

# Report of Development Application

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

|  | Application<br>Details | Application Number DA24/0103 |   | Applicant           | WA Walker                                |
|--|------------------------|------------------------------|---|---------------------|--|
|  |                        | Date of Lodgement            | 14/03/2024  |                     | 42 Nagle St<br>EAST WAGGA WAGGA NSW 2650 |
|  |                        | Proposal                     | Patio   | Description of Mod. | N/A                                      |
|  |                        | Development Cost             | \$13265   | Other Approvals     | Nil                                      |
|  | Site Details           | Subject Land                 | 18 Flack Cres<br>BOOROOMA NSW 2650<br>Lot 32 DP 1193816 | Owner               | DAJ Smith & ET Mowett                    |

**Recommendation:** The application be approved subject to conditions of consent as detailed in the draft Notice of Determination.

**Delegation to Determine Application:-** Officer Delegation 7.39

**Report Prepared by:** 

Giles Wong

Cadet Town Planner

Date: 18/04/2024

Report Approved by:

Emma Molloy

Senior Town Planner

Date: 19.04.2024

### Section 4.55 Modification of Consent

# Section 4.55(1) Modification of Consent - Minor

| Legislative Provisions  | Comment |
|---|---------|
|   |         |
| Modifications involving minor error, misdescription or miscalculation |         |
| Note - Subsections (3) requiring consideration of matters under       |         |
| s4.15(1) does not apply to such a modification)                       |         |

| Other matters for consideration                  |   | Not<br>Relevant | Satisfactory | Comment  |
|--|---|-----------------|--------------|--|
| Pai<br>Col<br>Tes<br>proj<br>acti<br>affe<br>eco | ction 1.7 (EP&A Act) & rt 7 of the Biodiversity enservation Act 2016  st for determining whether posed development or ivity is likely to significantly ect threatened species or blogical communities, or their bitats) | O <sub>NR</sub> | Sat          | Section 1.7 (EP&A Act) and Part 7 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (Test for determining whether proposed development or activity likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats)  There are a number of tests to determine whether the proposal triggers the NSW Biodiversity Offset Scheme under the NSW Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 and results in the need for further assessments or offsets. |

|  |               |         |   | <ol> <li>Is the subject site identified as an area of outstanding biodiversity value on the biodiversity values map?</li> <li>Does the amount of native vegetation being removed exceed the biodiversity offsets scheme threshold?</li> <li>No native vegetation is proposed to be removed.</li> <li>Test of Significance - the test to determine whether the proposed development or activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats.</li> </ol> |
|--|---------------|---------|---|--|
| Section 7.11 Contributions (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 - 2034) | EP&A Act 1979 | O<br>NR | O | ecological communities, or their habitats.  Given that no native vegetation is being removed and in the absence of any recorded endangered flora or fauna on the site of the proposed development, it is not anticipated that the development will significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities or their habitats.  Based on the above assessment it is satisfied that the development will not trigger the Biodiversity Offset Scheme.   |
| Section 7.12 Contributions   | EP&A Act 1979 | 0       | 0 |  |

| (Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019 - 2034)                                 |  | NR      | Sat      |   |
|---|--|---------|----------|---|
| Section 64 sewer<br>(Development Servicing Plan –<br>Sewerage Services – July 2013)   | s64 LG Act 1993 & s306<br>Water Management Act<br>2000 | O<br>NR | Sat      |   |
| Section 64 stormwater<br>(Development Servicing Plan –<br>Stormwater – November 2007) | s64 LG Act 1993 & s306<br>Water Management Act<br>2000 | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |   |
| Council Policies  |  | O<br>NR | Sat      | Policy 046 - Processing Development Applications lodged by Councillors, staff and individuals of which a conflict of interest may arise, or on Council owned land.  No declaration has been made that would require action under this policy. |
| Other Matters   |  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |   |

# Section 4.55(1A) Modification of Consent – Minimal Environmental Impact

| Legislative Provisions  | Comment |
|---|---------|
| (a) it is satisfied that the proposed modification is of minimal environmental impact.  |         |
| (b) it is satisfied that the development to which the consent as modified relates is substantially the same development as the development for which the consent was originally granted and before that consent as originally granted was modified (if at all). |         |

| (c) it has notified the application in accordance with—   |                      |
|---|----------------------|
| (i) the regulations, if the regulations so require, or  |                      |
| (ii) a development control plan, if the consent authority is a<br>council that has made a development control plan that<br>requires the notification or advertising of applications for<br>modification of a development consent.   |                      |
| (d) it has considered any submissions made concerning the proposed modification within any period prescribed by the regulations or provided by the development control plan, as the case may be.  |                      |
| In determining an application for modification of a consent under this section, the consent authority must take into consideration such of the matters referred to in section 4.15(1) as are of relevance to the development the subject of the application. The consent authority must also take into consideration the reasons given by the consent authority for the grant of the consent that is sought to be modified. | See assessment below |

### Section 4.55(2) Modification of Consent – Other

| Legislative Provisions  | Comment |
|---|---------|
| (a) it is satisfied that the development to which the consent as modified relates is substantially the same development as the development for which consent was originally granted and before that consent as originally granted was modified (if at all).   |         |
| (b) it has consulted with the relevant Minister, public authority or approval body (within the meaning of Division 4.8) in respect of a condition imposed as a requirement of a concurrence to the consent or in accordance with the general terms of an approval proposed to be granted by the approval body and that Minister, authority or body has not, within 21 days after being consulted, objected to the modification of that consent. |         |
| (c) it has notified the application in accordance with—   |         |

| <ul> <li>(i) the regulations, if the regulations so require, or</li> <li>(ii) a development control plan, if the consent authority is a council that has made a development control plan that requires the notification or advertising of applications for modification of a development consent.</li> </ul>  |                      |
|---|----------------------|
| (d) it has considered any submissions made concerning the proposed modification within the period prescribed by the regulations or provided by the development control plan, as the case may be.  |                      |
| In determining an application for modification of a consent under this section, the consent authority must take into consideration such of the matters referred to in section 4.15(1) as are of relevance to the development the subject of the application. The consent authority must also take into consideration the reasons given by the consent authority for the grant of the consent that is sought to be modified. | See assessment below |

# ☐ Section 4.15(1) Matters for consideration - general

**Description** 

Patio

#### **Matters for consideration**

| GIS & System<br>Check | Section 4.15(1)<br>EP&A Act 1979 | Issue      | Legislative Provisions  | Not Relevant | Satisfactory | Comment   |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------|---|--------------|--------------|---|
| ~                     | (b)<br>(c)<br>(e)                | DA History |   | O<br>NR      | Sat          | CDC15/0013 – Swimming pool<br>CDC14/0178 – Dwelling & garage  |
| LEP 2010 Zones        | (a)(i)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e)      | Zoning     | LEP  2.2 Zoning of land to which Plan applies  2.3 Zone objectives and Land Use Table | O<br>NR      | Sat          | <ul> <li>Zoning of land (cl 2.2): R1</li> <li>The development is permissible in the zone (cl. 2.3(1))</li> <li>The development is consistent with the following objectives of the zone (cl. 2.3(2)):</li> <li>To provide for the housing needs of the community.</li> <li>To provide for a variety of housing types and densities.</li> </ul> |

| Land Parcels & DP                           | (b)<br>(c)<br>(e)                       | Correct legal description and ownership  Easements & Building Envelopes  Open Deposited Plan (including 88b)  Registered title (deferred commencement) |  | O<br>NR  | Sat             | FLACK  191°2  279° 3.2  5 56.5m² 756.5m² 3 20  There is a sewer easement along the rear of the lot. The proposal is not within close proximity of the easement. |
|---|---|--|--|----------|-----------------|---|
| LEP 2010<br>Listed item and<br>Conservation | (a)(i)<br>(a)(iii)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e) | Heritage Conservation Area Listed item  DCP 3 Heritage Conservation Urban Release Area   | LEP 5.10 Heritage conservation  LEP 6.2 Public utility | NR<br>NR | Sat<br>O<br>Sat |   |
| LEP 2010 Urban<br>release Area              | (b)<br>(c)<br>(e)                       | Olbali Release Alea  | infrastructure  LEP 6.3 Development control plan       | O<br>NR  | Sat Sat         |   |

| ısitivity                                      | (a)(i)<br>(a)(iii)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e) | Natural Resource Sensitivity  DCP 5.4 Environmentally sensitive land | LEP 7.3 Biodiversity                        | O<br>NR | Sat      | The development is proposed over existing hardstand area, therefore no vegetation is required to be removed and there will be no additional impact to biodiversity.  |
|--|---|--|---|---------|----------|--|
| urce Ser                                       |   |  | LEP 7.4 Vulnerable land                     | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |
| Natural resource Sensitivity                   |   |  | <b>LEP</b> 7.5 Riparian lands and waterways | NR NR   | Sat      |  |
|  |   |  | <b>LEP</b> 7.6 Groundwater vulnerability    | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |
| Flooding<br>(including MOFFS)                  | (a)(i)<br>(a)(iii)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e) | Flooding Overland flow   |   | O<br>NR | Sat      | The site is not mapped as being subject to flooding, therefore, no flood controls apply to the lot.  |
| Floor<br>(including                            |   | DCP 4.2 Flooding   | LEP 5.21 Flood Planning                     | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |
| Bushfire<br>Prone Land                         | (a)(iii)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e)           | Bushfire  DCP 4.1 Bushfire   |   | O<br>NR | Sat      | See discussion under 4.1.  |
| Environmental -<br>Contaminated Land<br>& PFAS | (a)(i)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e)             | Contaminated Land PFAS Study Area Site observations                  | SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021          | O<br>NR | Sat      | There is no indication that the site has previously been occupied by any use that could have led to contamination of the site. Furthermore, the land is not identified on Councils register of contaminated sites. |
| Airpo<br>rt<br>Cons                            | (a)(i)<br>(b)<br>(c)                    | Airport Constraints  | LEP 7.11 Airspace operations                | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |

| (e)                   |   |   |         |     |
|-----------------------|---|---|---------|-----|
|                       |   |   |         |     |
|                       |   | LEP 7.12 Development in areas subject to aircraft noise | O<br>NR | Sat |
| (b)<br>(c)<br>(e)     | Services/Utilities  |   | 0       |     |
| (e)                   | (Septic area? Health referral))   |   | NR      | Sat |
| Sewer and Stormawater | Sewer/stormwater infrastructure (Build over, encroachment, earthwork impacts)                                       |   |         |     |
| Sewer and 8           | Stormwater issues – overland flow   |   |         |     |
| Assets -              | Electricity infrastructure<br>(including setbacks to<br>substations)<br>(Transport/infrastructure SEPP<br>referral) |   |         |     |

| Aerial Imagery<br>(*Topographic – Hydrology) | (b)<br>(c)<br>(e)             | Existing site conditions  Buildings on site Retaining walls Cut and fill Deposited fill Boundary fencing and walls Private open space Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations | O<br>NR | Sat | Site visit undertaken on: 5/04/2024 |
|--|-------------------------------|---|---------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| Aerial Imagery<br>(*Topographic – Hydrology) | (b)<br>(c)<br>(e)             | Off site observations  Buildings Window locations Private open space Retaining walls Cut and fill Boundary fencing and walls Vegetation *Proximity to natural waterways Other observations          | O<br>NR | Sat |                                     |
|  | (a)(iii)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e) | Traffic, access and parking  Manoeuvring  Site Distance Issues  Driveway grade  | O<br>NR | Sat |                                     |

|                               | Check Driveway location and grade  Side entry pit Service lids/pits Poles/turrets/substations Street Trees  DCP  2.1 Vehicle access and movements 9.3.6 Front setbacks  |         |     |  |
|-------------------------------|---|---------|-----|--|
| (a)(iii)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e) | Context, setting and streetscape  | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|                               | DCP 9.2.2 Streetscape 9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades 9.2.4 Sloping Sites 9.3.1 Site area per dwelling 9.3.2 Site cover 9.3.6 Front setbacks 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.2 Materials and finishes 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways 9.4.5 Site facilities |         |     |  |
| (a)(iii)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e) | Public Domain Impact on street or adjoining public place  | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|                               | Condition/Dilapidation  |         |     |  |

|                               | Construction access  DCP 2.7 Development adjoining open space                              |         |     |  |
|-------------------------------|--|---------|-----|--|
| (a)(iii)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e) | 9.4.5 Site facilities  Safety, security and crime prevention                               | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|                               | DCP 2.5 Safety and security  |         |     |  |
| (a)(iii)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e) | DCP 9.2.1 Site layout 9.4.1 Building elements 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
| (a)(iii)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e) | Solar impact  DCP 9.3.4 Solar access 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks                          | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
| (a)(iii)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e) | Visual Privacy Private open space Boundary fencing and screening                           | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|                               | DCP<br>9.3.5 Private open space  |         |     |  |

|                   | 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks<br>9.4.3 Privacy  |                     |         |          |  |
|-------------------|--|---------------------|---------|----------|--|
| (a)(b)(c)         |  |                     | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| (e)               | Acoustic privacy conflicts   |                     | IVIX    | Sat      |  |
|                   | Impacting nearby land uses (Rail, Road, Transport and Infrastructure SEPP referrals) |                     |         |          |  |
| (a)<br>(b)<br>(c) | Air and microclimate   |                     | 0       |          |  |
| (e)               | Impacting nearby land uses (Rail, Road, Transport and Infrastructure SEPP referrals) |                     | NR      | Sat      |  |
| (a)               | ,  |                     | 0       |          |  |
| (c)               | )  |                     | NR      | Sat      |  |
| (e)               | Stability and erosion control Stormwater quality                                     |                     |         |          |  |
|                   | DCP<br>9.4.6 Changing the landform – cut and<br>fill                                 | LEP 7.1A Earthworks | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|                   |  |                     |         |          |  |
| (b)<br>(c)<br>(e) | Lanuscaping  |                     | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |
| (b)               | waste  |                     | 0       |          |  |

|                               | Construction waste  |                                     | NR      | Sat |  |
|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------|-----|--|
|                               | management  |                                     |         |     |  |
|                               | Asbestos  |                                     |         |     |  |
| (a)(iii)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e) | Energy & Water  |                                     | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|                               | 9.3.7 Side and rear setbacks<br>9.4.1 Building elements<br>9.4.2 Materials and finishes |                                     |         |     |  |
| (a)(i)                        | BASIX   | State Environmental                 |         | 0   |  |
| (b)<br>(c)<br>(e)             | (Use assessment checklist)  | Planning Policy                     | NR      | Sat |  |
| (e)                           |   | (Sustainable Buildings)<br>2022     | NIX     | Sal |  |
| (b)                           | Other hazards   |                                     | 0       |     |  |
| (e)                           | Natural   |                                     | NR      | Sat |  |
| (-)(::)                       | Technological   |                                     |         |     |  |
| (a)(iii)<br>(b)               | Flora and Fauna   |                                     |         |     |  |
| (c)<br>(e)                    | (on and off-site)   |                                     | NR      | Sat |  |
|                               | Check for native veg requirements (R5 and RU4   |                                     |         |     |  |
|                               | Land)   | Section 1.7 (EP&A Act)              | 0       |     | Section 1.7 (EP&A Act) and Part 7 of the   |
|                               |   | and Part 7 of the                   | NR      | Sat | Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (Test for   |
|                               | DCP   | Biodiversity                        | 7 47 1  |     | determining whether proposed development or  |
|                               | 5.2 Preservation of trees<br>5.3 Native Vegetation Cover                                | Conservation Act 2016               |         |     | activity likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their |
|                               |   | Test for determining whether        |         |     | habitats)  |
|                               |   | proposed development or             |         |     | ,  |
|                               |   | activity is likely to significantly |         |     |  |

| affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats) | There are a number of tests to determine whether the proposal triggers the NSW Biodiversity Offset Scheme under the NSW Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 and results in the need for further assessments or offsets. |
|---|--|
|   | <ol> <li>Is the subject site identified as an area of outstanding biodiversity value on the biodiversity values map?</li> </ol>  |
|   | No   |
|   | Does the amount of native vegetation being removed exceed the biodiversity offsets scheme threshold?   |
|   | No native vegetation is proposed to be removed.  |
|   | 3. Test of Significance - the test to determine whether the proposed development or activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats.                        |
|   | Given that no native vegetation is being removed and in the absence of any recorded endangered flora or fauna on the site of the   |
|   | proposed development, it is not anticipated that the development will significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities  |
|   | or their habitats.   |

|                             |  |   |         |          | Based on the above assessment it is satisfied that the development will not trigger the |
|-----------------------------|--|---|---------|----------|---|
|                             |  |   |         |          | Biodiversity Offset Scheme.   |
| (b)<br>(c)<br>(e)           | Social and economic impacts                          |   | O<br>NR | Sat      |   |
| (b)<br>(c)<br>(e)           | Facilitation of Ecologically Sustainable Development |   | O<br>NR | Sat      |   |
| (a)(i)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e) | Other LEP Clauses                                    | LEP 2.7 Demolition requires development consent   | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |   |
|                             |  | LEP 4.3 Height of buildings   | O<br>NR | Sat      |   |
|                             |  | <b>LEP</b> 7.9 Primacy of Zone E2   | O<br>NR | Sat      |   |
|                             |  | LEP 4.2A Erection of<br>dwelling houses and dual<br>occupancies on land in<br>certain residential, rural<br>and environmental<br>protection zones | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |   |
|                             |  | <b>LEP</b> 5.16 Subdivision of, or dwellings on, land in  | NR      | O<br>Sat |   |

|                              |  | certain rural, residential or environment protection zones |         |          |  |
|------------------------------|--|--|---------|----------|--|
|                              |  | Other Clauses  | NR      | O<br>Sat |  |
| (a)(i)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e)  | Other EPIs   | SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021                   | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |
|                              |  | SEPP (Precincts - Regional) 2021                           | NR      | O<br>Sat |  |
|                              |  | Other SEPPs  | NR      | O<br>Sat |  |
| (a)(ii)<br>(b)<br>(c)<br>(e) | Draft EPIs   |  | O<br>NR | Sat      | There are a number of state environmental planning policies currently subject to review, including some which have involved consultation and notification. None of these are applicable to this application. |
| (a)(iiia)<br>(e)             | Planning agreements  |  | NR NR   | O<br>Sat | No related planning agreement has been entered into under section 7.4.   |
| (d)<br>(e)                   | Submissions  |  | O<br>NR | Sat      | Nil  |
| (e)                          | Section 68 Application made as part of DA  | Local Government Act<br>1993                               | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |
| (e)                          | Section 7.11 Contributions<br>(Local Infrastructure Contributions<br>Plan 2019 - 2034) | EP&A Act 1979  | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |

| <br>    |   |                                |        |          |  |
|---------|---|--------------------------------|--------|----------|--|
| (e)     | Section 7.12 Contributions (Local Infrastructure Contributions  | EP&A Act 1979                  | NR     | O<br>Sat |  |
|         | Plan 2019 - 2034)   |                                | IVIX   | Sat      |  |
| (e)     | Section 64 sewer  | s64 <i>LG Act 1993</i> & s306  |        |          |  |
|         | (Development Servicing Plan –<br>Sewerage Services – July 2013) | Water Management Act 2000      | NR     | Sat      |  |
| (e)     | Section 64 stormwater   | s64 <i>LG Act 1993</i> & s306  |        | 0        | The lot was created post 12/9/84 and therefore |
|         | (Development Servicing Plan –                                   | Water Management Act           | A / ID | _        | no contribution is required.                   |
|         | Stormwater – November 2007)                                     | 2000                           | NR     | Sat      | The contribution to required.                  |
| (a)(iv) | The Regulation – Prescribed                                     |                                | 0      |          |  |
|         | Matters   |                                | NR     | Sat      |  |
|         | EP&A Regulation 2021  | cl.61(1) - Demolition of a     |        | 0        |  |
|         |   | building, the provisions of    | NR     | Sat      |  |
|         |   | AS 2601                        | IVIX   | Sal      |  |
|         |   | (ensure condition included     |        |          |  |
|         |   | requiring compliance with      |        |          |  |
|         |   | standard)                      |        |          |  |
|         |   | cl.64 - Require existing       |        | 0        |  |
|         |   | building to be brought into    | NR     | Sat      |  |
|         |   | total or partial conformity    | IVIX   | Sal      |  |
|         |   | with BCA                       |        |          |  |
|         |   | (check with Building Surveyor  |        |          |  |
|         |   | for development proposing the  |        |          |  |
|         |   | rebuilding, alteration,        |        |          |  |
|         |   | enlargement or extension of an |        |          |  |
|         |   | existing building)             |        |          |  |
| (a)(iv) | The Regulation – Prescribed                                     | EP&A Regulation 2021           |        |          |  |
| (e)     | Conditions  | LI GA Negulation 2021          | 0      |          |  |
|         | (ensure conditions of consent                                   |                                | NR     | Sat      |  |
|         | included)   |                                |        |          |  |
| (e)     | Other regulation matters  | EP&A Regulation 2021           | 0      |          |  |
|         |   |                                |        |          |  |

|     |                               | NR      | Sat |   |
|-----|-------------------------------|---------|-----|---|
| (e) | Council Policies              | O NR    | Sat | Policy 046 - Processing Development Applications lodged by Councillors, staff and individuals of which a conflict of interest may arise, or on Council owned land.  No declaration has been made that would require action under this policy. |
| (e) | Other public interest matters | O<br>NR | Sat | It is considered that this application will not have a detrimental effect on the public interest.   |

# Development Control Plan 2010 Section 4.15(1)(a)(iii) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 DCP Section (Objectives and Controls) Comment (Section not relevant)

### 1.10 Notification of a Development Application

Compliance with the advertising and notification procedures detailed in this section of the DCP

In accordance with the Council's advertising and notification provisions outlined in Section 1.10 of the

|   |  |         |          | WWDCP the application was not required to be notified. |
|---|--|---------|----------|--|
| 1.11 Complying w  | vith the Wagga Wagga Development Co  | ontro   | l Pla    | n 2010   |
| Compliance with the procedure the DCP   | es, guidelines and delegations detailed in this section of   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| 2.1 Vehicle acces   | s and movements  |         |          |  |
| O1 Ensure the safety and efficiency of urban and rural roads.   | C3 Vehicles are to enter and leave in a forward direction unless it can be demonstrated that site conditions prevent it.   | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |
| O2 Limit new access points to arterial roads or ensure alternative access is utilised where practical.        | C5 Access driveways are to be located in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard at the time of lodgement of an application.                                    | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|   | C6 Ensure adequate sight lines for proposed driveways.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| 2.2 Off-street park   | king   |         |          |  |
| O2 Ensure the provision of safe and efficient parking for all modes of transport to meet anticipated demands. | C1 Parking is to be provided in accordance with the table below. For uses not listed, similar land uses should be used as a guide in assessing car parking requirements. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| O3 Minimise disruptions to existing levels of service and safety as a result of                               |  |         |          |  |

| insufficient parking being provided on site.   |  |         |          |  |
|--|--|---------|----------|--|
| 2.3 Landscaping  |  |         |          |  |
| Refer to this section of the DC  | P.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| 2.5 Safety and see   | curity   |         |          |  |
| O1 Incorporate crime prevention strategies in new developments.  | C1 Use good site planning to clearly define public, semi-public and private areas.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| O2 Encourage active, pedestrian oriented environments where developments are designed to integrate into the public | C2 Entries are to be clearly visible and identifiable from the street, and are to give the resident/occupier a sense of personal address and shelter. For non-residential uses, administration offices or showroom are to be located at the front of the building. | NR NR   | Sat      |  |
| domain.  | C3 Minimise blank walls along street frontages.  | NR      | Sat      |  |
| O3 Maximise opportunities for natural surveillance of public spaces and building or site entrances.                | C4 Avoid areas of potential concealment and 'blind' corners.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|  | C5 Provide lighting to external entry areas, driveways and car parks in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards. The lighting is to be designed and sited to minimise spill and potential nuisance to adjoining properties.                              | NR NR   | Sat      |  |
|  | C6 Planting and fencing is not to reduce the safety of users or compromise areas of natural surveillance.  | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |

| the acc | ere a site provides a pedestrian through route cess path is to be clearly defined and sign , appropriately lit, and have satisfactory visibility. | NR NR | Sat      |  |
|---------|---|-------|----------|--|
| use, an | rate public toilets and rest areas to promote their and maximise public surveillance without creating ntrusion.                                   | NR NR | O<br>Sat |  |

### 2.6 Erosion and sediment control

| O1 Protect the environment against soil erosion and loss of soil from construction sites.  | Consistent with the objectives of this section of the DCP. | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|--|--|---------|-----|--|
| O2 Prevent the degradation of drainage systems, waterways and aquatic environments from deposition of soil and foreign material from construction sites. |  |         |     |  |
| O3 Prevent flood damage of individual properties caused by sediment reducing the flow capacity of the stormwater drainage system.                        |  |         |     |  |
| O4 Promote the implementation of erosion and sediment control measures by persons undertaking construction and earthworks activities to                  |  |         |     |  |

| prevent the loss of soil from the site.   |  |         |          |   |  |
|---|--|---------|----------|---|--|
| 2.7 Development   | adjoining open space   |         |          |   |  |
| O1 Ensure that<br>developments adjoining open<br>space contain impacts within   | C1 Private developments are not to gain access across public open space.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |   |  |
| their boundaries and don't impinge on, or rely on the   | C2 Materials are not to be stored on public land.  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |   |  |
| open space area as a buffer.  O2 Encourage positive visual and physical relationships between private developments and public areas and reserves. | C3 Design, massing, scale and materials to be compatible with the amenity, views and outlook from the open space area.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |   |  |
|   | C4 Landscaping is not to encroach into any public reserve.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |   |  |
| 3 Heritage Conse  | rvation  |         |          |   |  |
| Refer to this section of the DCI  | P  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |   |  |
| 4.1 Bushfire  |  |         |          |   |  |
| O1 Minimise risk to life, property and the environment from bush fire.  | C1 Applications are to satisfy the relevant provisions of<br>Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019 (or any later versions) and Australian Standard: 3959 Construction | O<br>NR | Sat      | The site is in close proximity to mapped bushfire prone land.   |  |
| O2 Ensure compliance with statutory obligations for   | of Buildings in Bush Fire Prone Areas.   |         |          | Development in bush fire prone areas is subject to Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019 (or any later versions) and Australian Standard: 3959 |  |

| development in bush fire prone areas. |  |         |     | Construction of Buildings in Bush Fire Prone Areas (AS: 3959).  |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------|-----|---|
|                                       |  |         |     | The proposal is on a residential allotment that is in close proximity to open grassland to the north. As such, the development must comply with the grassland deeming provisions outlined under 7.9 of the PBP.   |
|                                       |  |         |     | North – A road reserve containing Flack Crescent & Farrer Road is directly adjacent to the north. The mapped grassland threat is approximately 60 metres to the north on flat land at the other side of the road reserve. In accordance with table A1.12.6 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019, no BAL applies to the proposal. |
|                                       |  |         |     | South, East & West – Managed land exists (residential properties)   |
|                                       |  |         |     | As the closest threat to the development is grassland on flat land at a distance of 60m from the structure, no BAL applies to the proposal.   |
|                                       | C2 Where required, a clear separation is to be provided between buildings and bushfire hazards in the form of a fuel-reduced Asset Protection Zone (APZ). In all cases the APZ is to be located wholly within the land zoned Residential. Refer to the requirements of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019. | O<br>NR | Sat |   |

| 4.2 Flooding  |  |         |          |  |
|---|--|---------|----------|--|
| Refer to this section of the DC   | CP.  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| 5.1 Development   | on ridges and prominent hills  |         |          |  |
| O1 Maintain and enhance<br>the visual and landscape<br>setting of the entire local<br>government area of Wagga  | C1 Buildings, structures, infrastructure or services (including access roads and driveways) are to be kept below significant ridgelines.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| Wagga.  O2 Avoid buildings, driveways and other construction on visually prominent high ground.  O3 Encourage split level or other appropriate construction on higher and sloping ground.  O4 Protect groundwater | C2 The assessment of applications for development in visually prominent locations is to consider potential impacts on distant views towards the site.  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|   | C3 Development on the higher slopes is not to interrupt the ridgeline.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|   | C4 Use pier or similar construction rather than slab construction on sloping land where proposed cut and fill is in excess of that permitted in Section 9.4.6. Also consider split level design. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| recharge areas.   | C5 Details of the building platform form may be required with development applications where the land is close to a prominent ridge or hill.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| 5.2 Preservation  | of trees   |         |          |  |
| Refer to this section of the DC   | CP.  |         | $\cap$   |  |

| 5.3 Native Vo | egetation C | ove |
|---------------|-------------|-----|
|---------------|-------------|-----|

| Refer to this section of the DCP. | 0  | 0   |  |
|-----------------------------------|----|-----|--|
|                                   | NR | Sat |  |

# 5.4 Environmentally sensitive land

| O1 To support the controls                        | C1 Development is to be consistent with any            |         | 0   |          |
|---|--|---------|-----|----------|
| and objective for both the C2 and C4 Zone and the | Conservation Management Plan prepared for land in      | NR      | Sat |          |
|   | the C2 zone.   |         |     |          |
| provisions in Clauses 7.3 to                      |  |         |     |          |
| and inclusive of Clause 7.6 of                    | Land Identified as "Biodiversity" on the Terrestrial   | $\circ$ |     |          |
| the LEP.  | Biodiversity Map (WWLEP 2010 Clause 7.3)               | ND      | Cot |          |
| O2 Protect, maintain or                           |  | NR      | Sat |          |
| improve the diversity of the                      | Land Identified as "Vulnerable Land" on the Vulnerable |         |     |          |
| native flora and fauna.                           | Land Map (WWLEP 2010 Clause 7.4)                       |         |     |          |
| O3 Protect the ecological                         | ,  | NR      | Sat |          |
| processes necessary for their                     | Land Identified as "Waterway" on the Water Resources   |         |     |          |
| continued existence.                              | Map (WWLEP 2010 Clause 7.5)                            | ND      | 0-1 |          |
| O4 Encourage the recovery                         |  | NR      | Sat |          |
| of threatened species,                            | Land Identified as "Groundwater" on the Water          |         |     |          |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             | Resources Map (WWLEP 2010 Clause 7.6)                  | 1.15    |     |          |
| communities or populations                        |  | NR      | Sat |          |
| and their habitats.                               |  |         |     |          |
| O5 Protect, maintain or                           |  |         |     |          |
| improve the diversity and                         |  |         |     |          |
| stability of landscapes.                          |  |         |     |          |
| ciasing of fariadoupou.                           |  |         |     |          |
|   | 1  |         |     | <u> </u> |

# **E** 6 Villages

| Development in the Villages |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| O1 allowing for appropriate | Streetscape, building location and form |

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| development while preserving existing levels of village amenity  O2 recognising and                       | C7 The form and scale of buildings is to relate to the particular characteristics of the village. Refer to streetscape reference buildings near the site and Village controls where applicable. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|---|---|---------|----------|--|
| preserving character of all<br>existing villages while<br>encouraging appropriate<br>forms of development | C8 Front setbacks are to correspond to the setbacks of adjoining buildings and the pattern of existing buildings near the site.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| O3 supporting the viability<br>and sustainability of the<br>villages as non-urban places                  | C9 Side setbacks are to allow sufficient access for landscaping, maintenance and separation from adjoining properties. Dwellings in the villages are often sited towards the centre of blocks.  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|   | C10 Site cover is to be consistent with the established pattern of the village. Refer to the Character Statement.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|   | Landscaping   |         |          |  |
|   | C12 Consider use of native species rather than exotic plants.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|   | Materials and colours   | ı       |          |  |
|   | C13 Use materials that are compatible with surrounding development and appropriate to their application taking into consideration orientation, energy efficiency and sustainability.            | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|   | C14 Use lightweight cladding (timber) and low intensity colours (lighter tones) for all finishes, including roofs.  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|   | Fencing   |         |          |  |
|   | C15 Use low, open or rural style fencing (without barbed wire) on frontages to roads or lanes, including secondary frontages.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|   | Collingullie  |         |          |  |
|   | <u> </u>  |         |          |  |

| C18 Development within Collingullie Village is to be in accordance with the Wagga Wagga Development Control Plan 2010 as amended – Section 6 – Villages Page 20 of 21 Section: 275 Collingullie Urban Design Report, June 2021. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|---|---------|----------|--|
| Ladysmith   |         |          |  |
| C22 New development to respect the pattern and setbacks of existing adjoining buildings. In many cases this means locating dwellings in the centre of lots, and matching the established front and side setbacks.               | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| Mangoplah (no relevant controls)  |         |          |  |
| Oura  |         |          |  |
| C25 Design and locate buildings on the slopes of the hill to minimise potential visual prominence by using piers or similar rather than elevated concrete slabs and by locating the buildings as low as possible on the slope.  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| C26 Face the sub-floor areas with horizontal slats (timber or equivalent) to minimise visual exposure to the under-floor area.  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| Tarcutta  |         |          |  |
| C28 Setbacks to be similar to adjoining buildings and no greater than the largest setback of any adjoining building. For buildings on Sydney Street a nil or small setback may be appropriate.                                  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| C29 Encourage new residential development to occur in the precinct east of Sydney Street.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| C31 Development on existing lots on the western side of the village to be designed and sited to minimise impacts on existing trees, and impacts resulting from the truck parking area in terms of light spill, noise and fumes. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |

| C32 Consider split level construction with pier footings (or similar) on sloping sites rather than concrete slabs.  | 0       | 0        |  |
|---|---------|----------|--|
| Uranquinty  | NR      | Sat      |  |
| C37 Retain the strong eastern edge of the village. Any development to the east of Connorton Street should comprise large lot residential development that complements the rural character of the surrounding lands.       | NR NR   | Sat      |  |
| C39 New buildings on Olympic Highway/ Morgan Street are to have a nil or small setback, and are to follow the vertical rhythm established by the existing built form.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| C40 Retain the low scale character along Morgan Street using the existing buildings as a guide. Pick up elements of the existing built form, with particular reference to ridgelines and the height of verandahs/awnings. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| C41 Use pitched roof forms and articulation to break up building bulk, including verandahs to the street.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|   |         |          |  |

# **8** Rural Development

| Development in rural areas  |  |         |          |  |
|---|--|---------|----------|--|
| O1 Ensure that rural developments are compatible with site context.                 | C1 Uses are to be compatible with the character of the locality in terms of buildings, structures and the nature of operations.                                | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| O2 Minimise potential for conflicts between traditional and productive agricultural | C2 Provide adequate buffer areas and setbacks to minimise potential conflicts with adjoining lawful land uses. Where there is potential for a conflict between | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |

| uses and non-agricultural uses.  | land uses, priority will be given to the existing productive use.   |         |          |  |
|--|---|---------|----------|--|
| O3 Ensure that adequate buffers are provided so that dwellings do not interfere with the right to farm | C3 Use landscaping and other screening options to help integrate new uses and developments into the rural landscape.  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| adjoining or adjacent land.  O4 Ensure safe and  | C4 Uses must be capable of operating within capacities of available existing services.  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| adequate servicing and access arrangements.  | C5 Provide adequate facilities for additional traffic in terms of vehicle access and movements, parking areas, and loading and unloading of goods.  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|  | C6 In the case of larger projects Council may require the applicant to demonstrate that the roads in the locality are of satisfactory construction and condition to accommodate the size, weight and volume of vehicles that could be generated by the use, and that the local traffic conditions are suitable. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|  | C7 Provide satisfactory arrangements for storage and disposal of waste.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|  | C8 Locate dwellings to minimise conflicts with activities associated with primary production, so as to not interfere with the ability to farm adjoining or adjacent land.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|  | C9 A dwelling house and all ancillary development on a lot in the following zones must have a setback from the boundary with a primary road that is not a classified road of at least the following:  (a) If the lot is in Zone RU1, RU2 or RU6 – 50m   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|  | C10 A dwelling house and all ancillary development on a corner lot must have a setback from a boundary with   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |

|  | a secondary road that is not a classified road of at least the following:  (a) If the lot is in Zone RU1, RU2 or RU6 – 10m  |         |          |  |
|--|---|---------|----------|--|
|  | C11 A dwelling house must have a setback of at least 250m from a boundary with adjoining land being used for any of the following: (i) Forestry (ii) Intensive livestock agriculture (iii) Intensive plant agriculture (iv) Mines and extractive industries (v) Railway lines (vi) Rural industries | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|  | C12 Variations to the minimum setback can be considered where it can be shown that the agricultural potential of the land will be protected taking into account alternative measures such as landscaping or other relevant factors.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| Rural Dwellings  |   |         |          |  |
| O1 Ensure that dwellings in rural areas are compatible with the rural landscape.                             | C1 Avoid prime productive lands and prominent hill and ridgeline locations especially where alternative, more suitable locations are available.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| O2 Encourage dwellings and outbuildings to be located in clusters.  O3 Encourage energy efficient dwellings. | C2 Locate dwellings either within a predetermined building envelope, or in a location that is suitable for construction, being free from contamination and capable of accommodating a sewage management system.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|  | C3 The scale, footprint and height of dwellings is to be such that buildings recede in to the landscape and do not distract from skyline views or views that are part of the visual backdrop of the area. Orientate dwellings to maximise the northern aspect of living areas.                      | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |

| C4 Materials and finishes are to be non-reflective. Low intensity colours (lighter tones) are generally preferred.  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|---|---------|----------|--|
| C5 Outbuildings are to be located close to the main dwelling and to the rear when viewed from the nearest road so as to appear as a 'homestead group' of buildings.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| C6 Driveways are to follow natural contours where possible. Avoid unreasonably steep and visually intrusive driveways.  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| C7 Native vegetation is to be retained and embellished where possible. Dwelling construction should not disturb remnant vegetation.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| C8 Traditional rural fencing, such as post and wire are encouraged. Use vegetation barriers where needed to provide visual screening between adjoining properties   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| C9 Rural workers dwellings and secondary dwellings should:  • be situated on the same legal title as the principal farm dwelling  • share the same road access, power and communication infrastructure as the principal farm dwelling (as should secondary dwellings)  • be located within reasonable proximity to other farm buildings (e.g. within 300 m), and,  • be appropriately separated from farm boundaries and potentially conflicting land uses (e.g. intensive livestock operations, livestock yards, dairies and the like) | O NR    | O Sat    |  |

# 9.1.5 R3 Zone – Staunton Estate

Site cover

| O1 Ensure adequate areas for access, parking, landscaping, useable garden and outdoor areas and natural runoff.   | C1 Maximum site cover is 65% of the lot area including outbuildings.   | O<br>NR         | Sat |  |  |
|---|--|-----------------|-----|--|--|
| Private open space  |  |                 |     |  |  |
| O1 Provide quality, useable private open space O2 Ensure adequate areas for recreation and outdoor                | C1 Minimum private open space provision must meet the minimum size provision in Table 9.1.5.2 below. These provisions must be read in conjunction with the additional controls detailed below Table 9.1.5.2.   | O <sub>NR</sub> | Sat |  |  |
| living.   | C2 The location and design of private open space must:   | 0               | 0   |  |  |
| O3 Encourage good connection between dwellings and private open space.  | Be directly accessible from a habitable room other than a bedroom;     Have a minimum width of 3m;   | NR              | Sat |  |  |
|   | C3 A balcony, deck, patio, terrace or verandah with a finished floor level of more than 2m above existing ground level must not exceed 2m in depth and 8m <sub>2</sub> in area. Variations in dimensions or area may be considered where site characteristics allow and where adequate privacy protection measures such as screening devices are included. | O<br>NR         | Sat |  |  |
| Front and secondary setbacks for dwellings  |  |                 |     |  |  |
| O1 Encourage uniform building lines that correspond to the built setbacks and patterns of neighbouring buildings. | C1 Minimum front and secondary setbacks are to be in accordance with Tables 9.1.5.3a and 9.1.5.3b below.   | O<br>NR         | Sat |  |  |
| O2 Encourage attractive residential streets and quality public domain.  |  |                 |     |  |  |

| O3 Maintain lines of sight for vehicle safety.   |   |         |          |  |
|--|---|---------|----------|--|
| Side boundary setbacks for o   | dwellings   |         |          |  |
| O1 Ensure new development continues the rhythm or pattern of development in the locality.  | C1 The side boundary setbacks provisions are detailed in Table 9.1.5.4 below. These setback provisions must be read in conjunction with the additional controls detailed below Table 9.1.5.4. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|  | C2 The length of walls built to a side boundary must not be greater than 21m or 70% of the length of the boundary, whichever is the lesser.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| Rear boundary setbacks for   | dwellings   |         |          |  |
| O1 Encourage uniform building lines that correspond to the built setbacks and patterns of neighbouring buildings.  O2 Maintain lines of sight for vehicle safety.  O3 Provide a consistent and | C1 Rear boundary setbacks for dwellings are to be in accordance with Table 9.1.5.5 below.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| attractive streetscape to<br>laneways and space for rear<br>detached garages   |   |         |          |  |
| Rear boundary setbacks to laneways for outbuildings  |   |         |          |  |
| O1 Encourage uniform building lines that correspond to the built setbacks and  | C1 Rear boundary setbacks to laneways for outbuildings are to be a minimum of 500mm.  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |

| patterns of neighbouring buildings.  O2 Maintain lines of sight for vehicle safety.  | C2 Access to laneways must demonstrate that the turning circle is in compliance with the Australian Standards.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|--|--|---------|----------|--|
|  |  |         |          |  |
| Building articulation  |  |         |          |  |
| O1 To ensure building facades are articulated to complement and enhance the streetscape and neighbourhood character.                           | C1 For lots less than 8m wide; and For lots more than 10m wide: Each dwelling must have a front door and a window to a habitable room in the building wall that faces a primary street.  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| O2 To encourage contemporary and innovative design to establish a preferred neighbourhood character in new and transitional residential areas. | C2 For lots between 8m and 10m (inclusive) in width, each dwelling must have a defined entry point using building elements or articulation in the elevation that faces a primary street. Where possible, windows to a habitable room should also be provided along the front elevation. A high level of visual articulation should be provided to reduce the visual bulk of any garage.            | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|  | C3 Houses on corner lots are to ensure an acceptable address to both frontages. Continue materials around the corner to the secondary road so that the building "turns the corner".  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|  | C4 Use articulation to avoid excessively long blank walls.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|  | C5 An articulation zone may be incorporated that extends 1.5m forward of the front building setback. The maximum total area of building elements (a) to (d) - detailed below - in the articulation zone must not be more than 35 percent of the area of the articulation zone.  (a) an entry feature or portico, (b) a balcony, deck, patio, pergola, terrace, verandah, (c) window box treatment, | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |

|  | <ul><li>(d) bay window or similar,</li><li>(e) an awning or other feature over a window,</li><li>(f) a sun shading feature.</li></ul>   |         |          |  |
|--|---|---------|----------|--|
| Outbuildings   |   |         |          |  |
| O1 Minimise the visual dominance of outbuildings in the streetscape.         | C1 The maximum footprint for outbuildings in 45m².  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| the streetsdape.   | C2 For lots 8m to 12m wide (inclusive) and where the garage opening is facing onto a secondary frontage, the total width of garage door openings must not exceed 5.4m.  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|  | C3 For lots less than 8m in width with an accessible rear lane, any vehicular access is to be from the rear. For lots where both side and rear access is available, vehicular access can be provided from the side as an alternative to rear access provided it is in accordance with C2 above.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| Ancillary Development (exclu   | uding outbuildings)   |         |          |  |
| O1 Minimise the visual dominance of ancillary development in the streetscape | C1 Ancillary development located at the front of dwellings/sites must not extend forward of the front of the face of the forward-most wall of the dwelling enclosing a habitable room. In all instances, ancillary development shall not encroach into the required front setback. Except as permitted by Section 9.1.5.7.  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|  | C2 For lots 8m to 12m wide (inclusive) where the garage opening is to a primary frontage, the total width of the garage door opening must not exceed 5.4m. For garages in these circumstances, a high level of visual articulation should be provided to reduce the visual bulk of the garage. Where possible, windows to a habitable room should also be provided along the front elevation. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |

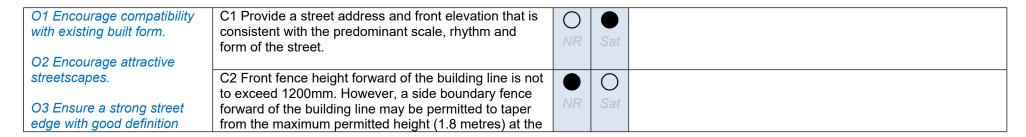
|   | C3 For lots 8m to 12m wide (inclusive) and where the garage opening is facing onto a secondary frontage, the total width of garage door openings must not exceed 5.4m.   | O NR    | Sat      |  |
|---|--|---------|----------|--|
|   | C4 For lots more than 12m wide and where the garage opening is facing onto a primary frontage, the total width of garage door openings must not exceed 6m.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|   | C5 For lots less than 8m in width with an accessible rear lane, any vehicular access is to be from the rear. For lots where both side and rear access is available, vehicular access can be provided from the side as an alternative to rear access provided it is in accordance with C3 above.  | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| Privacy   |  |         |          |  |
| O1 Ensure privacy within new developments, and avoid potential impacts to existing properties.  O2 Ensure adequate acoustic privacy within dwellings. | C1 Visual privacy protection must be provided for any part of the window less than 1.5m above finished floor level, if;  (a) The window is to a habitable room with a finished floor level more than 1m above existing ground level, and the window has a sill height less than 1.5m above finished floor level, and the window faces a side boundary and is less than 3m from that boundary.  (b) The window is to a habitable room with a finished floor level more than 3m above existing ground level, and the window has a sill height less than 1.5m above finished floor level, and the window faces a side boundary and is between 3m and 6m from that boundary.  (c) Visual privacy protection is not required for a window less than 2m² in size to a bedroom. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|   | C2 Visual privacy protection may be achieved by options including, but not limited to:   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |

| (a) Window location—primary windows to habitable rooms are located and designed to provide an outlook to the front and rear setbacks, not the side boundaries.  (b) Layout and separation—offsetting windows from the windows of the adjoining dwelling to limit views between the windows.  (c) Architectural design solutions and devices—redirecting and limiting sightlines using deep sills with planter boxes, fixed horizontal or vertical louvres, or other screening devices set off the windows internally or externally.  (d) Glazed opening windows—using windows with obscure glazing to a height of 1.5m above floor level and fitted with a winder mechanism to control the maximum angle of the opening to limit views.  (e) Glazed fixed windows or high sills—using fixed windows with obscure glazing in any part of the window below 1.5m above floor level, or window sill heights of 1.5m above floor level. |         |     |  |
|--|---------|-----|--|
| C3 Windows to bathrooms and toilet areas are to have obscure glazing where these have a direct view to, and from, habitable rooms and private open space on adjoining and adjacent properties.   | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
| C4 Architectural design solutions and screening devices referred to in C1 and C2 above are to be integrated with the overall design and contribute to the architectural merit of the building, having particular regard to the appearance of the building including:  (a) Impacts on visual bulk;  (b) Compliance with minimum boundary setback controls; and  (c) Appearance when viewed from adjoining properties and the public domain.   | O<br>NR | Sat |  |

#### 9.2.1 Site layout

| O1 Encourage site responsive development that is compatible with existing or  | C1 Use site characteristics such as trees, changes in level or rock outcrops as features within the site layout. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|---|--|---------|----------|--|
| desired built form.  O2 Facilitate sustainable  | C2 Integrate access, landscaping and services in the site layout, avoiding underutilised spaces.                 | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| development through passive solar design.   | C3 Orient living spaces to maximise solar access.  | NR      | O<br>Sat |  |
| O3 Integrate landscaping and built form.  | C4 Facilitate natural cross ventilation within dwellings through the location of windows and doors.              | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |
| O4 Encourage designs which respond to the physical context and characteristics of the particular site.                    |  |         |          |  |
| O5 Encourage design that maximises the opportunity for passive surveillance of communal spaces from private living areas. |  |         |          |  |

#### 9.2.2 Streetscape



| between the public and private domain.              | building line down to the 1200mm maximum permitted height at the front boundary.                        |    |     |  |
|---|---|----|-----|--|
| ,   | ,   |    |     |  |
| O4 In locations where front fences are an important | C3 Fence height at and behind the building line is not to exceed 1800mm in height.                      |    | 0   |  |
| feature of the established                          | <u> </u>  | NR | Sat |  |
| streetscape, ensure that new fences complement the  | C4 The majority of windows in dwelling wall which face the street should be windows of habitable rooms. |    | 0   |  |
| character of the streetscape.                       |   | NR | Sat |  |
|   |   |    |     |  |

#### 9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades

| O1 Encourage development on corner sites to respond to all street frontages.  Note: this objective relates to | C1 Houses on corner lots are to ensure an acceptable address to both frontages. Continue materials around the corner to the secondary road so that the building "turns the corner".  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|---|--|---------|----------|--|
| both building lines and fences.   | C2 Use articulation to avoid excessively long blank walls.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|   | C3 A fence on the secondary frontage is permitted to have a height not exceeding 1800mm except in the following circumstances where its height is not to exceed 1200mm:  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|   | Where it enters and is within the building line of the primary road - within the building line a fence will be permitted to taper down from 1800mm maximum permitted height to the 1200mm maximum permitted height at the primary road boundary"     Where a dwelling "addresses" the secondary road |         |          |  |

9.2.4 Sloping sites

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| O1 Encourage site responsive development.  O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.  O3 If an alternate design is possible, avoid development that would require cutting into the site. | C1 Use pier, split level or suspended floor designs on sloping sites.  | O<br>NR | Sat      | The building design is appropriate to the site and generally meets the objectives. |
|---|--|---------|----------|--|
| 9.3.1 Site area per   | r dwelling   |         |          |  |
| O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  | C1 The minimum area of any site in an R1 Zone on which development is carried out is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.1a.                      | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established   | C2 The maximum site of any land in an R3 Zone on which development is carried out is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.1a.                      | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |
| character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.   | C3 On larger sites the site area per dwelling may be distributed to provide a range of lot sizes, and to respond to site conditions and context. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| 9.3.2 Site cover  |  |         |          |  |
| O1 Ensure that development sites are of sufficient size for dual occupancy, multi   | C1 Maximum site cover is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.2a, except for land under C2.  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |

| lwelling housing and esidential flat developments.   | C2 Maximum site cover for any development type on land within the black edging indicated on the maps shall have a maximum site cover of 50%, unless a      | O<br>NR | Sat |  |  |
|--|--|---------|-----|--|--|
| D2 Ensure adequate areas for access, parking, andscaping, useable garden and outdoor areas and natural runoff. | greater site cover is allowed for under C1.  |         |     |  |  |
| 3 Retain compatibility with ite context and avoid over evelopment resulting from excessive site cover.         |  |         |     |  |  |
| 9.3.4 Solar access   | 8  |         |     |  |  |
| O1 Ensure that the amenity of the occupants of dwellings achieved by designing so                              | C1 Locate garages, laundries and bathrooms to provide insulation from western sun.   | NR      | Sat |  |  |
| that they receive adequate daylight and natural ventilation to habitable rooms and sunlight to private open    | C2 Locate living areas and private open space to ensure orientation to the north and north east where possible.  | NR NR   | Sat |  |  |
| space areas.<br>O2 Ensure non-habitable<br>cooms such as garages,  | C3 Building design and site layout is to ensure adequate sunlight access to the internal living spaces and private open space of the proposed development. | O<br>NR | Sat |  |  |
| laundries and bathrooms are  | C4 Variations can be considered to C1, C2 and C3 where it can be demonstrated that site constraints.   |         | C   |  |  |

where it can be demonstrated that site constraints,

existing built form and good design practices limit the

ability of the proposal to comply with these controls.

C6 For any adjacent dwellings that have north facing living areas, maintain 3 hours sunlight access to the windows of the living areas between 9am and 3pm in

mid-winter (June 22).

areas, open space and

maximum winter solar access and ventilation.

habitable rooms receive

| O3 Maintain reasonable  |  |         |          |  |
|---|--|---------|----------|--|
| sunlight access to adjoining properties.  | C7 Variations to C6 above can be considered where it can be demonstrated that any form of reasonable development on the lot would cause non-compliance with C6. In this instance the impacts are to be minimised where possible.                         | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |
|   | C8 Proposed development design should take into account the location of any adjacent private open space and avoid excess overshadowing of that space.  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| 9.3.5 Private oper  | space  |         |          |  |
| O1 Provide quality, useable private open space.  O2 Ensure adequate areas for recreation and outdoor              | C1 At least 24m2 of private open space is required per dwelling. The private open space is to be directly accessible to the main living area and have a minimum dimension of 4m.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| O3 Encourage good connection between dwellings and private open space.  | C2 Enclosure of approved private open space will be permitted, however at least one side of the approved private open space is to remain open. Roofing of approved private open space is permitted provided that BASIX requirements are not compromised. | NR NR   | Sat      |  |
|   | C3 Use screening where necessary to ensure the privacy of private open space areas.  | NR      | O<br>Sat |  |
| 9.3.6 Front setbac  | cks  |         |          |  |
| O1 Encourage uniform building lines that correspond to the built setbacks and patterns of neighbouring buildings. | C1 Minimum front setbacks for residential development (site area smaller than 2000m2):  Primary frontage to a main or arterial road 9m # Primary street frontage (other roads) 6m #  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |

| O2 Encourage attractive residential streets and quality public domain.                                     | Secondary frontage (corner site) 3m # - For residential accommodation in R3 Zones a minimum setback of 3m may be considered.  |       |          |  |
|--|---|-------|----------|--|
| O3 Ensure that new developments complement the established built patterns . O4 Maintain lines of sight for | C2 In the older areas of Wagga Wagga front setbacks are typically 7.5m. where the setback of existing adjoining buildings is greater than 6m increase the front setback to the setback of the adjoining building closest to the street boundary.  | NR NR | Sat      |  |
| vehicle safety.  | C3 The front elevation of a dwelling as visible from a public road shall include at least one change in plane of the dwelling wall (that encloses a habitable room) of a minimum of 500mm. The front of the garage shall not protrude in front of the face of the forward most wall of the dwelling enclosing a habitable room. In all instances, the garage shall not encroach on the front setback identified under C1. The forward most part of a building/dwelling wall shall not project forward of the building line. Refer to diagrams opposite.   | NR NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|  | C4 Variations to the minimum setback can be considered in the following circumstances:  • Within Urban Release Areas where it can be demonstrated that the reduced setback will be generally consistent with the character of the area or likely or desired future character of the area consistent with those generally allowed under the SEPP (Exempt and Complying Code) 2008 or relevant Code at the time of lodgement of a development application.  • Areas where it can be demonstrated that the setback is consistent with neighbouring properties. This situation is typical to older established areas of Central Wagga and large lot residential land.  • Corner lots where it can be demonstrated that the reduced setback on either or both frontages provides a more attractive streetscape without impacting unreasonably on the amenity of the neighbouring | NR NR | O<br>Sat |  |

|                                | properties. This is relevant to designs that address |        |     |  |
|--------------------------------|--|--------|-----|--|
|                                | both frontages without boundary fencing.             |        |     |  |
|                                | South Chagos William Boundary Torrolling.            |        |     |  |
| 9.3.7 Side and rea             |  |        |     |  |
| O1 Ensure adequate             | C1 The rear setback for detached secondary dwellings |        |     | Side and rear setbacks comply with the objectives. |
| separation between buildings   | is determined by site conditions and the setbacks of |        | _   | ,            |
| for landscaping, privacy,      | similar structures on adjoining and nearby sites.    | NR     | Sat |  |
| natural light and ventilation. |  |        |     |  |
| Tratarar light and ventuation. | C2 Any point of a building must have a setback from  |        |     |  |
| O2 Ensure new development      |  |        |     |  |
|                                | the side boundary nearest to that point of at least: | NR     | Sat |  |
| continues the rhythm or        | a) If the lot is in Zone R5 a setback of 2m, or      | 7 47 5 | Out |  |
| pattern of development in the  | b) If the lot is in Zone RU4 a setback of 10m.       |        |     |  |
| locality.                      |  |        |     |  |
|                                |  |        |     |  |
| O3 Provide access for          |  |        |     |  |
| maintenance.                   |  |        |     |  |
|                                |  |        |     |  |
| O4 Building setbacks from      |  |        |     |  |
| the side and rear boundaries   |  |        |     |  |
| shall have careful regard to   |  |        |     |  |
|                                |  |        |     |  |
| the impact of proposed         |  |        |     |  |
| structures on adjoining        |  |        |     |  |
| landowners.                    |  |        |     |  |
|                                |  |        |     |  |
| 9.4.1 Building ele             |  |        |     |  |
| O1 Encourage quality and       | C1 Use verandahs or pergolas to link internal and    |        |     |  |
| visually interesting buildings | external living areas.                               | _      | _   |  |
| through the use of building    |  | NR     | Sat |  |
| elements.                      | C2 Porches are to be integrated into the building    |        |     |  |
|                                | design, and are to be used to create a sheltered and | 0      | 0   |  |
| O2 Facilitate passive solar    |  | NR     | Sat |  |
|                                | clearly visible entry.                               |        |     |  |
| design principles.             |  |        |     |  |

|   | C3 Locate ancillary components such as aerials, satellite dishes, air conditioning units and the like so they are not visible from the street.   | O<br>NR | Sat Sat |
|---|--|---------|---------|
|   | C5 Secondary dwellings are to appear as a single occupancy from the public domain.   | O<br>NR | Sat     |
| 9.4.2 Materials an  | d finishes   |         |         |
| O1 Encourage the use of external materials and finishes that are suited to their location and support     | C1 Select materials for their environmental performance, durability, detail and appearance to achieve quality appearance.  | O<br>NR | Sat     |
| consistent quality streetscapes.  | C2 Avoid large unbroken expanses of any single material.   | O<br>NR | Sat     |
| O2 Encourage use of materials that have good thermal performance.   | C3 Minimise use of highly reflective or glossy materials on building exteriors.  | O<br>NR |         |
| O3 Promote the use of materials that are climate responsive and contribute to innovative building design. | C4 Use contrasting materials in combination with design elements for features such as corner elements.   | O<br>NR | Sat     |
| 9.4.3 Privacy   |  |         |         |
| O1 Ensure privacy within new developments, and avoid potential impacts to                                 | C1 Offset windows, balconies and private open space areas between adjoining dwellings.   | NR NR   | Sat     |
| existing properties.  | C2 Provide adequate building separation within the development and from neighbouring buildings/adjacent land uses. Alternate design elements, including (but not limited to) opaque screens of appropriate | NR NR   | Sat Sat |

| O2 Ensure adequate acoustic privacy within dwellings. | dimensions, translucent or highlight windows may be used to improve privacy.  |       |     |  |
|---|---|-------|-----|--|
|   | C3 Screening is required where there is direct line of sight between neighbouring balconies or private open space areas, or between windows and door openings of habitable rooms. | NR NR | Sat |  |

### 9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds, driveways and outbuildings

| O1 Minimise the visual dominance of garages and driveways in the streetscape.   | C1 Where garage doors form part of the facade of a dwelling fronting a public road - the garage door is to be:  | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |
|---|---|---------|----------|--|
| O2 Where possible, locate garages so as to assist in protecting dwellings from early morning and late afternoon summer sun. | less than 50% of the width of the house* no wider than 6m # maximum 2.4m high # - double garages are only permitted on lots 12.5m wide or greater* - single fronted tandem garages with one space behind the other are permitted  * - Variations to these controls may be considered for multi storey dwellings # - Variations to these controls may be considered where the setback of the dwelling exceeds 10 metres. |         |          |  |
|   | C2 Garages, carports and sheds that open up to a laneway must be setback a minimum of 1m from the property boundary.  | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |
|   | C3 The floor area of an outbuilding on a residential lot must not be more than the following:  (a) 8% of the site area if the lot has an area of less than 600m2,   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |

|  | (b) 8% of the area or a maximum area of 175m2, whichever is the lesser, if the lot has an area of at least 600m2 but less than 4000m2, (c) Lots greater than 4000m2 will be considered on their merits.  |         |          |  |
|--|--|---------|----------|--|
|  | C4 The total cumulative floor area of all outbuildings on any one property shall not exceed 8% of the site area or a maximum area of 300m2, whichever is the lesser.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|  | Lots greater than 4000m2 will be considered on their merits.   |         |          |  |
|  | C5 Sheds may only be erected on residential land where a dwelling house is constructed or under construction and must be used for purposes ancillary to the residential use of the land.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|  | C6 The height of an outbuilding or the alterations and additions to an existing outbuilding on a lot must not be more than 4.8m above ground level (existing). The building shall be single storey construction with a maximum roof pitch of 27 degrees or steeper to match the roof pitch of the house. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|  | C7 An outbuilding shall not be located in front of the main building line. Variations may be considered for a balcony, deck, patio, pergola, terrace or verandah.  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| 9.4.5 Site facilities  | S  |         |          |  |
| O1 Ensure site facilities are integrated into site design, and are convenient, visually discreet and easy to maintain. | C2 Locate mail boxes so that they are clearly visible from the street or main entry. The plans are to include details of the location for letter boxes and any associated shelter structure.   | O<br>NR | O<br>Sat |  |

| O2 Encourage an attractive residential setting and quality public domain. | C3 Garbage areas are to be easily accessible within the site, and are to have adequate lighting. The area should be visually screened from adjoining developments and public spaces. | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|---|--|---------|-----|--|
| O3 Minimise duplication of trenches for services and the like.            | C4 Provide an external drying area in an area that receives reasonable solar access. The drying area is to be screened from the street or adjoining public spaces.                   | O<br>NR | Sat |  |

### 9.4.6 Changing the landform – cut and fill

| on Encourage site responsive development and protect the amenity of adjoining land.  On Avoid excessive earthworks and minimise changes to the natural landform.  On Encourage site layout and building design that is appropriate to the site conditions, including use of split levels, pier foundation or | C1 Excavation is not to exceed a maximum depth measured from ground level (existing) as follows:  (a) If located no more than 1m from boundary – 1.5m, and  (b) If located more than 1m but not more than 1.5m from any boundary – 2m, and  (c) If located more than 1.5m from any boundary – 3m.  Any depths and/or setbacks outside of the above may only be considered where there is no unreasonable or unacceptable impact on the amenity of the adjoining properties (direct overlooking and loss of privacy, overshadowing to areas of principal private open space and living areas). | O<br>NR | Sat |
|--|---|---------|-----|
| suspended floor house designs.  O4 Avoid adverse impacts on salinity by minimising the potential for surface water to enter the groundwater in recharge areas.   | C2 Fill is not to exceed:  (a) 1.5m above ground level (existing), and  (b) Must be contained by either:  (i) A retaining wall or other form of structural support that does not extend more than 1.5m from the closest external wall of the dwelling house, or  (ii) An unprotected sloping embankment or batter that does not extend from the dwelling house by more than 3m in which case the toe of the embankment or batter.   | O<br>NR | Sat |

| O5 Avoid inappropriate fill being introduced to sites.  O6 Ensure adequate provision of drainage in relation to cut and fill practices. | must be more than 1m away from a side or rear boundary.  Variations to the above setbacks can be considered where the applicant can demonstrate that there is an acceptable impact on the amenity of the adjoining properties (privacy, overshadowing).   |         |     |  |
|---|---|---------|-----|--|
|   | C3 Retaining walls and support for earthworks that are more than 600mm above or below ground (existing) and within 1m of the boundary or more than 1m above the ground level in another location, must take the form of a retaining wall or other form of structural support that:  (a) has been certified by a professional engineer, and (b) has adequate drainage lines connected to the existing stormwater drainage system for the site, and (c) does not result in any retaining wall or structural support with a total height measured vertically from the base of the retaining wall or structural support to its uppermost portion is:  (i) more than 1.5m in height and within 1m from a side or rear boundary, or  (ii) more than 3m in height at any other location. | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|   | C4 Retaining walls are not to be located within the easement. The retaining wall shall be located outside the easements zone of influence.  | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|   | C5 No cut or fill to take place within easements.   | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|   | C6 To encourage site responsive development, excavation and retaining walls greater than that specified in C1 to C3 above can be considered where the design responds to the slope (or incorporates split levels). The additional retaining wall height is to facilitate basements, garages or the like at the lower level. The excavation is to be adequately retained and   | NR NR   | Sat |  |

| drained, in accordance with approved engineering details.   |         |          |  |
|---|---------|----------|--|
| C7 Where achievable, any proposed dwelling is to be designed incorporating retaining walls and fill within the dwelling. Should the provision of retaining walls and fill not be achievable within a proposed dwelling due to demonstrated site constraints they should be located as close to the proposed dwelling as is possible, to minimise the impact on the amenity of the adjoining properties. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| C8 All retained material is to have a gradient of at least 5%.  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| C9 Fill material is to be substantially from the site only. Imported fill material is not encouraged.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| C10 Cut and fill outside the building envelope is not to exceed 600mm.  | NR      | O<br>Sat |  |
| C11 Stormwater or surface water runoff is not to be redirected or concentrated onto adjoining properties so as to cause a nuisance. Adequate drainage is to be provided to divert water away from batters.  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| C12 Earthworks should not be carried out within the angle of repose of adjoining property. Unless such works are supported by certified structural engineer reports and do not impact on neighbouring property.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |

# 9.5 Large Lot Residential Zone – Intensification areas

| 9.5.1 R5 Zone - Silverwood, Mitchell, Birch & Brunskill Road Precinct | 0  | 0   |
|---|----|-----|
| Refer to this section of the DCP.                                     | NR | Sat |

| 9.5.2 R5 Zone – Gregadoo & Tallowood Precinct | 0  | 0   |
|---|----|-----|
| Refer to this section of the DCP.             | NR | Sat |
|   |    |     |

#### ☐ 14 Boorooma Urban Release Area

| Site Topography and Landscape Character  |   |         |          |  |  |
|--|---|---------|----------|--|--|
| O1 To require new development to respond to site features including topography and vegetation.                                     | C2 Protect sloping land and rocky outcrops as visual features of Boorooma.  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |  |
| O2 To avoid adverse impact upon all land with development limitations.   |   |         |          |  |  |
| Natural Resource Manageme  | ent   |         |          |  |  |
| O1 To ensure trees and vegetation that contribute to the environmental and amenity value of the locality and region are preserved. | C2 Compensatory tree plantings must use a minimum 10:1 ratio of trees planted to trees removed for each native tree to be removed, and revegetation and landscaping should use locally native species from seed of local provenance.  | NR NR   | Sat      |  |  |
| O4 To enhance the landscape, cultural and ecological qualities of Boorooma   | C5 Within the C4 Zone, building envelopes must include a 20 metre wide Asset Protection Zone and must be located to avoid mature trees with a diameter greater than or equal to 60cm (measured at 140cm from ground level). Such trees must be retained within the C4 Zone. | NR NR   | Sat      |  |  |
|  | C6 Within the C4 Zone, all trees containing hollows or with a diameter greater than or equal to 60cm  | NR      | O<br>Sat |  |  |

|   | (measured at 140cm from ground level) must be retained.  |       |           |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|-------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Topography, views and setting (Note – this section relates to subdivision, however the following controls should be considered) |  |       |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| O1 Encourage site specific solutions and site responsive development.   | C1 Any future development visible from the Olympic Highway must maintain a rural representation to the highway and preserve natural areas. | NR NR | Sat       |  |  |  |  |  |
| O3 Design to maximise the natural features of the land.   | C6 All trees with a diameter greater than or equal to 60cm (measured at 140cm from ground level) must be retained.                         | NR NR | O<br>Sat  |  |  |  |  |  |
| O4 Protect the visual amenity of the natural ridgelines and historical landscapes.  |  |       |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Open Space, parks and the p   | public domain (Note – this section relates to subdivision,   | howev | er the fo | llowing controls should be considered) |  |  |  |  |
| O2 To provide open space areas with natural surveillance from surrounding dwellings.  | C2 Dwellings adjoining open space must front that open space.  | NR NR | Sat       |  |  |  |  |  |
| Design Principles   |  |       |           |  |  |  |  |  |
| P1 Use passive solar design p internal amenity.   | rinciples to maximise thermal performance for good   | NR NR | O<br>Sat  |  |  |  |  |  |
| P2 Select materials to support sustainability of the design.  | good thermal performance and maximise the  | NR NR | O<br>Sat  |  |  |  |  |  |
| P3 Achieve a density and scale transport, shops, schools or co  | e that reflects the zone and proximity of the site to ommunity uses.   | NR NR | O<br>Sat  |  |  |  |  |  |
| P4 Implement resource reuse.  |  | NR NR | Sat       |  |  |  |  |  |
| P5 Building siting, footprint, sc development and the establish   | ale and bulk should be compatible with adjoining ned or intended built form.   | 0     |           |  |  |  |  |  |

|                                    |   | NR         | Sat     |
|------------------------------------|---|------------|---------|
| P6 Integrate building design a     | nd landscaping with north facing internal living areas that |            | 0       |
| link to quality private open spa   | ice.  |            |         |
|                                    |   | NR         | Sat Sat |
| P7 Development design shall        | respond to the issues highlighted in the site analysis,     | $\bigcirc$ |         |
|                                    | atures, minimising potential impacts to neighbours and      | _          |         |
|                                    | ighbourhood character. Respond to constraints including     | NR         | Sat Sat |
| road noise from the Olympic H      |   |            |         |
|                                    | Ŭ ,   |            |         |
| P8 Minimise changes to the na      | atural landform, especially in environmentally sensitive or | $\circ$    |         |
| visually prominent areas.          |   | _          |         |
|                                    |   | NR         | Sat Sat |
| P9 Visual and acoustic privacy     | are important for good residential amenity. When            | $\circ$    |         |
|                                    | care should be exercised to ensure that impacts on the      | _          |         |
|                                    | ents is minimised when designing new development and        | NR         | Sat Sat |
| to ensure the privacy of occup     |   |            |         |
| . , , .                            | '   |            |         |
| P10 Provide an attractive stree    | et address that integrates the public and private domain    |            | 0       |
| through landscaping and attraction |   |            |         |
|                                    | · ·   | NR         | Sat Sat |
| Site context and layout            |   | •          |         |
| _                                  |   |            |         |
| O1 Encourage site                  | C1 Incorporate site characteristics such as trees,          | 0          |         |
| responsive development that        | changes in level or rock outcrops as features within the    | _          |         |
| is compatible with existing or     | site layout.  | NR         | Sat Sat |
| desired built form.                |   |            |         |
|                                    | C2 Integrate access, landscaping and services in the        | 0          |         |
| O2 Facilitate sustainable          | site layout, avoiding "left over" or wasted spaces.         | _          |         |
| development through passive        |   | NR         | Sat Sat |
| solar design.                      | C3 Orient dwellings so that living areas face north with    |            | 0       |
|                                    | direct connection to private open space.                    |            |         |
| O3 Integrate landscaping           |   | NR         | Sat Sat |
| and built form.                    | C4 Facilitate natural cross ventilation within dwellings    |            | 0       |
|                                    | through the considered location of windows and doors.       |            |         |
| O4 Discourage use of               |   | NR         | Sat Sat |
| predetermined design               | C5 Maximise natural surveillance of common areas by         |            | 0       |
| concepts.                          | orienting living areas with views over common spaces.       |            |         |
|                                    |   | NR         | Sat     |

| OS Protect the visual amenity of the natural ridgelines and historical landscapes.  Streetscape Refer to WWDCP 2010 Sections 9.2.2 and 9.2.3.  Corner lots and secondary facades Refer to WWDCP 2010 Section 9.2.3.  Sloping sites  O1 Encourage site responsive development.  O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.  Land area per dwelling  O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, leadscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Slop responsive feer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.  Solar access (also refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010)  |                                |   |        |     |
|---|--------------------------------|---|--------|-----|
| Streetscape Refer to WWDCP 2010 Sections 9.2.2 and 9.2.3.  Corner lots and secondary facades Refer to WWDCP 2010 Section 9.2.3.  Sloping sites  O1 Encourage site responsive development. O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.  Land area per dwelling  O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space. O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established character of established residential areas. O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   | O5 Protect the visual amenity  | C6 Any future development visible from the Olympic    |        |     |
| Streetscape Refer to WWDCP 2010 Sections 9.2.2 and 9.2.3.  Corner lots and secondary facades Refer to WWDCP 2010 Section 9.2.3.  Sloping sites  O1 Encourage site responsive development.  O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.  Land area per dwelling  O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development thatterns that are compatible with the established character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   | of the natural ridgelines and  |   |        |     |
| Streetscape Refer to WWDCP 2010 Sections 9.2.2 and 9.2.3.  Corner lots and secondary facades Refer to WWDCP 2010 Section 9.2.3.  Sloping sites  O1 Encourage site responsive development. O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.  Land area per dwelling  O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, clanscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   |                                |   | NR     | Sat |
| Corner lots and secondary facades Refer to WWDCP 2010 Section 9.2.3.  Sloping sites  O1 Encourage site responsive development.  O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.  Land area per dwelling  O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.  | mstoricarianuscapes.           | Thighway and preserve natural areas.                  |        |     |
| Corner lots and secondary facades Refer to WWDCP 2010 Section 9.2.3.  Sloping sites  O1 Encourage site responsive development.  O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.  Land area per dwelling  O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.  | Streetscane Refer to WWDC      | 2010 Sections 9.2.2 and 9.2.3                         |        |     |
| Sloping sites  O1 Encourage site responsive development.  O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.  Land area per dwelling  O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  C1 Use pier, split level or suspended floor designs on sloping suspended floor designs on sloping suspended floor designs on sloping sites.  C1 Use pier, split level or suspended floor designs on sloping sites.  C1 Use pier, split level or suspended floor designs on sloping sites.  C1 The minimum development area is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.2 a in the WWDCP 2010.  NR Sat  C2 On larger sites the land area per dwelling may be distributed to provide a range of lot sizes, and to respond to site conditions and context. | Streetscape Refer to WWDOI     | 2010 Occions 9.2.2 and 9.2.5.                         |        |     |
| O1 Encourage site responsive development.  O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.  Land area per dwelling  O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  C1 Use pier, split level or suspended floor designs on sloping sites.  C1 Use pier, split level or suspended floor designs on sloping sites.  C1 Use pier, split level or suspended floor designs on sloping sites.  C1 The minimum development area is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.2a in the WWDCP 2010.  NR Sat  C2 On larger sites the land area per dwelling may be distributed to provide a range of lot sizes, and to respond to site conditions and context.   | Corner lots and secondary f    | acades Refer to WWDCP 2010 Section 9.2.3.             |        |     |
| sloping sites.  O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.  Land area per dwelling  O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   | Sloping sites                  |   |        |     |
| sloping sites.  O2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.  Land area per dwelling  O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.  | O1 Encourage site              | C1 Use pier split level or suspended floor designs on |        |     |
| C2 Encourage building design that is appropriate to the site conditions.  C1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  C2 On larger sites the land area per dwelling may be distributed to provide a range of lot sizes, and to respond to site conditions and context.  C2 On larger sites the land area per dwelling may be distributed to provide a range of lot sizes, and to respond to site conditions and context.  Sat  C2 On larger sites the land area per dwelling may be distributed to provide a range of lot sizes, and to respond to site conditions and context.  Sat  Sat  C3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   |                                |   |        |     |
| Land area per dwelling  O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  C1 The minimum development area is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.2a in the WWDCP 2010.  NR Sat  C2 On larger sites the land area per dwelling may be distributed to provide a range of lot sizes, and to respond to site conditions and context.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   | responsive development.        | Sloping sites.  | NR     | Sat |
| Land area per dwelling  O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  C1 The minimum development area is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.2a in the WWDCP 2010.  NR Sat  C2 On larger sites the land area per dwelling may be distributed to provide a range of lot sizes, and to respond to site conditions and context.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   | O2 Encourage building          |   |        |     |
| Land area per dwelling  O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  C1 The minimum development area is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.2a in the WWDCP 2010.  NR Sat  C2 On larger sites the land area per dwelling may be distributed to provide a range of lot sizes, and to respond to site conditions and context.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.  |                                |   |        |     |
| Land area per dwelling  O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  C1 The minimum development area is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.2a in the WWDCP 2010.  NR Sat  C2 On larger sites the land area per dwelling may be distributed to provide a range of lot sizes, and to respond to site conditions and context.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   |                                |   |        |     |
| O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  C1 The minimum development area is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.2a in the WWDCP 2010.  NR Sat  C2 On larger sites the land area per dwelling may be distributed to provide a range of lot sizes, and to respond to site conditions and context.  Sat  Sat  Sat  Sat  Sat  Sat  Sat  S  | the site conditions.           |   |        |     |
| O1 Ensure adequate area to provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  C1 The minimum development area is to be in accordance with Table 9.3.2a in the WWDCP 2010.  NR Sat  C2 On larger sites the land area per dwelling may be distributed to provide a range of lot sizes, and to respond to site conditions and context.  Sat  Sat  Sat  Sat  Sat  Sat  Sat  S  |                                |   |        |     |
| provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   | Land area per dwelling         |   |        |     |
| provide separation between buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   | O1 Ensure adequate area to     | C1 The minimum development area is to be in           |        |     |
| buildings, landscaping and private open space.  O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   |                                |   |        |     |
| C2 On larger sites the land area per dwelling may be distributed to provide a range of lot sizes, and to respond to site conditions and context.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.  |                                | docordance with rable c.c.2a in the WVD of 2010.      | NR     | Sat |
| O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   |                                | C2 On larger sites the land area per dwelling may be  |        |     |
| O2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   | private open space.            |   |        |     |
| D2 Maintain development patterns that are compatible with the established character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   |                                |   | NR     | Sat |
| with the established character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.  |                                | respond to site conditions and context.               | 7 47 3 |     |
| character of established residential areas.  O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   |                                |   |        |     |
| O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.  | with the established           |   |        |     |
| O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.  | character of established       |   |        |     |
| O3 Encourage maximum utilisation of land in the R3 Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.  | residential areas.             |   |        |     |
| Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   |                                |   |        |     |
| Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   | O3 Encourage maximum           |   |        |     |
| Zone.  Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   |                                |   |        |     |
| Site cover Refer to Section 9.3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.  |                                |   |        |     |
|   | ZONE.                          |   |        |     |
|   | <b>D</b> ( 1 0 " 0             | 0.0. (1) MANADOR 0040                                 |        |     |
| Solar access (also refer to Section 9.3.4 of the WWDCP 2010)  | Site cover Refer to Section 9. | 3.2 of the WWDCP 2010.                                |        |     |
| Solar access (also refer to Section 9.3.4 of the WWDCP 2010)  |                                |   |        |     |
|   | Solar access (also refer to Se | ection 9.3.4 of the WWDCP 2010)                       |        |     |

| O1 Ensure that the amenity of the occupants is achieved by designing so that they receive adequate daylight and natural ventilation to habitable rooms and sunlight to private open space areas.  O2 Maintain reasonable | C1 For single dwellings, dual occupancies, secondary dwellings & shop top housing the windows to the main internal living area and at least half the private open space are to receive a minimum 3 hours direct sunlight between 9am and 3pm in mid-winter (June 22). | NR NR | Sat        |  |
|--|---|-------|------------|--|
| sunlight access to adjoining   |   |       |            |  |
| properties.  |   |       |            |  |
| Drivete open open Pefer to   | Section 9.3.5 of the WWDCP 2010.  |       |            |  |
| Private open space Reler to s  | Section 9.3.3 of the WWDCP 2010.  |       |            |  |
| Front setbacks Refer to Secti  | on 9.3.6 of the WWDCP 2010.   |       |            |  |
|  |   |       |            |  |
| Side and rear setbacks Refe  | r to Section 9.3.7 of the WWDCP 2010.   |       |            |  |
| Duilding clamanta Defeate C  | action 0.4.4 of the MANDOD 2040   |       |            |  |
| Building elements Refer to S   | ection 9.4.1 of the WWDCP 2010.   |       |            |  |
| Materials and finishes Refer   | to Section 9.4.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   |       |            |  |
|  |   |       |            |  |
| Privacy Refer to Section 9.4.  | 3 of the WWDCP 2010.  |       |            |  |
| Company and distriction Defe   | The Continue O A A of the MANDOD 2040   |       |            |  |
| Garages and driveways Rele   | er to Section 9.4.4 of the WWDCP 2010.  |       |            |  |
| Site facilities Refer to Section   | 9.4.5 of the WWDCP 2010.  |       |            |  |
|  |   |       |            |  |
| Landscaping Refer to Section   | ns 2.4 and 5.2 of the WWDCP 2010.   | ·     |            |  |
|  |   |       |            |  |
| Fencing  |   |       |            |  |
| O1 Protect the visual amenity  | C1 Dwellings adjoining open space must front the  |       | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| and aesthetics of the locality   | open space, and fencing must include only 600mm   | A / 5 | •          |  |
| by encouraging fencing that  | solid or transparent material.  | NR    | Sat        |  |
| is in context with the location.   |   |       |            |  |

| O2 Provide fencing which achieves appropriate visual and physical separation | C2 Rural style fencing post and wire shall be used for any dwelling adjoining land zoned C4 Environmental Living.   | NR NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|--|---|-------|----------|--|
| between private and public land.   | C3 Lots that have secondary frontage to Farrer Road require screen landscaping of their side boundary to ensure suitable visual presentation to and privacy from Farrer Road. | NR NR | Sat      |  |

## 15 Lloyd Urban Release Area

| Topography and landscape   | character   |       |          |  |
|--|---|-------|----------|--|
| O1 Protect the landscape character of Lloyd and land immediately abutting it by means of appropriate landscape separation.  O2 Encourage subdivision and development to create | C5 The landscaped buffer strip established as part of the Deed of Agreement, shall be replenished by the owner of the affected allotment, to replace any identified lost plantings on affected allotments to the south of stages 14 and 15. The works shall be completed prior to the release of the subdivision certificate.   | NR    | Sat      |  |
| vistas on the lower slopes<br>where possible.  | C6 A covenant shall be created over all allotments containing the landscaped buffer strip as required under the terms of the Deed of Agreement including all the lots west of Indigo Drive and the area immediately north of Senna Place, (shown shaded on Figure 3) which do not fall within the Lloyd Urban Release Area. The covenants shall be created over the subject allotments requiring the ongoing maintenance of the landscaped buffer by the landowner. | NR NR | O<br>Sat |  |
|  | For all lots located immediately north of Senna Place and immediately south of the boundary of the Lloyd Urban Release Area (see shaded area west of Indigo Drive on Figure 3), in addition to the provisions of the Deed of Agreement referred to in C4 above, all   |       |          |  |

|  | provisions elsewhere in this DCP applying to land zoned R5 Large Lot Residential, apply.   |         |     |  |  |  |
|--|--|---------|-----|--|--|--|
| Environmental conservation and natural resources management  |  |         |     |  |  |  |
| O1 Ensure trees and vegetation contributing to the environmental and amenity value of the locality and   | C1 All development requiring development consent is to be in accordance with the Lloyd Urban Release Area Conservation Management Plan.  | O<br>NR | Sat |  |  |  |
| region are preserved.  O2 Maintain and enhance the ecological values of  | C2 All construction and management activities are to be in accordance with the Lloyd Urban Release Area Conservation Management Plan recommendations.  | O<br>NR | Sat |  |  |  |
| waterways and wetlands, including water quality, stream integrity, biodiversity and habitat, within the Lloyd Urban Release area.  | C3 Development applications in the area zoned R1 General Residential are to identify and set aside for protection and management the trees in the area of identified Squirrel Glider habitat falling outside the C2 zone at Lloyd (shown in Figure 4 and 5).   | O<br>NR | Sat |  |  |  |
| O3 Maintain and enhance riparian buffers to preserve the environmental values associated with waterway and wetlands, having specific regard to fauna and flora habitats and ecosystems, stream integrity (including erosion management), land use impacts and recreational/visual amenity.  O4 Protect and manage biodiversity in and adjacent to urban areas. | C4 In addition to complying with the requirements of the Companion Animals Act 1998, owners of domestic cats resident in the Lloyd Urban release area to manage their cats so that they are not to roam freely outdoors between sunset and sunrise. In this regard Council will, as a condition of development consent, require the imposition of a Section 88B Restriction On Use for all residential subdivisions within the Lloyd Urban Release Area. | O<br>NR | Sat |  |  |  |
| Biodiversity Certification Report.  Salinity Management  |  |         |     |  |  |  |

| O1 Encourage Salinity Sensitive Urban Design.  O2 Minimise the volume of surface water subject to infiltration and subsequent deep drainage by maximising surface water drainage across the entire Lloyd area. | C2 Development on land zoned R1 General<br>Residential within the Lloyd Urban Release Area must<br>conform with the 80:20 impervious to pervious<br>development ratio (see Appendix 2 map).   | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|--|---|---------|-----|--|
|  | C5 All impervious areas on individual house lots must be drained into the internal stormwater system and directed to the piped stormwater system.   | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
| O3 Minimise earthwork based disturbance to existing  | C11 Built features must be drained to stormwater rather than to lawn or other pervious areas.   | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
| undeveloped areas.   | C12 All planned and future impervious areas included in the 80:20 ratio (impervious : pervious) are to be drained to stormwater.  | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|  | C17 Gardens calculated towards impervious surface in the release area must have an impervious liner and be drained to Council's storm water system.   | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|  | C18 Residential development within the release area must feature predominantly native or 'water wise' gardens to help reduce urban recharge significantly OR the use of rock style gardens utilising low water use plant varieties as an alternative 'water wise' option where the garden is calculated towards pervious surface. | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|  | C19 Rock gardens and similar decorative gardens are to have impervious liners drained to the storm water system.  | O<br>NR | Sat |  |
|  | C20 All gardens and landscaping should be constructed and maintained using the landscaping and garden design guidelines available from the Council and approved for the Lloyd release area. The guidelines demonstrate how the 80:20 rule can be  | O<br>NR | Sat |  |

|  | maintained for the minimising of infiltration of water to the groundwater table.  |         |          |  |  |
|--|---|---------|----------|--|--|
|  | C21 Fixed irrigation systems between the front property boundary and the road reserve are not permitted. This area is to be impervious and will not require watering.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |  |
|  | C22 Grey water reuse systems are not appropriate within the Lloyd urban release area.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |  |
| Bushfire Management in Llo   | yd  |         |          |  |  |
| O1 Ensure appropriate relationships between asset protection zones on                              | C1 Asset Protection Zones are to be wholly within the development lot.  | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |  |
| residential land that adjoins land zoned for Environmental Conservation.  O2 Avoid adverse impacts | C2 If the Asset Protection Zone cannot be located wholly within the Residential zone, the APZ can extend into the C2 zone provided that that no trees are removed in that zone.   | NR NR   | Sat      |  |  |
| from adjoining development on land in the C2 Environmental Conservation zone.                      | C3 The location of building envelopes within Residential zones that adjoin Environmental Protection zones must consider the potential impact of the associated asset protection zone (APZ) on the adjacent C2 zone.         | NR NR   | Sat      |  |  |
| Acoustic Environment   |   |         |          |  |  |
| O1 Avoid adverse impacts from road or rail noise.  | C1 Dwellings must be set back at least 60m from the centre line of the Great Southern Railway line, and must be set back at least 40m from the centre line of Red Hill Road, as shown by the Open Space plan in Appendix 3. | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |  |
| Site cover and landscaped area   |   |         |          |  |  |

| O1 Achieve a site cover of<br>80:20 impermeable to<br>permeable ratio required to  | C1 Site cover on all land zoned R1 is to achieve a minimum impermeable to permeable material ratio of 80:20, based on the various controls in this section.   | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
|--|---|---------|----------|--|
| minimise infiltration of water to groundwater and thereby reduce salinity impacts. | C2 The large R1 zoned buffer lots in the western edge of the release area (adjoining Red Hill Road and the Great Southern Rail Line) and at the south western abutment of the Lloyd Urban Release Area with the R5 zoned land of Glenoak, are to have a maximum 1,000m2 development envelope nominated which will be requires to meet the 80:20 calculation. The remaining land, provided it is planted to 100% with native vegetation, will not be included in the 80:20 calculation as its infiltration rate will be the same or lower than the pre-development land.   | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |
|  | C3 Building envelopes shall be nominated on all lots within the R5 Large Lot Residential zone. No building envelopes shall encroach on any of the following:  • Existing or proposed service easements,  • An area that will require the removal of existing trees,  • Setbacks identified for the purposes of noise buffering,  • Land situated above the 280 metre AHD contour, unless the building envelope can be serviced with reticulated water and individual approval for each envelope has been obtained from the water supply authority in this regard,  • Land within 10 metres of the front boundary of the allotment or land within 10 metres of another building envelope, or  • Bushfire prone land. | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |
|  | C4 The principles, objectives and controls of Section 9 apply to residential development in the Lloyd Urban Release area. Where the principles, objectives and controls of Section 9 are inconsistent with this section, this section shall prevail.  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |

### 16 Gobbagombalin Urban Release Area

|  | e Character, views and setting  |         |          |  |
|--|---|---------|----------|--|
| O1 To require new development to respond to site features including topography, ridgelines and vegetation.     | C8 All native trees within residential lots must be retained, or offset planting carried out at the rate indicated in the Natural Resource Management section (page 15) of this Chapter.  | O<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| O2 To avoid adverse impact upon all land with development limitations.   | C9 Lots adjoining land zoned C2 should be of sufficient size that a dwelling and other buildings can be located where they will not be at risk of damage from falling trees or limbs from within the C2 zone.   | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |
| Heritage Conservation  |   |         |          |  |
| O1 To protect Aboriginal cultural heritage values by responding to the archaeological sensitivity of the site. | C5 All other heritage items must comply with the relevant controls in Section 3 of WWDCP 2010.  | ●<br>NR | Sat      |  |
| Open Space, parks and the  | public domain   |         |          |  |
| O2 To provide open space areas with natural surveillance from surrounding dwellings.                           | C4 Dwellings adjoining an open space (other than those next to Harris Road) must front the open space and shall have the following restrictions enforced by a s88B instrument:  (i) Erect a fence along the boundary shared with the open space having:  (a) a height of not greater than 1.5m;  (b) not less than 50% of open/see through construction | NR NR   | Sat      |  |
|  | C5 Lots adjoining Harris Road shall be at least,<br>1000sqm in size and have the following restrictions<br>enforced by a s88B instrument:   | NR NR   | O<br>Sat |  |

|                            | <ul> <li>(i) Erect a fence along the boundary shared with Harris Road having: <ul> <li>(a) a height not greater than 1.5m;</li> <li>(b) not less than 50% of open/see through construction</li> <li>(ii) No dwelling shall be located within 10m of the Harris Road boundary.</li> <li>(iii) All dwellings must have a ground floor verandah, porch, patio, pergola or deck on the side facing Harris Road.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |       |     |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|-------|-----|--|--|
|                            | C6 Dwellings adjoining Harris Road must have a secondary frontage that: (i) Includes a verandah, porch, patio, pergola or deck no closer than 3m of the Harris Road boundary. (ii) Sheds and garages must not be located in the 10m dwelling setback   | NR NR | Sat |  |  |
| Residential Development Re | Residential Development Refer to Section 9 of the WWDCP 2010.  |       |     |  |  |