rports, sheds and driveways			
O1 Minimise the visual dominance of garages and driveways in the streetscape.	C1 Where garage doors form part of the facade of a dwelling fronting a public road - the garage door is to be:	NR NR	O Sat	
O2 Where possible, locate garages so as to assist in protecting dwellings from early morning and late afternoon summer sun.	less than 50% of the width of the house* no wider than 6m # maximum 2.4m high # - double garages are only permitted on lots 12.5m wide or greater* - single fronted tandem garages with one space behind the other are permitted			
	* - Variations to these controls may be considered for multi storey dwellings			

# - Variations to these controls may be considered where the setback of the dwelling exceeds 10 metres.			
C2 Garages, carports and sheds that open up to a laneway must be setback a minimum of 1m from the property boundary.	NR NR	Sat	
C3 The floor area of an outbuilding on a residential lot must not be more than the following:  (a) 8% of the site area if the lot has an area of less than 600m2,  (b) 8% of the area or a maximum area of 175m2, whichever is the lesser, if the lot has an area of at least 600m2 but less than 4000m2,  (c) Lots greater than 4000m2 will be considered on their merits.	NR NR	O Sat	
C4 The total cumulative floor area of all outbuildings on any one property shall not exceed 8% of the site area or a maximum area of 300m2, whichever is the lesser.	NR NR	O Sat	
C5 Sheds may only be erected on residential land where a dwelling house is constructed or under construction and must be used for purposes ancillary to the residential use of the land.	NR NR	O Sat	
C6 The height of an outbuilding or the alterations and additions to an existing outbuilding on a lot must not be more than 4.8m above ground level (existing). The building shall be single storey construction with a maximum roof pitch of 27 degrees or steeper to match the roof pitch of the house.	NR NR	O Sat	
C7 An outbuilding shall not be located in front of the main building line. Variations may be considered for a balcony, deck, patio, pergola, terrace or verandah.	O NR	Sat	

- 9.4.5 Site facilities
- 9.4.6 Changing the landform cut and fill
- 14 Boorooma Urban Release Area
- **15** Lloyd Urban Release Area
- 16 Gobbagombalin Urban Release Area