

Report of Development Application

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

	Application Number DA20/0308		Applicant	GP Xuereb 16 Sycamore Rd
Application	Date of Lodgement	29/06/2020		LAKE ALBERT NSW 2650
Details	Proposal	Use of Existing Additions to Shed	Description of Mod.	N/A
	Development Cost	\$40000	Other Approvals	Nil
Site Details	Subject Land	16 Sycamore Rd LAKE ALBERT NSW 2650 Lot 2 DP 716602	Owner	GP Xuereb & AM Xuereb

Recommendation: The application be approved subject to conditions of consent as detailed in the draft Notice of Determination.

Delegation to Determine Application:- Officer Delegation 7.39

Report Prepared & approved by:

Sam Robins

Senior Town Planner

Date: 10/5/21

- Section 4.55 Modification of Consent
- ☐ Section 4.15(1) Matters for consideration general

Description Use of existing extension to garage. (7m long shed extension and 9m long carport)	
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Mat	Matters for consideration							
GIS & System Check	Section 4.15(1) EP&A Act 1979	Issue	Legislative Provisions	Not Relevant	Satisfactory	Comment		
•	(b) (c) (e)	DA History		O NR	Sat	DA11/0147 – home office and carport, approved, never constructed D98.0067 approved a shed BA395/91 approved the garage BA714/90 approved the dwelling		

	1 () (0)	1	,			
	(a)(i) (b)	Zoning	LEP	\circ		Zoning of land (cl 2.2): R5
	(c) (e)		2.2 Zoning of land to which Plan applies2.3 Zone objectives and Land Use Table	NR	Sat	The development is permissible in the zone (cl. 2.3(1))
			Land GGG Table			The development is consistent with the following objectives of the zone (cl. 2.3(2)):
						 To provide residential housing in a rural setting while preserving, and minimising impacts on, environmentally sensitive locations and scenic quality.
2010 Zones						 To ensure that large residential lots do not hinder the proper and orderly development of urban areas in the future.
LEP						 To ensure that development in the area does not unreasonably increase the demand for public services or public facilities.
						 To minimise conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within adjoining zones.
						 To ensure that the clearing of native vegetation is avoided or minimised as far as is practicable.

Land Parcels & DP	(b) (c) (e)	Land Title Correct legal description and ownership Easements & Building Envelopes Open Deposited Plan (including 88b) Registered title (deferred commencement)		O NR	Sat	The site does not contain a building envelope.
Listed item and Conservation	(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Heritage Conservation Area Listed item DCP 3 Heritage Conservation	LEP 5.10 Heritage conservation	NR NR	Sat O Sat	
LEP 2010 Urban release Area	(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Urban Release Area	LEP 6.2 Public utility infrastructure LEP 6.3 Development control plan	NR NR	O Sat	
Natural resource Sensitivity	(a)(i) (a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Natural Resource Sensitivity DCP 5.4 Environmentally sensitive land	LEP 7.3 Biodiversity LEP 7.4 Vulnerable land	O NR	Sat O Sat	

			LEB 75 Di i i i			
			LEP 7.5 Riparian lands		\circ	
			and waterways	NR	Sat	
			LEP 7.6 Groundwater		0	
			vulnerability	NR	Sat	
	(a)(i) (a)(iii)	Flooding		0		The site is impacted by a 1% major overland
FS)	(b)			NR	Sat	flow event at the very front of the lot well clear
Flooding (including MOFFS)	(c) (e)	Overland flow		IVIX	Gat	of the building the subject of this application.
odir g N	,					No unreasonable impacts are expected from
Flo Udir		DCP 4.2 Flooding	LEP 7.2 Flood Planning		0	the development.
incl				NR	Sat	and development.
70	(a)(iii)	Bushfire		0		The site is not mapped as bush fire prone land
Bushfire Prone Land	(b)			NR	Sat	and a site inspection has confirmed that the
ushi	(e)	DCP 4.1 Bushfire		NK	Sat	site or surrounding area is not a bush fire risk.
B Or						No further assessment is required.
	(a)(i)	Contaminated Land	SEPP55			There is no indication that the site has
l- and	(b)		SEPF33	0		
enta ed L	(e)	PFAS Study Area		NR	Sat	previously been occupied by any use that could
nme nate		Site observations				have led to contamination of the site.
viro ami						Furthermore, the land is not identified on
Environmental - Contaminated Land & PFAS						Councils register of contaminated sites.
	(a)(i)		. ==			
	(a)(i) (b)	Airport Constraints	LEP 7.11 Airspace	\circ		
ints	(c) (e)		operations	NR	Sat	
stra	(0)					
Airport Constraints						
Tio.			LEP 7.12 Development in	\bigcirc		
Airp			areas subject to aircraft	NR	Sat	
			noise	7 47 0	Out	

	(b) (c) (e)	Services/Utilities	O		The site contains no restrictive easements.
		(Septic area? Health referral))	NR	Sat	The dwelling is currently on a septic system. A sewer main exists to the front property
		Sewer/stormwater infrastructure (Build over, encroachment,			boundary. Councils sewer policy states the following:
		earthwork impacts)			Council POL 036 Sewer Policy.
		Stormwater issues – overland flow			PART 2: SEWER SERVICE AREAS
awater		Electricity infrastructure			2.2 Connection
ets – Sewer and Stormawater		(including setbacks to substations) (Infrastructure SEPP referral)			It is a policy requirement that developments in the public Sewer Service Area be connected to sewer. Connection shall be in accordance with the requirements of Clause 7.4, and must be prior to occupancy of the property.
Assets					Further, Council has the power under the Orders provisions of the LG Act to enforce the requirement for connection. Based on the above the following condition has been included on the consent.
					"The premises, and all sanitary fixtures thereon, is required to be connected to Council's sewerage system, which is situated within 75 meters of premises, within 6 months of the date of this consent or prior to the issue

logy)	(b) (c) (e)	Existing site conditions Buildings on site Retaining walls	O NR	• Sat	of an Occupation Certificate, whichever is the earliest." Site visit undertaken on: 1/7/20
Aerial Imagery (*Topographic – Hydrology)		Cut and fill Deposited fill Boundary fencing and walls Private open space Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations			
JA)	(b) (c) (e)	Off site observations Buildings Window locations	O NR	Sat	
Aerial Imagery (*Topographic – Hydrology)		Private open space Retaining walls Cut and fill Boundary fencing and walls Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations			
	(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Traffic, access and parking Manoeuvring	O NR	Sat	

	Site Distance Issues Driveway grade Check Driveway location and grade Side entry pit Service lids/pits Poles/turrets/substations Street Trees DCP 2.1 Vehicle access and movements 9.3.6 Front setbacks			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Context, setting and streetscape DCP 9.2.2 Streetscape 9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades 9.2.4 Sloping Sites 9.3.1 Site area per dwelling 9.3.2 Site cover 9.3.6 Front setbacks 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.2 Materials and finishes 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways 9.4.5 Site facilities	O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b)	Public Domain	\circ		

(c) (e)	Impact on street or adjoining public place	NR	Sat	
	Condition/Dilapidation			
	Construction access			
	DCP 2.7 Development adjoining open space 9.4.5 Site facilities			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Safety, security and crime prevention	O NR	Sat	
	DCP 2.5 Safety and security			
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	DCP 9.2.1 Site layout 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways	O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	DCP 9.3.4 Solar access 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks	O NR	Sat	
(a)(iii) (b) (c) (e)	Visual Privacy Private open space	O NR	Sat	

	DCP 9.3.5 Private open space 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.3 Privacy				
(a)((b)(c)(e)	Noise and Vibration Acoustic privacy conflicts Impacting nearby land uses (Rail, Road, Infrastructure SEPP referrals)		O NR	Sat	
(a)((b)(c)(e)			O NR	Sat	
(a)((a)((b)(c)(e)			O NR	Sat	
	DCP 9.4.6 Changing the landform – cut and fill	LEP 7.1A Earthworks	O NR	Sat	

(b)	Landasanina	T			
(c)	Landscaping				
(e)			NR	Sat	
(b)	Waste				
(e)			NR	Sat	
	Construction waste		1414	Odi	
	management				
	management				
	Ashastas				
	Asbestos				
() () ()					
(a)(iii) (b) (c)	Energy & Water				
(c)			NR	Sat	
(e)	DCP		1 41 4	Out	
	9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks				
	9.4.1 Building elements				
	9.4.2 Materials and finishes				
(a)(i) (b)	BASIX	BASIX SEPP 2004		0	
(c)	(Use assessment checklist)		NR	Sat	
(e)			NR	Sat	
(b)	Other hazards				
(b)					
(e)	Natural		NR	Sat	
	Technological				
(a)(iii) (b) (c)	Flora and Fauna		0		
(c)	(on and off-site)		NR	Sat	
(e)			IVIN	Sal	

Check for native veg requirements (R5 and RU4 Land)

DCP 5.2 Preservation of trees 5.3 Native Vegetation Cover

Section 5AA and Part 7 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016

Test for determining whether proposed development or activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats)





Section 5AA and Part 7 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (Test for determining whether proposed development or activity likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats)

There are a number of tests to determine whether the proposed triggers the NSW Biodiversity Offset Scheme under the NSW Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 and results in the need for further assessments or offsets.

1. Is the subject site identified as an area of outstanding biodiversity value on the biodiversity values map?

No

2. Does the amount of native vegetation being removed exceed the biodiversity offsets scheme threshold.

No native vegetation is proposed to be removed.

3. Test of Significance - the test to determine whether the proposed development or activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats.

					Given that no native vegetation is being removed and the absence of any recorded endangered flora or fauna on the site of the proposed development, is not anticipated to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities or their habitats. Based on the above assessment it is satisfied that the development will not trigger the Biodiversity Offset Scheme and no further evidence is required regarding the proposed vegetation removal.
(b) (c) (e)	Social and economic impacts		O NR	Sat	
(b) (c) (e)	Facilitation of Ecologically Sustainable Development		O NR	Sat	
(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Other LEP Clauses	LEP 2.7 Demolition requires development consent	NR NR	O Sat	
		LEP 4.3 Height of buildings	O NR	Sat	
		LEP 7.9 Primacy of Zone B3 Commercial Core	O NR	Sat	
		LEP 4.2A Erection of dwelling houses and dual	NR	O Sat	

		occupancies on land in certain residential, rural and environmental protection zones			
		LEP 5.6 Subdivision of, or dwellings on, land in certain rural, residential or environment protection zones	NR NR	O Sat	
		Other Clauses	NR	O Sat	
(a)(i) (b) (c) (e)	Other EPIs	SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007	NR NR	Sat	
(6)		Other SEPPs	NR	O Sat	
(a)(ii) (b) (c) (e)	Draft EPIs		O NR	Sat	
(a)(iiia) (e)	Planning agreements		NR	O Sat	No related planning agreement has been entered into under section 7.4.
(d) (e)	Submissions		O NR	Sat	Nil
(e)	Section 68 Application made as part of DA	Local Government Act 1993	NR NR	Sat	

(e)	Section 7.11 Contributions (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 - 2034)	EP&A Act 1979	NR NR	O Sat	
(e)	Section 7.12 Contributions (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 - 2034)	EP&A Act 1979	NR NR	O Sat	
(e)	Section 64 sewer (Development Servicing Plan – Sewerage Services – July 2013)	s64 LG Act 1993 & s306 Water Management Act 2000	NR NR	O Sat	
(e)	Section 64 stormwater (Development Servicing Plan – Stormwater – November 2007)	s64 LG Act 1993 & s306 Water Management Act 2000	NR NR	O Sat	The lot was created post 12/9/84 and therefore no contribution is required.
(a)(iv) (e)	The Regulation – Prescribed Matters		O NR	Sat	
	EP&A Regulation 2000	cl.92(1)(b) - Demolition of a building, the provisions of AS 2601	NR NR	Sat	
		(ensure condition included requiring compliance with standard)			
		cl.94 require existing building to be brought into total or partial conformity with BCA (check with Building Surveyor for development proposing the rebuilding, alteration, enlargement or extension of an	NR	Sat	
(a)(iv) (e)	The Regulation – Prescribed Conditions	existing building) EP&A Regulation 2000	O NR	Sat	

	(ensure conditions of consent included)				
(e)	Other regulation matters	EP&A Regulation 2000	O NR	Sat	
(e)	Council Policies		NR NR	Sat	Policy 046 - Processing Development Applications lodged by Councillors, staff and individuals of which a conflict of interest may arise, or on Council owned land. No declaration has been made that would require action under this policy.
(e)	Other public interest matters		O NR	Sat	It is considered that this application will not have a detrimental effect on the public interest.

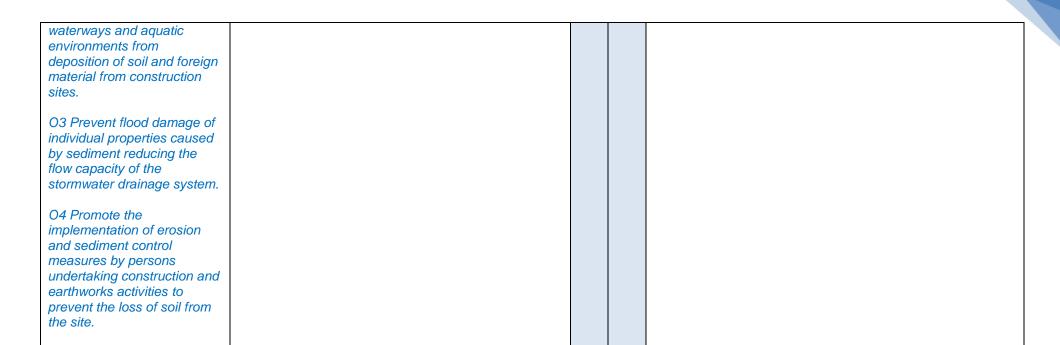
Development Control Plan 2010 Section 4.15(1)(a)(iii) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979							
DCP Section (Objectives and Controls) (section not relevant)	Not Relevant	Satisfactory	Comment				

1.10 Notification of a Development Application

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Compliance with the advertising the DCP	ng and notification procedures detailed in this section of	O NR	Sat	The application has been notified in accordance with the notification provisions outlined in Section 1.10 of the WWDCP. Dates: 21/4/21 – 28/4/21
1.11 Complying w	vith the Wagga Wagga Development Co	ontro	I Pla	ın 2010
Compliance with the procedur the DCP	es, guidelines and delegations detailed in this section of	O NR	Sat	See discussion under Sections 9.3.7 and 9.4.4
2.1 Vehicle acces	s and movements			
2.2 Off-street par	king			
2.3 Landscaping				
Refer to this section of the DC	P.	O NR	Sat	
2.5 Safety and se	curity			
O1 Incorporate crime prevention strategies in new developments.	C1 Use good site planning to clearly define public, semi-public and private areas.	O NR	Sat	
O2 Encourage active, pedestrian oriented	C2 Entries are to be clearly visible and identifiable from the street, and are to give the resident/occupier a sense of personal address and shelter. For non-	NR NR	O Sat	

environments where developments are designed to integrate into the public	residential uses, administration offices or showroom are to be located at the front of the building.			
domain.	C3 Minimise blank walls along street frontages.	• ND	0 5	
O3 Maximise opportunities for natural surveillance of public spaces and building or site entrances.	C4 Avoid areas of potential concealment and 'blind' corners.	NR O NR	Sat Sat	
one ontranecs.	C5 Provide lighting to external entry areas, driveways and car parks in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards. The lighting is to be designed and sited to minimise spill and potential nuisance to adjoining properties.	NR NR	O Sat	
	C6 Planting and fencing is not to reduce the safety of users or compromise areas of natural surveillance.	NR NR	O Sat	
	C7 Where a site provides a pedestrian through route the access path is to be clearly defined and sign posted, appropriately lit, and have satisfactory visibility.	● NR	O Sat	
	C8 Locate public toilets and rest areas to promote their use, and maximise public surveillance without creating visual intrusion.	NR NR	O Sat	
2.6 Erosion and s	ediment control			
O1 Protect the environment against soil erosion and loss of soil from construction sites.	Consistent with the objectives of this section of the DCP.	NR NR	O Sat	Works have been completed.
O2 Prevent the degradation of drainage systems,				



- 2.7 Development adjoining open space
- **3** Heritage Conservation
- 4.1 Bushfire
- 4.2 Flooding
- **5.1** Development on ridges and prominent hills
- **5.2 Preservation of trees**

☐ 5.4 Environmentally sensitive land

O1 To support the controls and objective for both the E2 and E4 Zone and environmentally sensitive	C1 Development is to be consistent with any Conservation Management Plan prepared for land in the E2 zone.	NR NR	O Sat	
land provisions in Clauses 7.3 to and inclusive of Clause 7.6 of the LEP.	Environmentally sensitive land – biodiversity (Outside "biocertified area")	O NR	Sat	
O2 Protect, maintain or improve the diversity of the native flora and fauna.	Natural Resources Sensitivity - land	NR	O Sat	
O3 Protect the ecological processes necessary for their continued existence.		● NR	O Sat	
O4 Encourage the recovery of threatened species, communities or populations and their habitats. O5 Protect, maintain or improve the diversity and stability of landscapes.	Natural Resources Sensitivity - groundwater	NR NR	Sat	

- **E** 6 Villages
- **8** Rural Development
- 9.1.5 R3 Zone Staunton Estate

O1 Encourage site responsive development that is compatible with existing or	C1 Use site characteristics such as trees, changes in level or rock outcrops as features within the site layout.	O NR	Sat	
desired built form. O2 Facilitate sustainable	C2 Integrate access, landscaping and services in the site layout, avoiding underutilised spaces.	O NR	Sat	
development through passive solar design.	C3 Orient living spaces to maximise solar access.	NR NR	O Sat	
O3 Integrate landscaping and built form.	C4 Facilitate natural cross ventilation within dwellings through the location of windows and doors.	NR NR	O Sat	
O4 Encourage designs which respond to the physical context and characteristics of the particular site.				
O5 Encourage design that maximises the opportunity for passive surveillance of communal spaces from private living areas.				

- 9.2.2 Streetscape
- 9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades
- 9.2.4 Sloping sites
- 9.3.1 Site area per dwelling

X	9.3.2	Site	cover

9.3.4 Solar access

O1 Ensure that the amenity of the occupants of dwellings is achieved by designing so	C1 Locate garages, laundries and bathrooms to provide insulation from western sun.	NR	O Sat	
that they receive adequate daylight and natural ventilation to habitable rooms and sunlight to private open	C2 Locate living areas and private open space to ensure orientation to the north and north east where possible.	NR NR	Sat	
space areas. O2 Ensure non-habitable rooms such as garages,	C3 Building design and site layout is to ensure adequate sunlight access to the internal living spaces and private open space of the proposed development.	O NR	Sat	
laundries and bathrooms are positioned so that living areas, open space and habitable rooms receive maximum winter solar	C4 Variations can be considered to C1, C2 and C3 where it can be demonstrated that site constraints, existing built form and good design practices limit the ability of the proposal to comply with these controls.	NR NR	Sat	
or access and ventilation. Of Maintain reasonable sunlight access to adjoining properties.	C6 For any adjacent dwellings that have north facing living areas, maintain 3 hours sunlight access to the windows of the living areas between 9am and 3pm in mid-winter (June 22).	O _{NR}	Sat	
	C7 Variations to C6 above can be considered where it can be demonstrated that any form of reasonable development on the lot would cause non-compliance with C6. In this instance the impacts are to be minimised where possible.	NR NR	Sat	
	C8 Proposed development design should take into account the location of any adjacent private open space and avoid excess overshadowing of that space.	O NR	Sat	

■ 9.3.5 Private open	space		
O1 Provide quality, useable	C1 At least 24m2 of private open space is required per	0	

private open space. O2 Ensure adequate areas for recreation and outdoor	dwelling. The private open space is to be directly accessible to the main living area and have a minimum dimension of 4m.	NR	Sat	
living. O3 Encourage good connection between dwellings and private open space.	C2 Enclosure of approved private open space will be permitted, however at least one side of the approved private open space is to remain open. Roofing of approved private open space is permitted provided that BASIX requirements are not compromised.	NR NR	O Sat	
	C3 Use screening where necessary to ensure the privacy of private open space areas.	NR	O Sat	

9.3.6 Front setbacks

9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks

O1 Ensure adequate separation between buildings for landscaping, privacy, natural light and ventilation.	C1 The rear setback for detached secondary dwellings is determined by site conditions and the setbacks of similar structures on adjoining and nearby sites.	NR NR	Sat	
O2 Ensure new development continues the rhythm or pattern of development in the locality. O3 Provide access for maintenance.	C2 Any point of a building must have a setback from the side boundary nearest to that point of at least: a) If the lot is in Zone R5 a setback of 2m, or b) If the lot is in Zone RU1, RU2 or RU4 a setback of 10m.	O NR	Sat	The building has been located 1.8m from the side boundary and therefore does not comply with this control. The applicant has provided the following justification for the variation:

O4 Building setbacks from the side and rear boundaries shall have careful regard to the impact of proposed structures on adjoining	I followed the existing shed that was approved with the house. It is at 1.8 meters from the boundary.
landowners.	Council is comfortable with the justification and adds that the building is a substantial distance (approximately 50m) from the dwelling to the south. The reduction in setback will not raise any amenity issues. The variation can be supported.

9.4.1 Building elements

9.4.2 Materials and finishes

O1 Encourage the use of external materials and finishes that are suited to their location and support	C1 Select materials for their environmental performance, durability, detail and appearance to achieve quality appearance.	O NR	Sat	
consistent quality streetscapes.	C2 Avoid large unbroken expanses of any single material.	O NR	Sat	
O2 Encourage use of materials that have good thermal performance.	C3 Minimise use of highly reflective or glossy materials on building exteriors.	O NR	Sat	
O3 Promote the use of materials that are climate responsive and contribute to innovative building design.	C4 Use contrasting materials in combination with design elements for features such as corner elements.	O NR	Sat	
O4 Discourage corporate colours in building facades.				

□ 9.4.3 Privacy

O1 Ensure privacy within new developments, and avoid potential impacts to	C1 Offset windows, balconies and private open space areas between adjoining dwellings.	NR	O Sat	The outbuilding raises no privacy concerns given its use.
existing properties. O2 Ensure adequate acoustic privacy within dwellings.	C3 Screening is required where there is direct line of sight between neighbouring balconies or private open space areas, or between windows and door openings of habitable rooms.	NR	O Sat	

9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways

O1 Minimise the visual dominance of garages and driveways in the streetscape.	C1 Where garage doors form part of the facade of a dwelling fronting a public road - the garage door is to be:	NR NR	Sat	
O2 Where possible, locate garages so as to assist in protecting dwellings from early morning and late afternoon summer sun.	less than 50% of the width of the house* no wider than 6m # maximum 2.4m high # - double garages are only permitted on lots 12.5m wide or greater* - single fronted tandem garages with one space behind the other are permitted * - Variations to these controls may be considered for multi storey dwellings # - Variations to these controls may be considered			
	where the setback of the dwelling exceeds 10 metres.			
	C2 Garages, carports and sheds that open up to a laneway must be setback a minimum of 1m from the property boundary.	NR NR	O Sat	

C3 The floor area of an outbuilding on a residential lot must not be more than the following: (a) 8% of the site area if the lot has an area of less than 600m2, (b) 8% of the area or a maximum area of 175m2, whichever is the lesser, if the lot has an area of at least 600m2 but less than 4000m2, (c) Lots greater than 4000m2 will be considered on their merits.	O PR	Sat	The lot is greater than 4000m2 and therefore the building is considered on its merit. The simple design of the building in this location on a lot of this size raises no concerns.
C4 The total cumulative floor area of all outbuildings on any one property shall not exceed 8% of the site area or a maximum area of 300m2, whichever is the lesser.	O NR	Sat	The extension to the existing garage has resulted in an outbuilding measuring 168m². The site also contains an outbuilding that measures 176m² resulting in a total cumulative floor area of 344m². Therefore the control has not been met. The applicant has provided the following justification for the variation: • Considering the size of the lot that we own, please give consideration to the expanse of space we have here. As you can see on the site plan, the buildings do not cover much of the property. The lot is large and can easily accommodate the outbuildings on site without having unreasonable impacts. Council has no issues with the variation of this control.
C5 Sheds may only be erected on residential land where a dwelling house is constructed or under construction and must be used for purposes ancillary to the residential use of the land.	O NR	Sat	

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C6 The height of an outbuilding or the alterations and additions to an existing outbuilding on a lot must not be more than 4.8m above ground level (existing). The building shall be single storey construction with a maximum roof pitch of 27 degrees or steeper to match the roof pitch of the house.	O NR	Sat	
C7 An outbuilding shall not be located in front of the main building line. Variations may be considered for a balcony, deck, patio, pergola, terrace or verandah.	O NR	Sat	

- 9.4.5 Site facilities
- 9.4.6 Changing the landform cut and fill
- 14 Boorooma Urban Release Area
- 15 Lloyd Urban Release Area
- 16 Gobbagombalin Urban Release Area